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https://cyber.felk.cvut.cz/research/groups-teams/humanoids/

Overview

- Subject description:
 - B3M33HRO Humanoidní roboti / BE3M33HRO Humanoid robots
- Course website and rules of the game:
 - https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/hro/start
- Literature and resources:
 - lectures and lecture slides
 - https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/hro/literature

Team

Lectures

Matěj Hoffmann





https://cyber.felk.cvut.cz/research/groups-teams/humanoids/

Labs

Lukáš Rustler



Shubhan Patni



Tomáš Chaloupecký Jason Khoury





What is a robot?

any **automatically** operated machine that **replaces human effort**, though it **may not resemble human beings** in
appearance or perform functions in a humanlike manner.
https://www.britannica.com/technology/robot-technology

a machine that **resembles a living creature** in being capable of moving independently (as by walking or rolling on wheels) and performing complex actions (such as grasping and moving objects)

often: such a machine built to resemble a human being or animal in appearance and behavior

https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/robot

What Is a Robot?* By Rodney Brooks

Shall I compare thee to creatures of God?
Thou art more simple and yet more remote.
You move about, but still today, a clod,
You sense and act but don't see or emote.

You make fast maps with laser light all spread, Then compare shapes to object libraries, And quickly plan a path, to move ahead, Then roll and touch and grasp so clumsily.

You learn just the tiniest little bit, And start to show some low intelligence, But we, your makers, Gods not, we admit, All pledge to quest for genuine sentience.

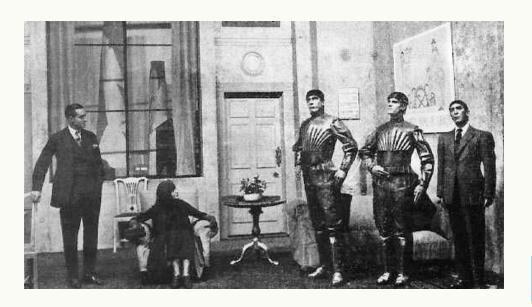
So long as mortals breathe, or eyes can see, We shall endeavor to give life to thee.

^{*} With thanks to William Shakespeare

History and etymology

The concept of artificial humans predates recorded history (see <u>automaton</u>), but the modern term *robot* derives from the Czech word *robota* ("forced labour" or "serf"), used in <u>Karel Čapek</u>'s play <u>R.U.R.</u> (1920). The play's robots were manufactured humans, heartlessly exploited by factory owners until they revolted and ultimately destroyed humanity.

https://www.britannica.com/technology/robot-technology



Automata in history

Year	Invention
1000BC	Talos
100AD	Early automata
1500s	Leonardo da Vinci's Mechanical Lion
1580s	Rabbi Loew's Golem
1700s	Pierre Jaquet-Droz' Writing automaton
1738	Jacques de Vaucanson Mechanical Duck
1816	Mary Shelley
1833	Babbage's difference engines
1926	Metropolis: Maria
1961	George Devol's Unimate



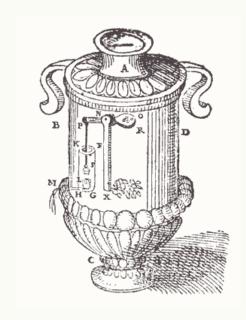


Talos (Τάλως)

From Greek mythology - a giant automaton made of bronze to protect Europa in Crete from pirates and invaders. He circled the island's shores three times daily.

Automata in history

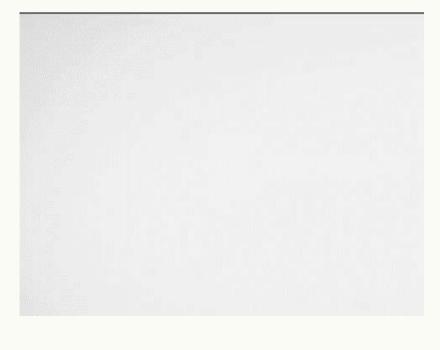
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Heron of Alexandria: the world's first vending machine dispensed holy water. Temple visitors would insert a coin into Heron's machine that would fall onto a lever which would open a valve and let water flow out.

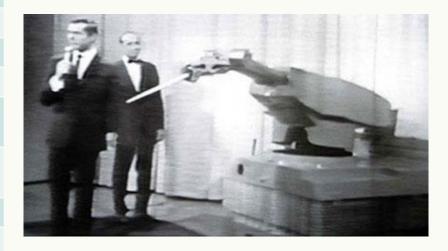
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"Robots" in History

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The First Commercial Robot (Unimate, 1961)



Why humanoid robots?

Humans are so good...
"Moreover, humans are generalists with the ability to perform a wide variety of distinct tasks. Roboticists would like to create robots with comparable versatility and skill.... Exactly what to borrow from the human example is controversial."

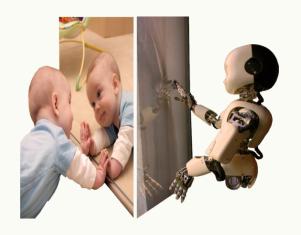
"The pleasing mirror. Humans are humanity's favorite subject." "People are highly attuned to human characteristics."

Human-like interaction.
Communication...



Fig. 56.1 The humanoid robot HRP-1S driving a backhoe (Courtesy of Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Tokyu Construction and AIST). The robot can be teleoperated by a human operator to control the backhoe remotely. The same robot could potentially interface with many different unmodified machines

Human
environments.
Stairs, doors, tables,
human tools...
Humanoids vs.
specialized machines
and drive-by-wire....

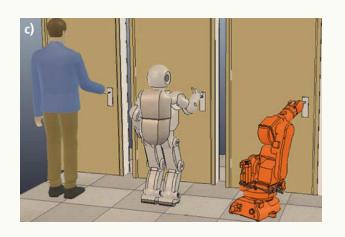


Test-bed for theories from psychology and neuroscience.
Understanding (human) intelligence by building.

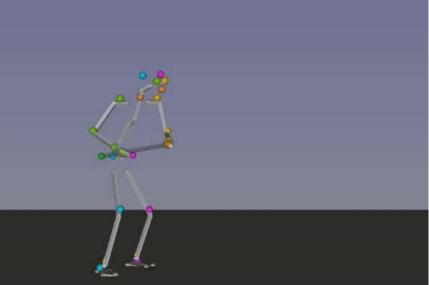
Why humanoid robots (cont.)?

Learning from humans

Billard, A. G., Calinon, S., & Dillmann, R. (2016). Learning from humans. Springer handbook of robotics, 1995-2014.







Robots and humans

Robots and Humans

Front Matter

Pages 1789-1789

Humanoids

Paul Fitzpatrick, Kensuke Harada, Charles C. Kemp, Yoshio Matsumoto, Kazuhito Yokoi, Eiichi Yoshida Pages 1789-1818

Human Motion Reconstruction

Katsu Yamane, Wataru Takano Pages 1819-1834

Physical Human-Robot Interaction

Sami Haddadin, Elizabeth Croft Pages 1835-1874

Human-Robot Augmentation

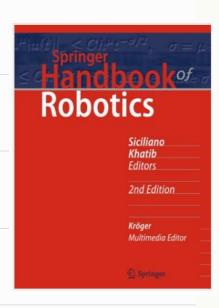
Massimo Bergamasco, Hugh Herr Pages 1875-1906

Cognitive Human-Robot Interaction

Bilge Mutlu, Nicholas Roy, Selma Šabanović Pages 1907-1934

Social Robotics

Cynthia Breazeal, Kerstin Dautenhahn, Takayuki Kanda Pages 1935-1972



Socially Assistive Robotics

Maja J. Matarić, Brian Scassellati Pages 1973-1994

Learning from Humans

Aude G. Billard, Sylvain Calinon, Rüdiger Dillmann Pages 1995-2014

Biologically Inspired Robotics

Fumiya Iida, Auke Jan Ijspeert Pages 2015-2034

Evolutionary Robotics

Stefano Nolfi, Josh Bongard, Phil Husbands, Dario Floreano Pages 2035-2068

Neurorobotics: From Vision to Action

Patrick van der Smagt, Michael A. Arbib, Giorgio Metta Pages 2069-2094

Perceptual Robotics

Heinrich Bülthoff, Christian Wallraven, Martin A. Giese Pages 2095-2114

Robotics for Education

David P. Miller, Illah Nourbakhsh Pages 2115-2134

Roboethics: Social and Ethical Implications

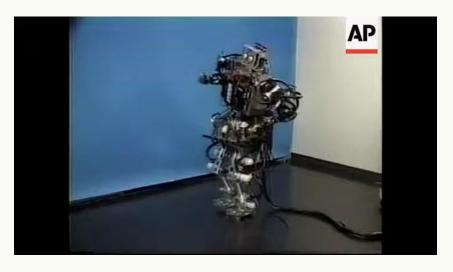
Gianmarco Veruggio, Fiorella Operto, George Bekey Pages 2135-2160

Humanoid robots - history

Humanoid robots - history - WABOT

• 1973 – WABOT-1 - Ichiro Kato et al. @ Waseda University

"The WABOT robots integrated functions that have been under constant elaboration since: visual object recognition, speech generation, speech recognition, bimanual object manipulation, and bipedal walking."



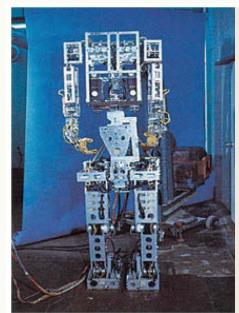




Fig. 67.8 (a) WABOT-1 (1973) and **(b)** WABOT-2 (1984; courtesy Humanoid Robotics Institute, Waseda University)

check also https://robots.ieee.org/robots/

https://youtu.be/E9PyANzjeoY

Humanoid robots - history - Honda ASIMO

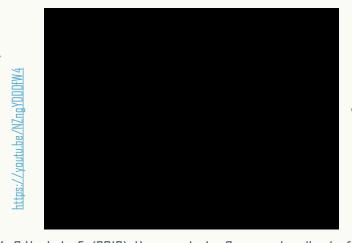
- Honda project, i.e. not a university project
- Started in 1986 as a confidential project to create a humanoid biped.
- In 1996, Honda unveiled the Honda Humanoid P2
 - first full-scale humanoid capable of stable bipedal walking with onboard power and processing
- leap forward in sturdiness, using specially cast lightweight high-rigidity mechanical links, and harmonic drives with high torque capacity.







Fig. 67.9 (a) Honda P2 (180 cm tall, 210 kg), **(b)** P3 (160 cm, 130 kg), and **(c)** advanced step in innovative mobility (glossnoidx-ASIMOadvanced step in innovative mobility) (120 cm, 43 kg) (after [67.31]; courtesy Honda)



Note: anthropomorphization

Humanoid robots – present Humanoid robots – immediate past

DARPA Robotics Challenge (DRC) (2012-2015)

- aimed to develop semi-autonomous ground robots that could do "complex tasks in dangerous, degraded, human-engineered environments"
- 7/18 teams with Atlas (Boston Dynamics)



https://youtu.be/g0TaYhjpOfo

Alternative designs



Winner: KAIST – DRC Hubo https://youtu.be/H3PptkxA5CU

3rd – CHIMP CMU Tartan Rescue https://youtu.be/Wi2WsPUYDoY

DARPA Robotics Challenge





Pls: Tony Stentz, Alonzo Kelly, Herman Herman, Eric Meyhofer Systems Lead: David Stager

DARPA PM: Dr. Gill Pratt

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Atlas (Boston dynamics)



Atrias (Oregon State U., J. Hurst)



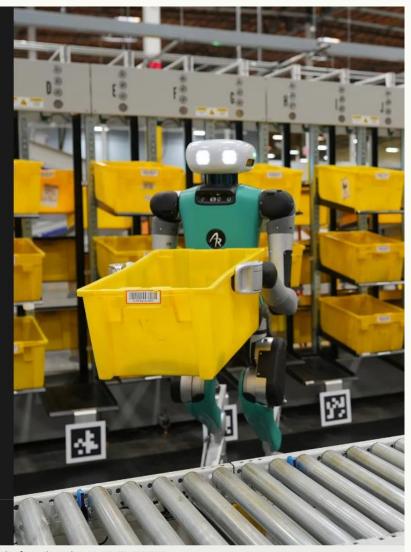
Humanoid robots - present

Atlas (Boston dynamics)



HUMANOID ROBOTS ARE GETTING TO WORK

Humanoids from Agility Robotics and seven other companies vie for jobs



BY EVAN ACKERMAN
30 DEC 2023 | 7 MIN READ |

⊠ 8 X f in

Agility Robotics' Digit carries an empty tote to a conveyor in an Amazon research and development warehouse. AGILITY ROBOTICS

Digit - Human-centric vs. humanoid



From robots replacing people...

D³ = Dull, Dirty, and Dangerous tasks [Gill Pratt]

Increase of automation leads to increase of productivity



...to people helping robots...



D³ = Dull, Dirty, and Dangerous tasks [Gill Pratt]

Increase of collaboration leads to increase of productivity





...or robots helping people

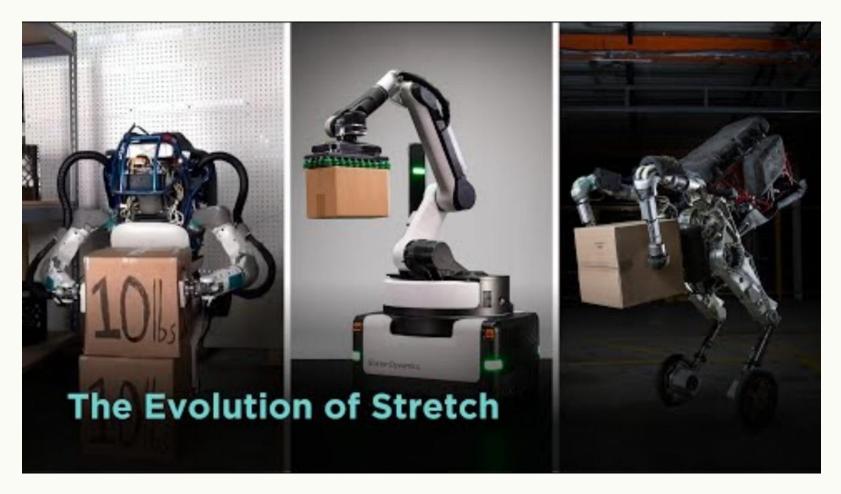






Stretch

- Boston Dynamics product (unlike Atlas)
- · less human-centric & humanoid...



Mass production of humanoids

TECH

Agility Robotics is opening a humanoid robot factory, beating Tesla to the punch

PUBLISHED MON, SEP 18 2023-11:27 AM EDT | UPDATED MON, SEP 18 2023-1:34 PM EDT











- Agility Robotics is opening a first-of-its-kind factory in Salem, Oregon where it will
 mass produce a line of humanoid robots called Digit.
- The new factory, which Agility has dubbed the RoboFab, will produce up to 10,000 units a year and employ 500 people, according to COO Aindrea Campbell, formerly Apple's senior director of iPad operations.
- Digit was designed to function as a "robotic co-worker" that can maneuver around warehouses and factories, traversing steps or crouching into small spaces.



TRENDING NOW



Barclays announc strategic



Russian de Russian de treason; North Ko luxury ca



Capital C Discover Services



Disney st CEO: Brid launches startup b



Magnific exceed a country i Tech / Tech Trends

World's first mass-produced humanoid robot? China start-up Fourier Intelligence eyes two-legged robots with AI brains

- The Shanghai-based company plans to begin mass production of its GR-1 robot by end of 2023 and deliver thousands of units next year
- · Fourier hopes to collaborate with major Al companies to work on the 'brain' of its bipedal robot

☐ Listen to this article ▶

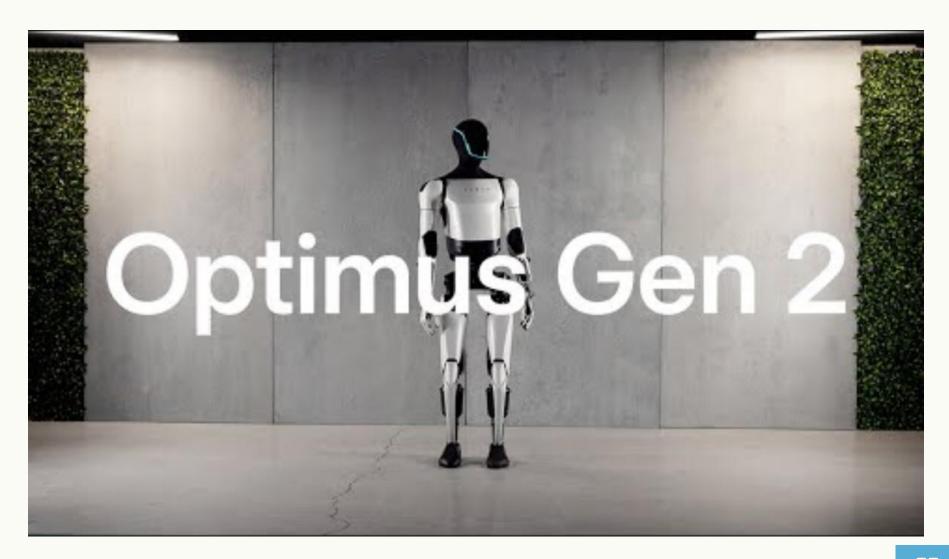


T Why you can trust SCMP



Fourier Intelligence's GR-1 robot walks past the company logo at its headquarters in Shanghai. Photo: Handout

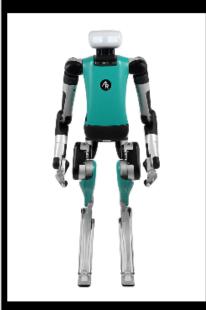
Tesla bot / Optimus



Robots to Look for in 2024

Digit

Agility Robotics



Digit is most accurately described as "bipedal" rather than "humanoid." It has two legs, but its legs look more like those of an ostrich rather than a human's. This is a side effect of Agility's design process, the goal of which was to maximize the efficiency and robustness of legged locomotion.

Apollo

Apptronik



Apptronik has worked on more than half a dozen humanoid robots over the past eight years, including NASA's Valkyrie. Apollo is the culmination of all this experience and is designed for manufacturability. Apptronik plans to field its robots in 10 pilot projects in 2024, with a full commercial release of Apollo in 2025.

Neo

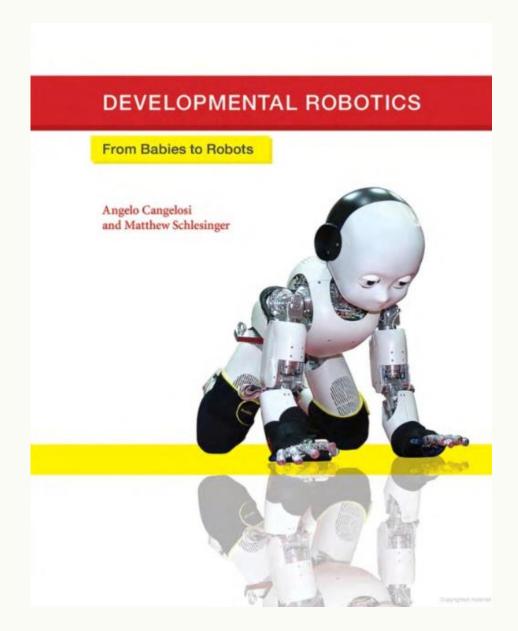
1X Technologies



IX's soft, tendon-based robot is designed to have very low inertia with the goal of building a robot that's safe for humans to be around. The robot will weigh just 30 kilograms, with a carrying capacity of up to 20 kg. 1X, backed by OpenAI, hopes that Neo will become "an all-purpose android assistant to your daily life."

IEEE Spectrum

Baby humanoid robots

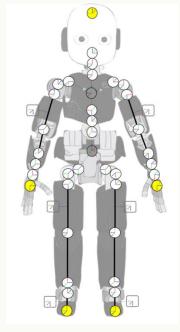


The iCub humanoid (2004 - now)

- Size of a 4 year old child
- Motor / proprioception (joint angles)
 - 53 DOF



- cca 4000 pressuresensitive tactile elements (taxels) on the whole body
- Vision
 - 2 standard cameras in biomimetic DOF setup (pan, tilt, vergence)
- Force/torque sensors
- Inertial sensors
- Microphones...



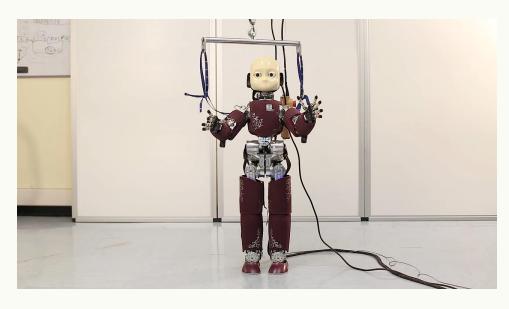


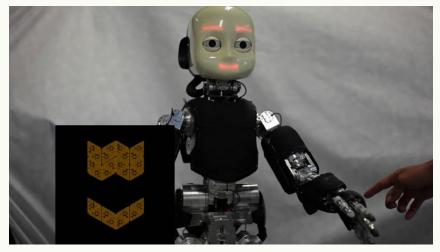


iCub (videos)

iCub youtube channel: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCXBFWo4IQFkSJBfqdNrE1cA

https://youtu.be/UPOLcElvwAO





https://youtu.be/pfse424t5mQ

iCub at the center of this course

Why?

- it is a universal versatile platform we can study kinematics, dynamics, reaching, grasping, gaze, walking, balancing, ...
- it is a standard research platform with 50 exemplars around the world (see https://robot-bazaar.iit.it/robots)
- it is open source; large collection of modules and

training materials available (https://github.com/robotology, https://github.com/vvv-school, https://github.com/icub-training)

it is available in our lab!

Educational and social robots

Nao robot (2008 - now)

- 2008, Aldebaran/Softbank
- Currently in V6
 Used as a unified platform for research, social HRI in particular
 Used also for robot football Robocup
 Allows easy control via Choregraphe



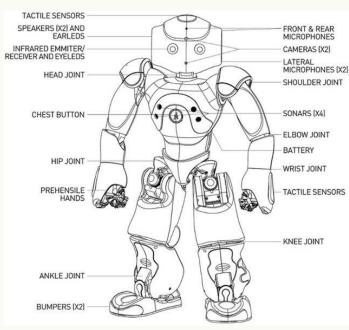


image courtesy of Softbank robotics

Pepper robot (2014 - now)

- Spiritual successor to Nao, 2014
 Humanoid robot aimed at social interaction
- More widely used in practice (e.g., stores) Similar basic design, equipment, and software

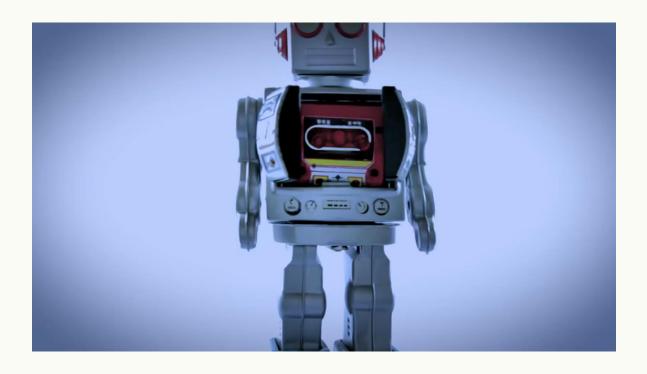
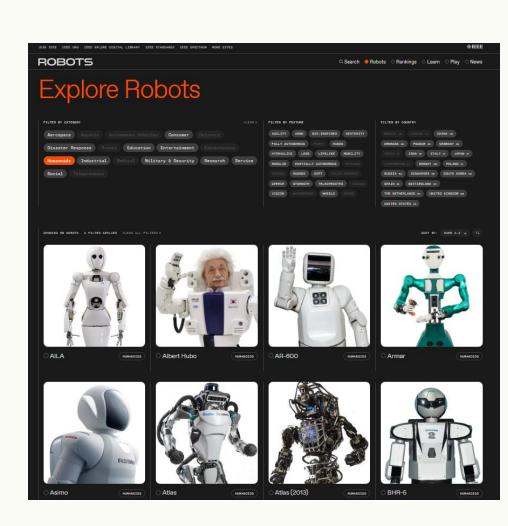




image courtesy of IEEE robots

Resources

- Nenchev, D. N., Konno, A., & Tsujita, T. (2018). Humanoid robots: Modeling and control. Butterworth-Heinemann.
 [LINK]
- Fitzpatrick, P., Harada, K., Kemp, C. C., Matsumoto, Y., Yokoi, K., & Yoshida, E. (2016). Humanoids. In Springer handbook of robotics (pp. 1789-1818). Springer, Cham.
- Slides from Alessandro
 Roncone @ University of
 Colorado Boulder
 (Introduction to Robotics and
 Physical Human-Robot
 Interaction).



https://robotsguide.com/