Humanoid robots - Social human-robot interaction

Doc. Mgr. Matěj Hoffmann, Ph.D.

Safe design for social HRI

Be so small and weak that you cannot possibly harm anyone...

Note: for iCub and Pepper, this is already not entirely true...



Fig.72.3a-d Examples of social robots inspired by animals with anthropomorphic qualities: (a) AIBO, the robotic dog developed by Sony (after [72.30]), (b) Paro, the therapeutic seal robot developed at AIST (after [72.31]), (c) Mel, the conversational robotic penguin developed at MERL (after [72.32]), and (d) Leonardo developed at the MIT Media Lab (after [72.33])

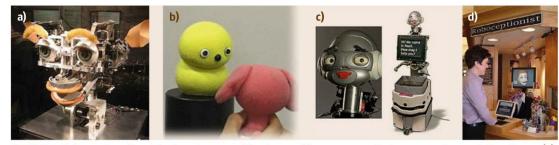


Fig.72.4a-d Examples of social robots that are neither humanoid nor zoomorphic but capture key social attributes: (a): Kismet (after [72.3]); (b) Keepon (after [72.34]); (c) Pearl (after [72.35]); (d) Valerie (after [72.36])

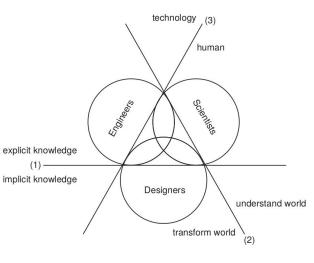
Breazeal, C., Dautenhahn, K., & Kanda, T. (2016). Social robotics. *Springer Handbook of Robotics*, 1935-1972.

HRI - physical or social (cognitive)?

- Physical HRI is about
 - robots doing physical work around / with humans
 - safety
- Social HRI
 - physical assistance too e.g. household chores
 - social interaction with human
 - engineering is only ¼ of the picture...



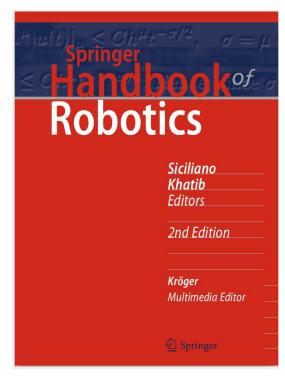
A selection of collaborative robots. Image credit: Robotiq.





Kismet (1997-2004), an early example of social human-robot interaction research from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. (Source: Daderot)

Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). *Human-robot interaction: An introduction*. Cambridge University Press.





Robots

Part G Robots and Humans

Ed. by Daniela Rus

67 Humanoids

Paul Fitzpatrick, Genoa, Italy Kensuke Harada, Tsukuba, Japan Charles C. Kemp, Atlanta, USA Yoshio Matsumoto, Tsukuba, Japan Kazuhito Yokoi, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan Elichi Yoshida, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan

68 Human Motion Reconstruction Katsu Yamane, Pittsburgh, USA Wataru Takano, Tokyo, Japan

69 Physical Human-Robot Interaction Sami Haddadin, Hannover, Germany Elizabeth Croft, Vancouver, Canada

70 Human-Robot Augmentation Massimo Bergamasco, Pisa, Italy Hugh Herr, Cambridge, USA

Cognitive Human-Robot Interaction Bilge Mutlu, Madison, USA Nicholas Roy, Cambridge, USA Selma Šabanović, Bloomington, USA

72 Social Robotics Cynthia Breazeal, Cambridge, USA Kerstin Dautenhahn, Hatfield, UK Takayuki Kanda, Kyoto, Japan

73 Socially Assistive Robotics Maja J. Matarić, Los Angeles, USA Brian Scassellati, New Haven, USA

74 Learning from Humans

Aude G. Billard, Lausanne, Switzerland Sylvain Calinon, Martigny, Switzerland Rüdiger Dillmann, Karlsruhe, Germany

75 Biologically Inspired Robotics Fumiya Iida, Cambridge, UK Auke Jan Ijspeert, Lausanne, Switzerland

76 Evolutionary Robotics

Stefano Nolfi, Rome, Italy Josh Bongard, Burlington, USA Phil Husbands, Brighton, UK Dario Floreano, Lausanne, Switzerland

77 Neurorobotics: From Vision to Action Patrick van der Smagt, Munich, Germany Michael A. Arbib, Los Angeles, USA Giorgio Metta, Genoa, Italy

78 Perceptual Robotics

Heinrich Bülthoff, Tübingen, Germany Christian Wallraven, Seoul, Korea Martin A. Giese, Tübingen, Germany

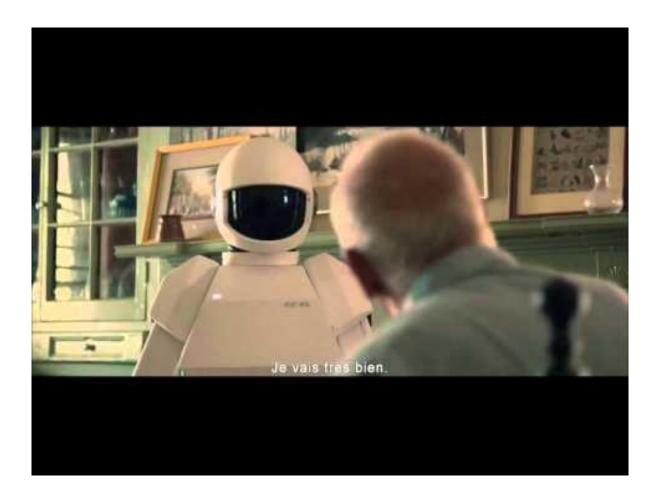
79 Robotics for Education David P. Miller, Norman, USA Illah Nourbakhsh, Pittsburgh, USA

80 Roboethics: Social and Ethical Implications

Gianmarco Veruggio, Genoa, Italy Fiorella Operto, Genoa, Italy George Bekey, Arroyo Grande, USA

Robots at home

Robot and Frank, 2012 https://youtu.be/PKJcLnjky3s



Robocup@home



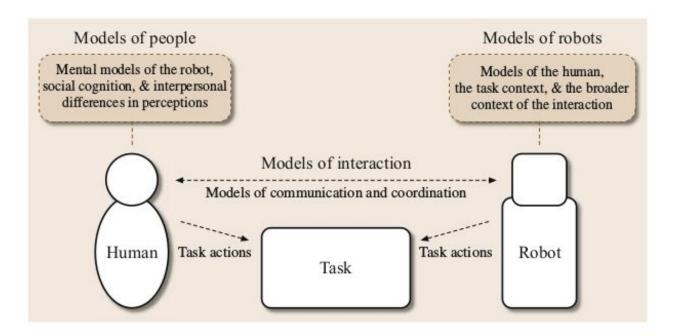
2012 overview https://youtu.be/YpjeNa8BAYg



2021 Poster — Team Tidyboy, https://youtu.be/4GZAo41-pws

https://athome.robocup.org/
RoboCup@Home Youtube official channel

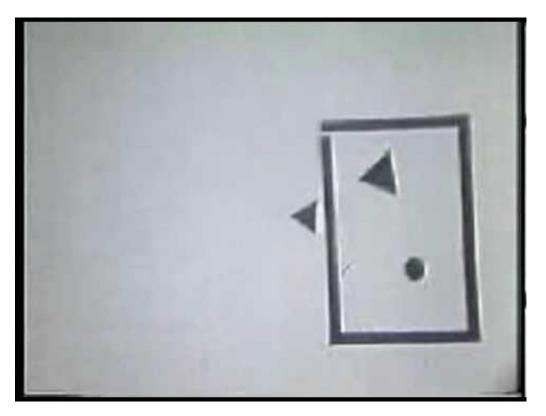
Cognitive HRI



Mutlu, B., Roy, N., & Šabanović, S. (2016). Cognitive human–robot interaction. Springer Handbook of Robotics, 1907-1934.

Heider, F., & Simmel, M. (1944) An experimental study in apparent behavior. The American Journal of Psychology, 57, 243-259.

- What did you see?
- Anthropomorphize to ascribe human characteristics to things not human.
- "People do not treat robots as an assembly of plastic, electronics, and code but, rather, as humanlike entities."
 Bartneck et al. (2020)
- Anthropomorphization, the incurable disease." David McFarland, Ethologist, Oxford University



(a more modern example - Pepper awakening https://youtu.be/8HXhsKpETXE)

https://youtu.be/VTNmLt7QX8E

Design for HRI

How would you describe these robot types?

android and humanoid

zoomorphic













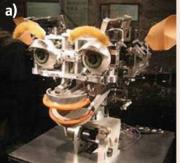




Fig.72.2a-d Some examples of androids: (a) One of the earliest face robots developed at the Science University of Tokyo (after [72.18]); (b) Geminoid developed at ATR (after [72.19]); (c) ROMAN developed at the University of Kaiserslautern (after [72.20]); (d) KASPAR developed at the University of Hertfordshire is a child like robot used during therapeutic interventions to help children with autism (after [72.21])

Fig.72.3a-d Examples of social robots inspired by animals with anthropomorphic qualities: (a) AIBO, the robotic dog developed by Sony (after [72.30]), (b) Paro, the therapeutic seal robot developed at AIST (after [72.31]), (c) Mel, the conversational robotic penguin developed at MERL (after [72.321). and (d) Leonardo developed at the MIT Media Lab (after [72.331))

"minimalist"







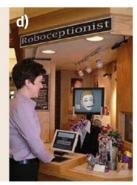
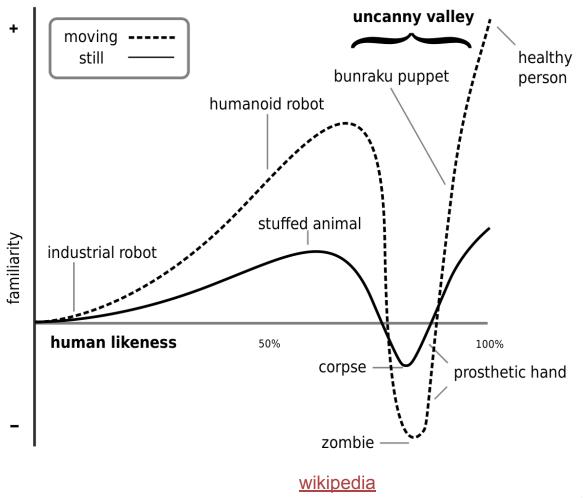


Fig.72.4a-d Examples of social robots that are neither humanoid nor zoomorphic but capture key social attributes: (a): Kismet (after [72.3]); (b) Keepon (after [72.34]); (c) Pearl (after [72.35]); (d) Valerie (after [72.36])

Uncanny valley

- Masahiro Mori, 1970
- The problem of human-likeness
- Relevant also for animation





Uncanny valley in 3D

"A robot with a very high degree of human-likeness coupled with some remaining non-human qualities will make users uncomfortable. This hypothesized effect essentially describes what happens when a person's mental model of the robot as human is not born out by its interactive capabilities."

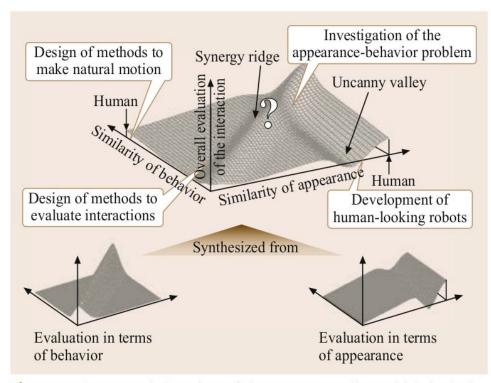


Fig. 71.2 An extended notion of the uncanny valley which includes appearance and behavior as significant variables (after [71.24])

Mutlu, B., Roy, N., & Šabanović, S. (2016). Cognitive human–robot interaction. Springer Handbook of Robotics, 1907-1934.

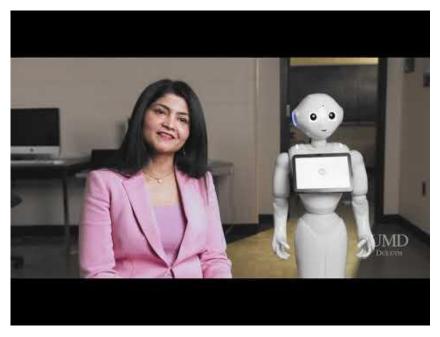
Geminoids

Geminoid summit, ATR, Japan, March 2011. https://youtu.be/J71XWkh80nc

You can check https://www.soulmachines.com/resources /research/baby-x/ too.



Naturalistic movements



https://youtu.be/ZFrwk5auOvU

Did you notice the "micro-movements" of Pepper? (Pepper: "autonomous life"; iCub: the "breather") https://github.com/robotology/funny-things/tree/master/modules/iCubBreather

What do you think was the focus of this video?

- **Blinking** based on physiological data from Doughty (2001), but adapted for iCub embodiment - Average blinking rate (Conversation): 23.3 b/min

- IEBI: 2.3 +/- 2 s

- 15 % of blinks are double blinks
- Blinks at Onset/offset of speech
- Each blink divided into three phases with different speeds (attack 111ms [31ms], sustain 20ms [5ms], decay 300ms [123ms])

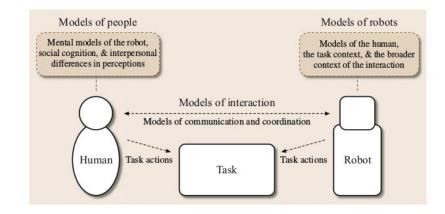
Lehmann, H., Roncone, A., Pattacini, U., Metta, G.: Physiologically inspired blinking behavior for a humanoid robot. In: International Conference on Social Robotics, pp. 83–93. Springer, Cham (2016)

iCub "blinker"

https://github.com/robotology/funny-things/tree/master/modules/iCubBlinker

Humans making mental models of robots

People apply a variety of mental models relating to animacy, sociality, affect, and consciousness to explain their experiences and emerging relationships with robots.



Design principles in HRI

- 1. Matching the form and function.
 - o If your robot is humanoid, people will expect it to do humanlike things—talk, think, and act like a human.
 - o If this is not necessary for its purpose, such as cleaning, it might be better to stick to less anthropomorphic designs.
 - Similarly, if it has eyes, people will expect it to see; if it talks, they will expect it to be able to listen.
- 2. Underpromise and overdeliver.
- 3. Interaction expands function.
 - o E.g. Paro.
- 4. Do not mix metaphors.
 - "Design should be approached holistically—the robot's capabilities, behaviors, affordances for interaction, and so forth should all be coordinated. If you design a humanlike robot, people may find it disturbing if it has skin covering only some parts of its body. Similarly, if the robot is an animal, it may be strange for it to talk like an adult human or try to teach you mathematics. This is related to the Uncanny Valley because inappropriately matched abilities, behaviors, and appearance often lead to people having a negative impression of the robot."

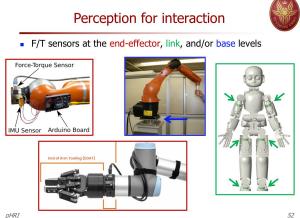


Paro, therapeutic seal robot, https://youtu.be/2ZUn9qtG8ow

Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction. Cambridge University Press.

Perception for pHRI









- exteroceptive sensing
 - laser scanners, proximity sensors (magnetic, ultrasound, ...)
 - cameras (single, stereo, catadioptric, event-based, ...), Vicon system



Total Control of the Control of the

Physical HRI - Lecture slides by Alessandro de Luca http://www.diag.uniroma1.it/deluca/pHRI elective/pHRI Introduction.pdf

Perception for social HRI

What do we want to perceive?

- verbal interaction speech
- nonverbal interaction
 - o gaze
 - facial expressions
 - gesture
 - touch
 - posture
 - 0 ...
- location proxemics...
- emotion

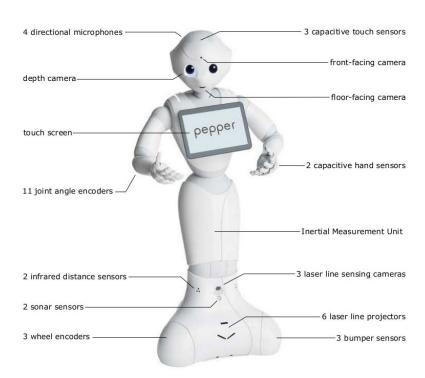


Fig. 3.3 in Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction. Cambridge University Press.

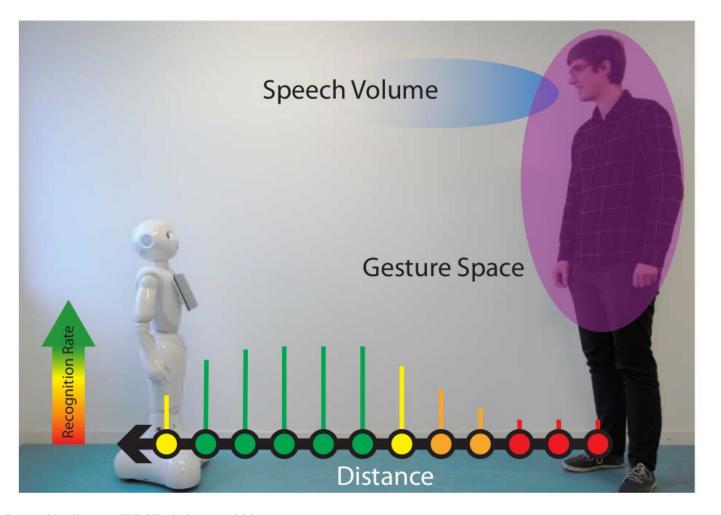
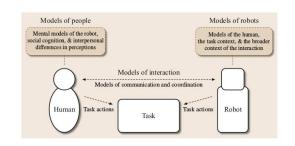


Fig. 5.6 in Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). *Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction*. Cambridge University Press.

Action and perception for social HRI

- verbal interaction speech
- nonverbal interaction
 - o gaze
 - facial expressions
 - gesture
 - touch
 - posture
 - 0 ...
- location proxemics...
- emotion



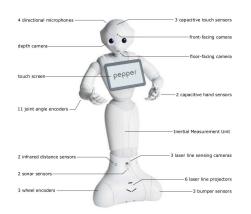


Fig 3.3 in Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction. Cambridge University Press.

Not just perceive but also display!

Verbal interaction - building blocks

- Automated speech recognition (ASR) / speech-to-text (STT)
- Language understanding
- Turn-taking
- Speech production speech synthesis / text-to-speech (TTS)

Which of the above are easier and which harder?



Gaze



Bilge Mutlu. Gaze and gesture cues for robots. https://youtu.be/p8ZuRQ7p2vM

Gaze and facial expression



https://youtu.be/SGKvft8rifl

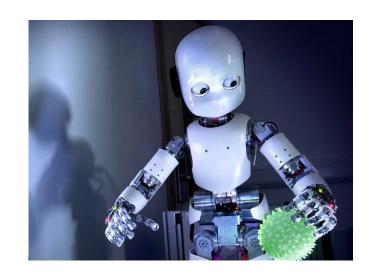
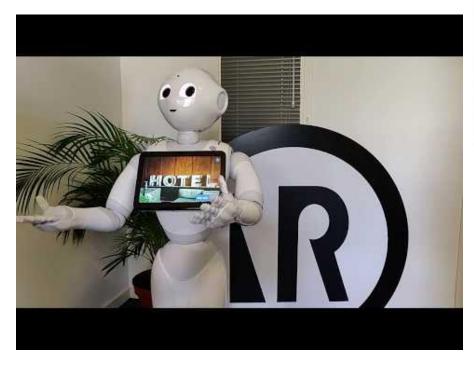
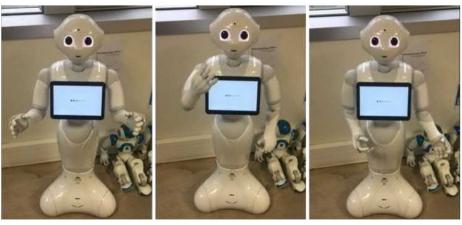


Fig. 6.3 in Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). *Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction*. Cambridge University Press.

Gestures



https://youtu.be/8HXhsKpETXE



Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). *Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction*. Cambridge University Press.

The Thrifty Faucet (2009) is a simple interactive prototype that uses its posture to communicate 15 lifelike motion patterns, including seeking, curiosity, and rejection, to users. The aim is to enable communication with users about more sustainable water use (Togler et al., 2009).



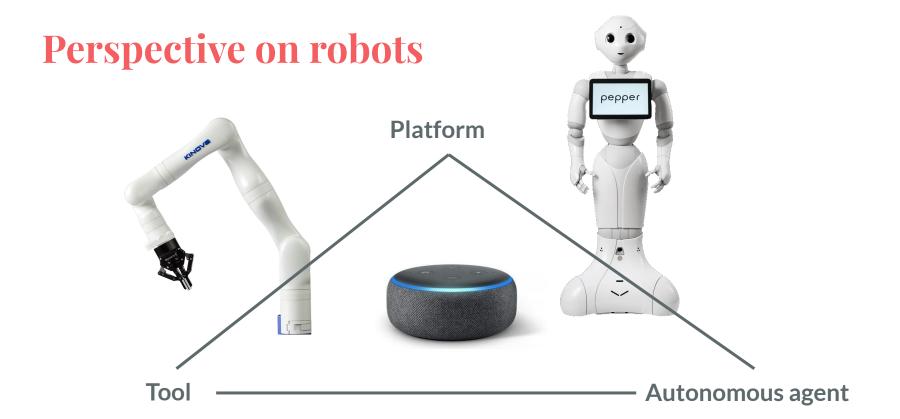
(Source: Jonas Togler)

Posture

Figure 6.7 A Nao robot (2008–present) using body postures to express emotions, morphing between sad (left) and fearful (right). (Source: Beck et al. (2010))



Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). *Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction*. Cambridge University Press.



"New" HRI roles areas

- Sales/presentation
- Healthcare industry
- Food service (not industrial mass production)



Panasonic Resyone carebot https://news.panasonic.com/jp/topics/154051.html



https://www.softbankrobotics.com/emea/en/pepper-retail-ga



Moley kitchen

https://www.forbes.com/sites/eustaciahuen/2016/10/31/the-worlds-first-home-robotic-chef-can-cookover-100-meals/?sh=60ab72147228

Thriving research community

ICSR 2022 – 14th International Conference on Social Robotics

December 13th-16th 2022, Florence, Italy





WELCOME TO IEEE RO-MAN 2022



https://www.icsr2022.it/



Authors

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Program

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ACM/IEEE International Conference on Human-Robot Interaction

March 13-16, 2023 Stockholm, SE



We are excited to announce the 18th Annual ACM/IEEE International Conference on Human Robot Interaction (HRI). HRI 2023 is the 18th annual conference for basic and applied HRI research. Researchers from across the world present their best work to HRI to exchange ideas about the theory, technology, data, and science furthering the state-of-the-art in the field.

https://humanrobotinter action.org/2023/

Problems with commercial social robots

Pepper

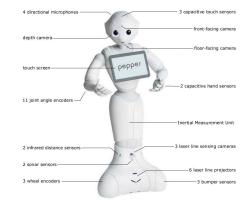
- Sony AIBO
 - 1999-2006 then discontinued - not commercially successful
 - 2018 new generation
 relaunched
- Softbank Pepper (20 000 \$)
 - Alive, but expectations were probably greater...
- Kuri (700 \$)
- Jibo (900 \$)
- Anki Cozmo & Vector



Kuri



https://youtu.be/Gvle_O4vD18



Cozmo & Vector



Jibo



https://youtu.be/H0h20iRA5M0

Problems with commercial social robots

Lessons learned (Guy Hoffman)

- 1. Long-term engagement is the holy grail.
- 2. We need artists.
- 3. Embodiment does create emotional bonds.
- 4. Design matters.

Note: Robots for education are a different market segment.

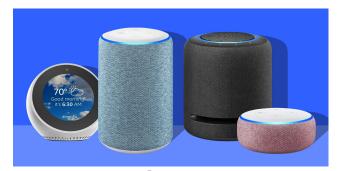
https://www.robot-advance.com/EN/cat-educational-robots-1.htm



https://spectrum.ieee.org/anki-jibo-and-kuri-what-we-can-learn-from-social-robotics-failures

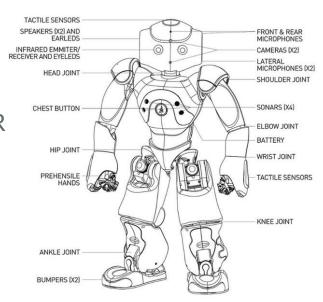


BY GUY HOFFMAN | 01 MAY 2019 | 7 MIN READ | [



Some success stories - Nao (2008-now)

- 2008, Aldebaran/Softbank
- Price: ~ 10 000 \$
- More than 10 000 exemplars sold.
- Currently in V6
- Used as a unified platform for research, social HR in particular.
- Used also for robot football Robocup.
- Allows easy control via Choregraphe.



Some success stories - Kaspar

- Not a commercial success story.
- Social robot for children with autism.



https://youtu.be/D6gTHPoO9VI

Further reading and resources

Books / book sections

- Bartneck, C., Belpaeme, T., Eyssel, F., Kanda, T., Keijsers, M., & Šabanović, S. (2020). Human-Robot Interaction: An Introduction. Cambridge University Press.
- Mutlu, B., Roy, N., & Šabanović, S. (2016). Cognitive human–robot interaction. Springer handbook of robotics, 1907-1934.
- Breazeal, C., Dautenhahn, K., & Kanda, T. (2016). Social robotics. Springer Handbook of Robotics, 1935-1972.
- Matarić, M. J., & Scassellati, B. (2016). Socially assistive robotics. Springer Handbook of Robotics, 1973-1994.

Online resources

- https://www.human-robot-interaction.org/podcast-overview/
- https://athome.robocup.org/