## Landmarks

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# PAH (Planning and Games)

M.Štolba (PAH)

Landmarks

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Overview

### **Planners and Heuristics**

Planner	Heuristic(s)	Description	Admissible
FF	FF	Sub-optimal relaxed plan	NO
fd-ms	Merge&Shrink	Abstraction heuristic	YES
fd-Imcut	LM-Cut	Relaxation heuristic based on landmarks	YES
LAMA	FF + Landmarks	FF and Landmark heuristic	NO
mercury	Red-Black relaxation	Sub-optimal plan in partial relaxation	NO
symba	Abstraction	Regressively built abstraction	YES

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Landmarks

### **Action Landmark**

#### Definition

Action that must be used in all plans.

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## **Disjunctive Action Landmark**

#### Definition

Set *L* of actions such that in each plan at least one  $a \in L$  must be used.

Definition

$$cost(L) = \min_{a \in L} cost(a)$$

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## **Disjunctive Action Landmark**

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- Admissible landmark-based heuristic
- Lower estimate of optimal relaxed plan
- Using disjunctive action landmarks, for a set  $\mathscr{L}$  of landmarks:

$$h_{\mathsf{LM-Cut}} = \sum_{L \in \mathscr{L}} \mathsf{cost}(L)$$

How to find the landmarks

- 1. Find preconditions which justify the cost of actions
  - ► Using *h*<sub>max</sub>:

 $h_{\max}(p) = \min_{\substack{p \in \operatorname{add}(a)}} h_{\max}(a) + \operatorname{cost}(a)$  $h_{\max}(a) = \max_{\substack{p \in \operatorname{pre}(a)}} h_{\max}(p)$ 

- 2. Construct a justification graph using only those preconditions
- 3. Find a cut in the justification graph
- 4. The cut forms a disjunctive action landmark
- 5. **Discount the cost** of the landmark from the costs of all actions in the landmark
  - Results in a cost-partitioning
- 6. Start all over again (with the modified costs)
  - Until  $h_{\max}(g) = 0$

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How to find the cut

- ► In the justification graph *J*:
  - 1. Find all facts p from which g is reachable by a 0-cost path  $ightarrow V_g$
  - 2. Find all facts p' reachable from *i* without visiting a fact in  $V^*$
  - 3. Edges between facts in  $V^*$  and  $V_g$  form the cut

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