

Digital Image

(B4M33DZO, Summer 2024)

Lecture 11: Image Segmentation 1

<https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/b4m33dzo/start>

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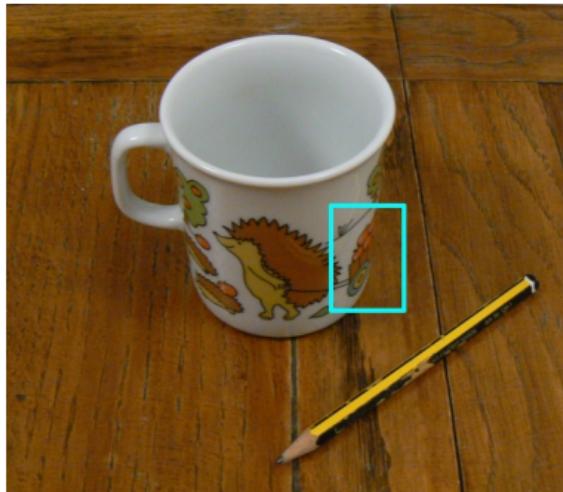
Faculty of Electrical Engineering

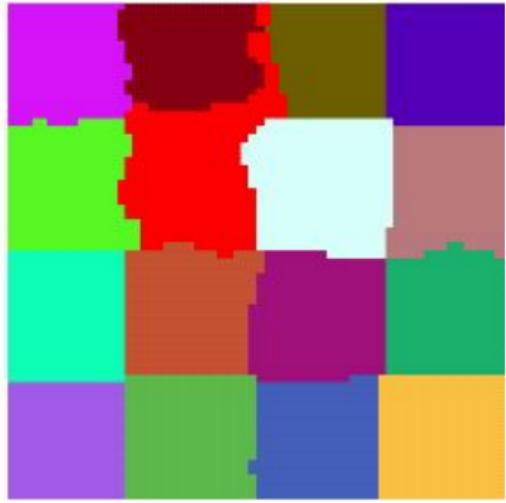
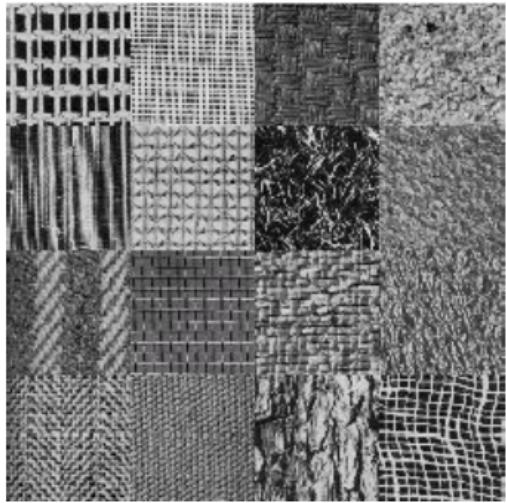
Czech Technical University in Prague

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Interactive image segmentation:

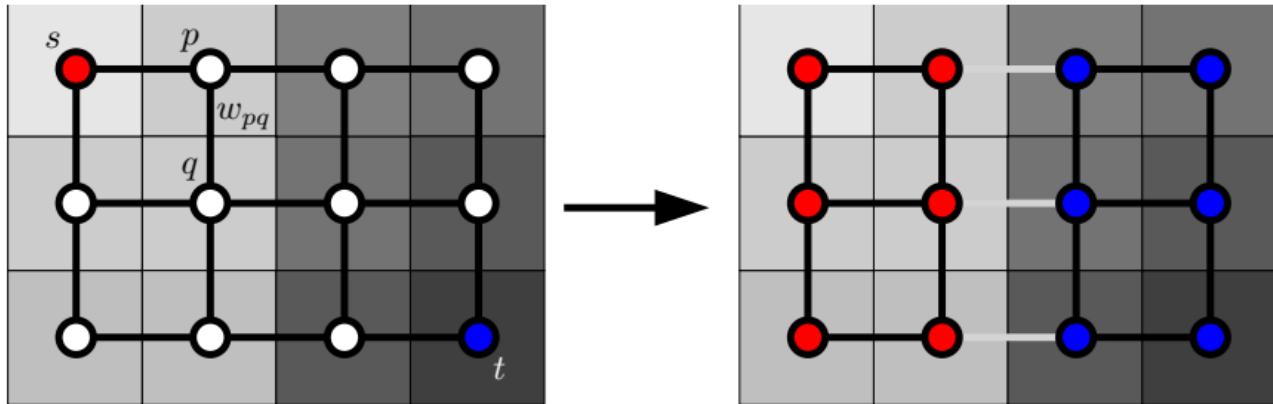


Extract part of the image using a set of user-specified constraints.

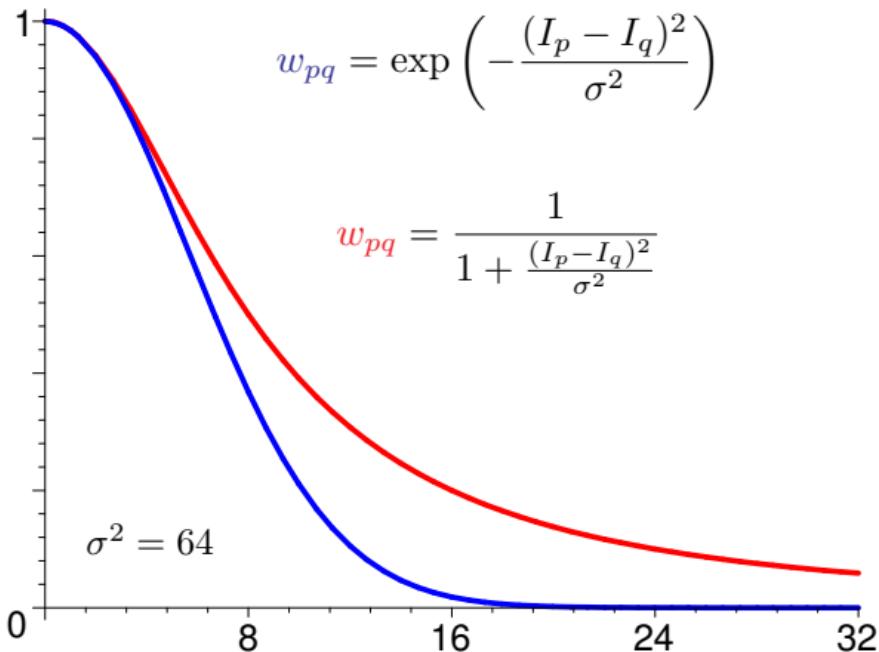
Find an optimal labelling x^* such that:

$$x^* = \arg \min_x \sum_{\{p,q\} \in \mathcal{N}} w_{pq} |x_p - x_q|^\alpha$$

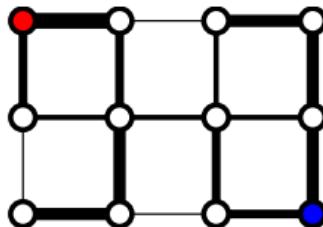
subject to: $x_s = 0 \wedge x_t = 1$



Salient edge \Rightarrow lower energy:



$$w_{pq} |x_p - x_q|^\alpha$$



α	algorithm	w_{pq}
1	min-cut	capacity
2	random walker	probability
∞	shortest path	1/length

Find an optimal labelling $x^* \in \{0, 1\}$ such that:

$$x^* = \arg \min_x \sum_{\{p,q\} \in \mathcal{N}} w_{pq} |x_p - x_q|$$

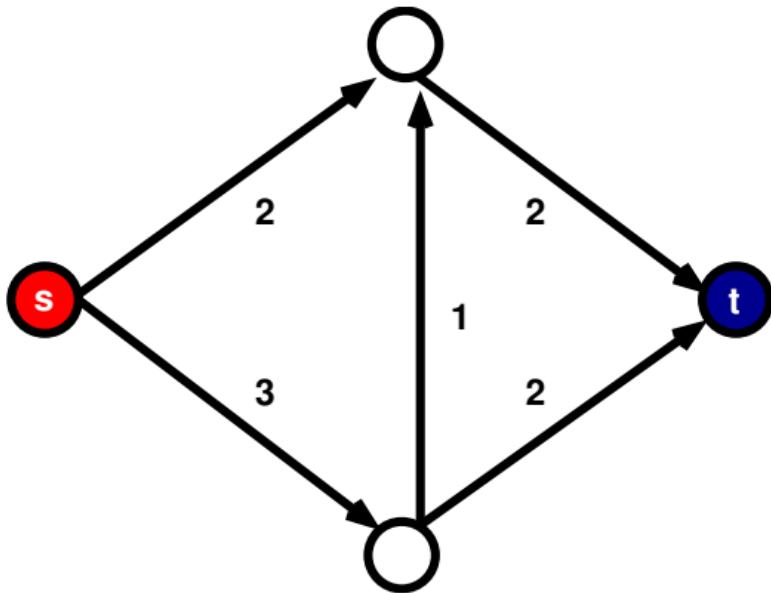
subject to: $x_s = 0 \wedge x_t = 1$

**find a subset of edges with minimal total weight
whose removal disconnects nodes s and t**



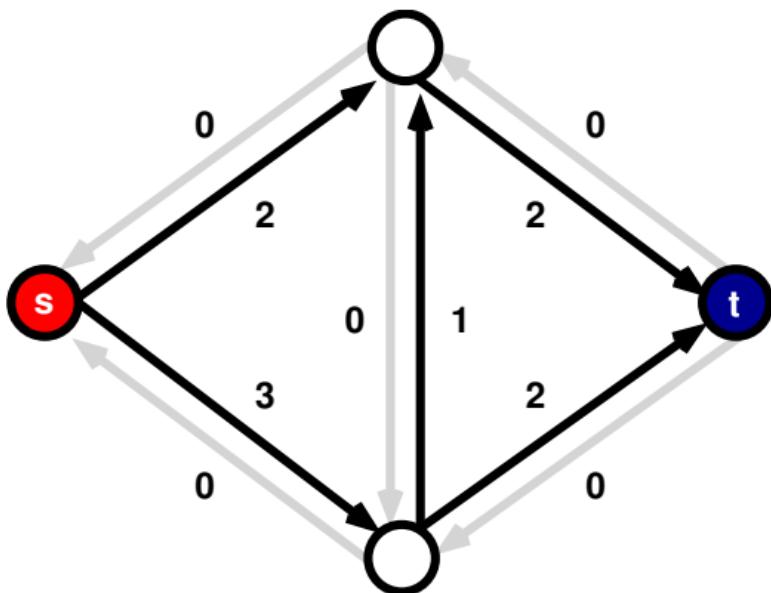
**find a maximum flow between nodes s and t
in a pipe network with capacities equal to edge weights**

Find a maximum flow from source s to sink t :



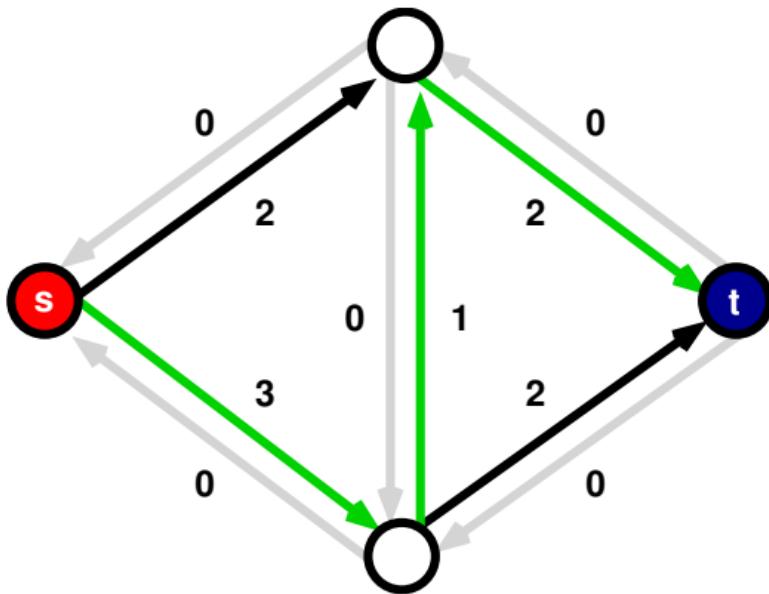
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Residual network:



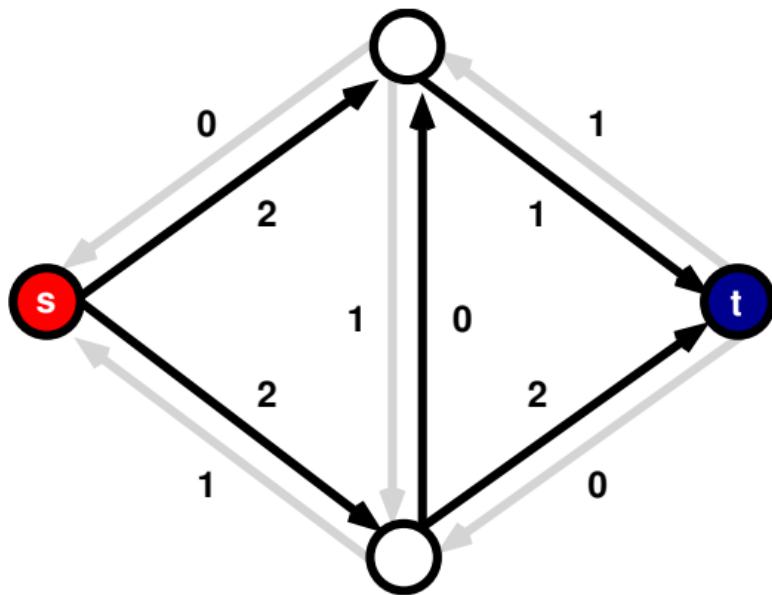
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Find any path from node **s** to node **t**:



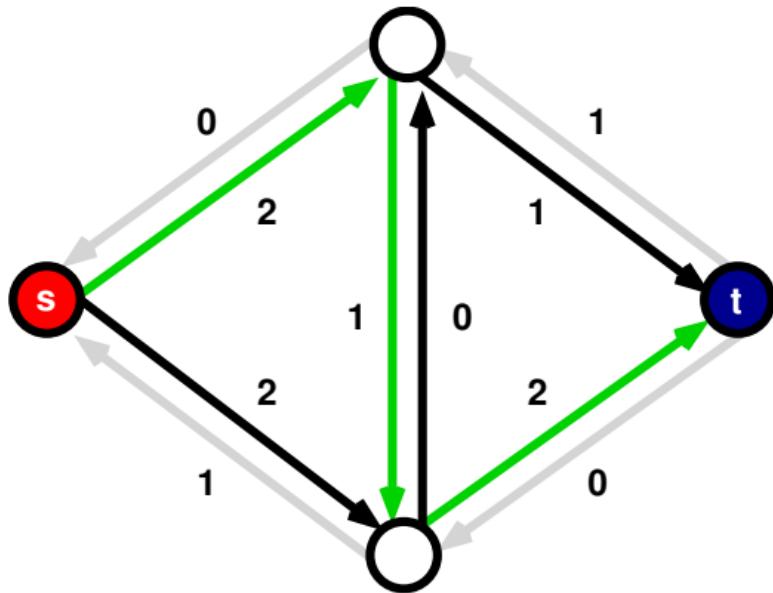
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Update residual network according to path capacity:



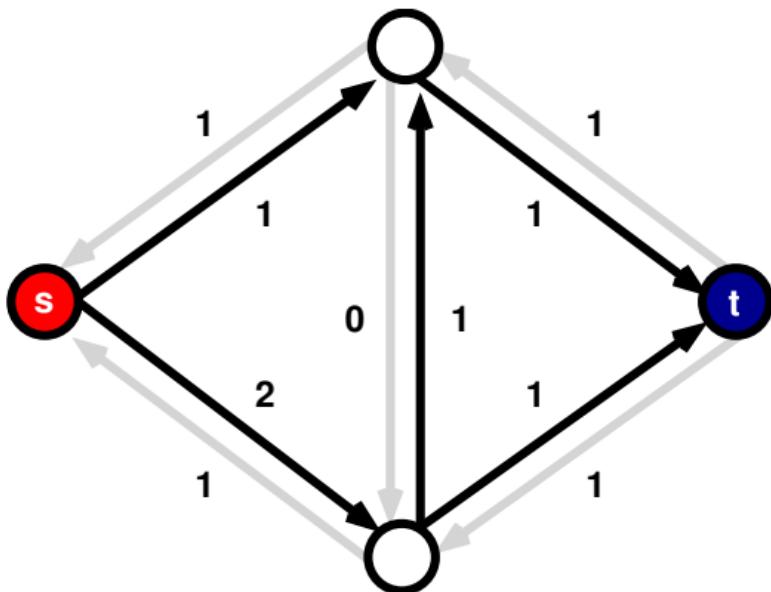
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Find another path from node **s** to node **t**:



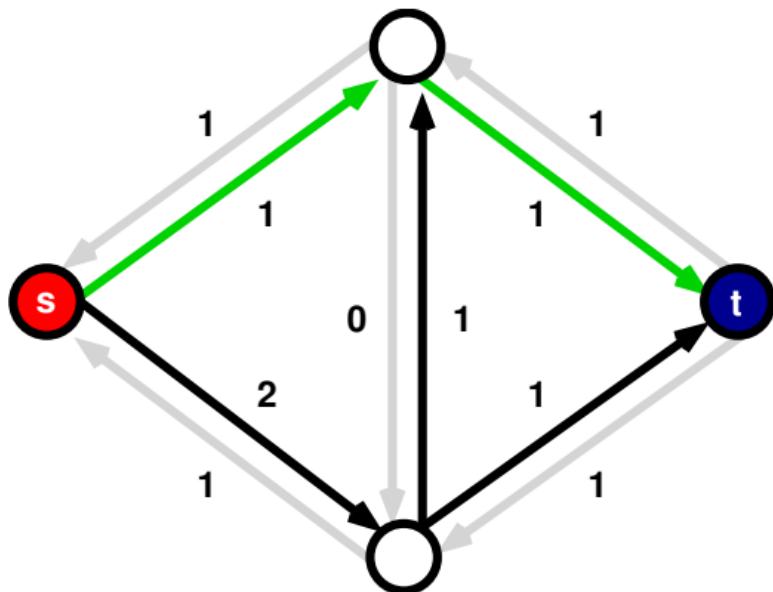
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Update residual network according to path capacity:



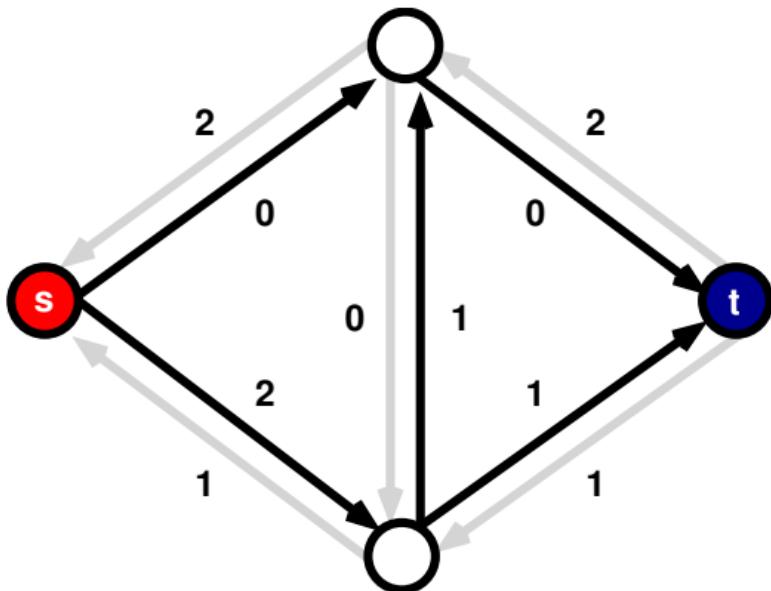
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Find another path from node **s** to node **t**:



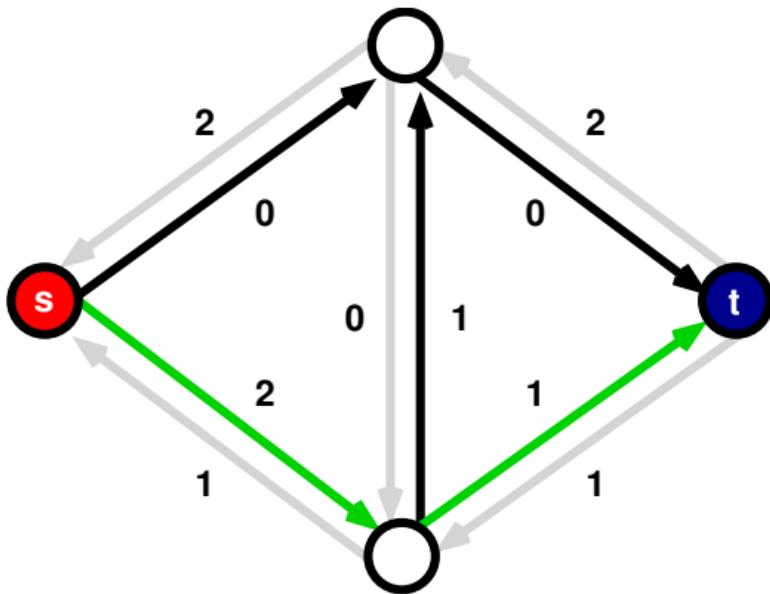
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Update residual network according to path capacity:



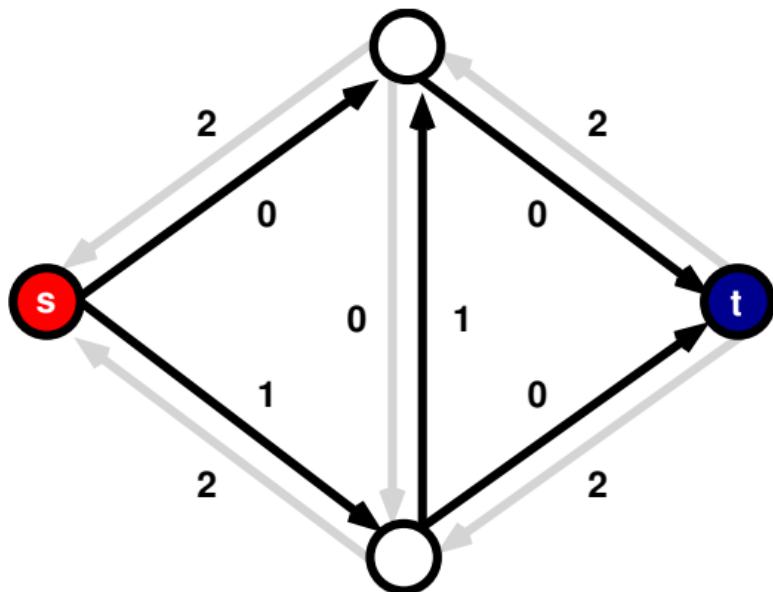
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Find another path from node **s** to node **t**:



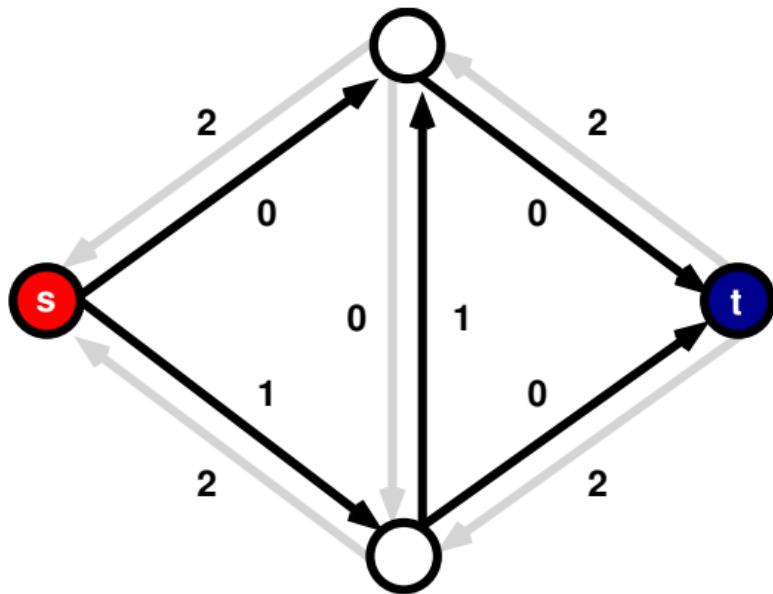
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Update residual network according to path capacity:



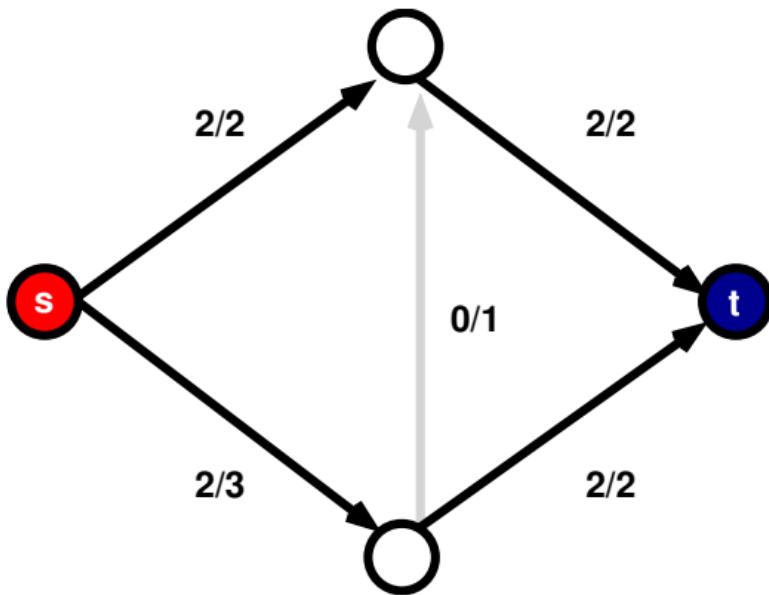
[Ford-Fulkerson]

There is no other free path from node **s** to node **t**:



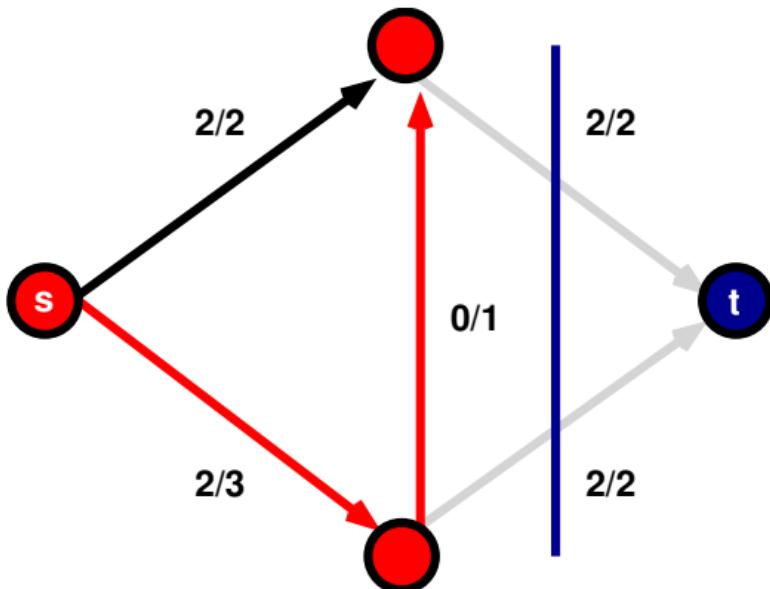
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Maximum flow found:



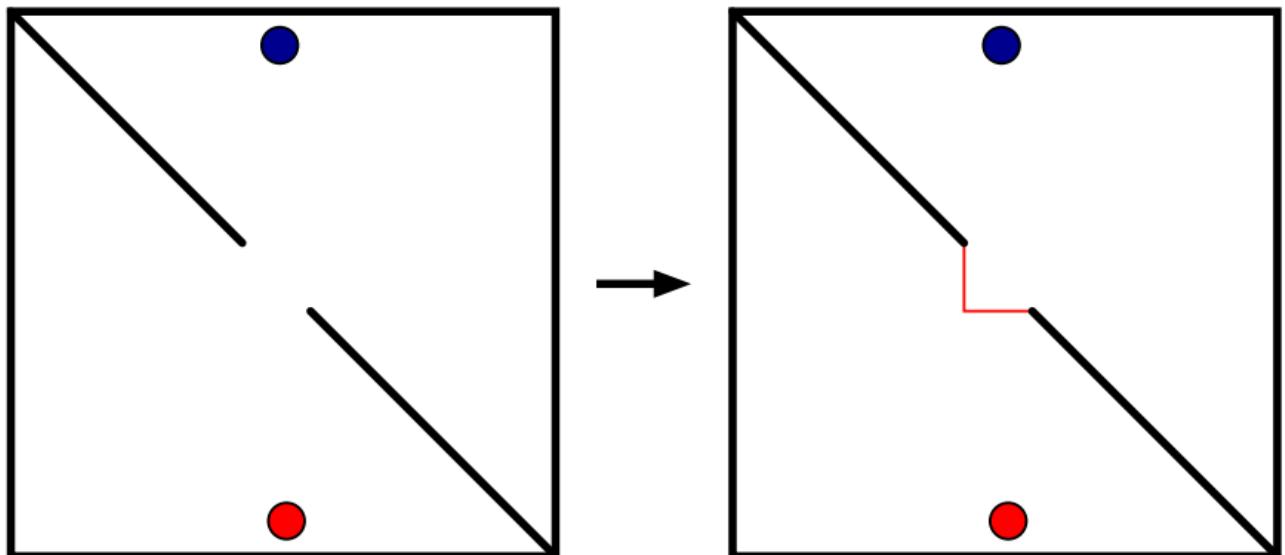
[Ford-Fulkerson]

Corresponding minimal cut:

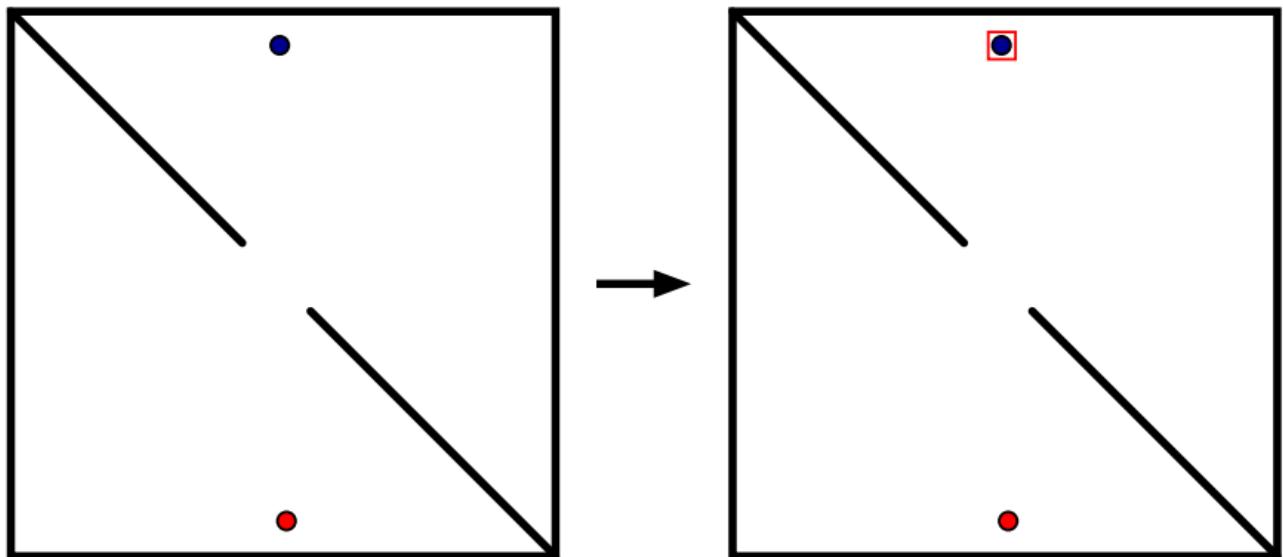


[Ford-Fulkerson]

Metrication ($\alpha = 1$):



Shrinking bias ($\alpha = 1$):



Find an optimal labelling $x^* \in \langle 0, 1 \rangle$ **such that:**

$$x^* = \arg \min_x \sum_{\{p,q\} \in \mathcal{N}} w_{pq} |x_p - x_q|^2$$

subject to: $x_s = 0 \wedge x_t = 1$

$$E = \sum_{\{p,q\} \in \mathcal{N}} w_{pq} |x_p - x_q|^2 \Rightarrow E' = 0$$

Laplace equation:

$$\boxed{\Delta x = 0}$$

$$w_{pq} = 1$$

Laplace–Beltrami equation:

$$\boxed{\Delta_w x = 0}$$

$$w_{pq} \in \langle 0, 1 \rangle$$

Linear system for Laplace equation:

x

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16



0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0

- █ probabilities
- █ desired laplacian
- █ boundary conditions

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 -3 & 1 & & & 1 & & & & \\
 1 & -3 & 1 & & & 1 & & & \\
 & 1 & -2 & & & & 1 & & \\
 & & -3 & 1 & & & 1 & & \\
 1 & & 1 & -4 & 1 & & & 1 & \\
 & 1 & & 1 & -4 & 1 & & & 1 \\
 & & 1 & & 1 & -3 & & & \\
 \end{array} \right] \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c}
 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8
 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c}
 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0
 \end{array} \right] - \left[\begin{array}{c}
 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1
 \end{array} \right]$$

Linear system for Laplace–Beltrami equation:

x

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

$$\Delta_w \rightarrow$$

0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0

 probabilities

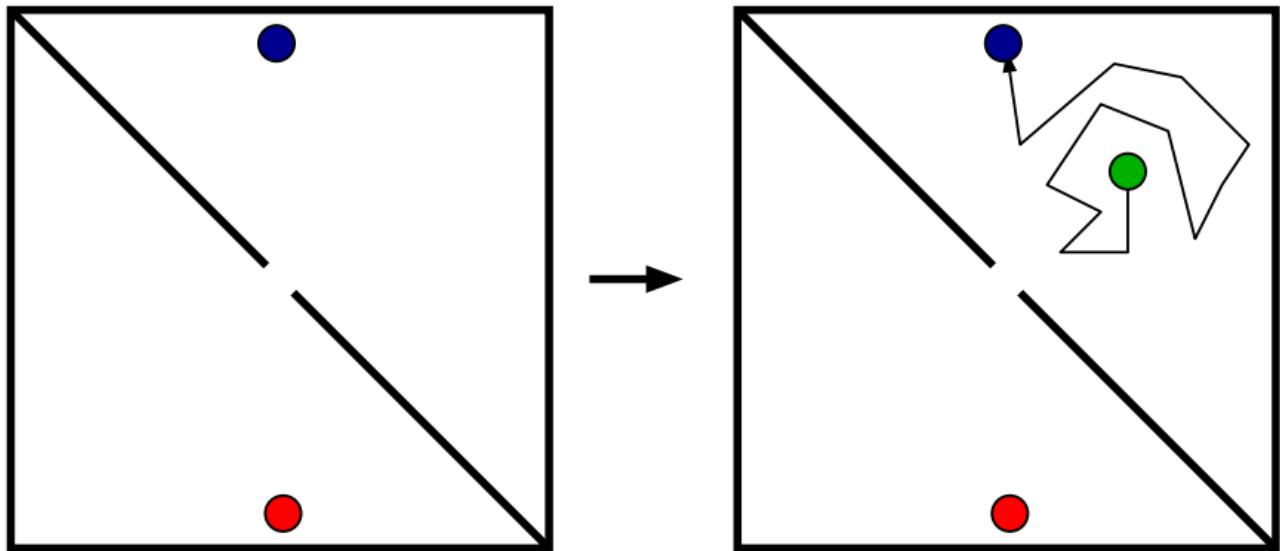
 desired laplacian

 boundary conditions

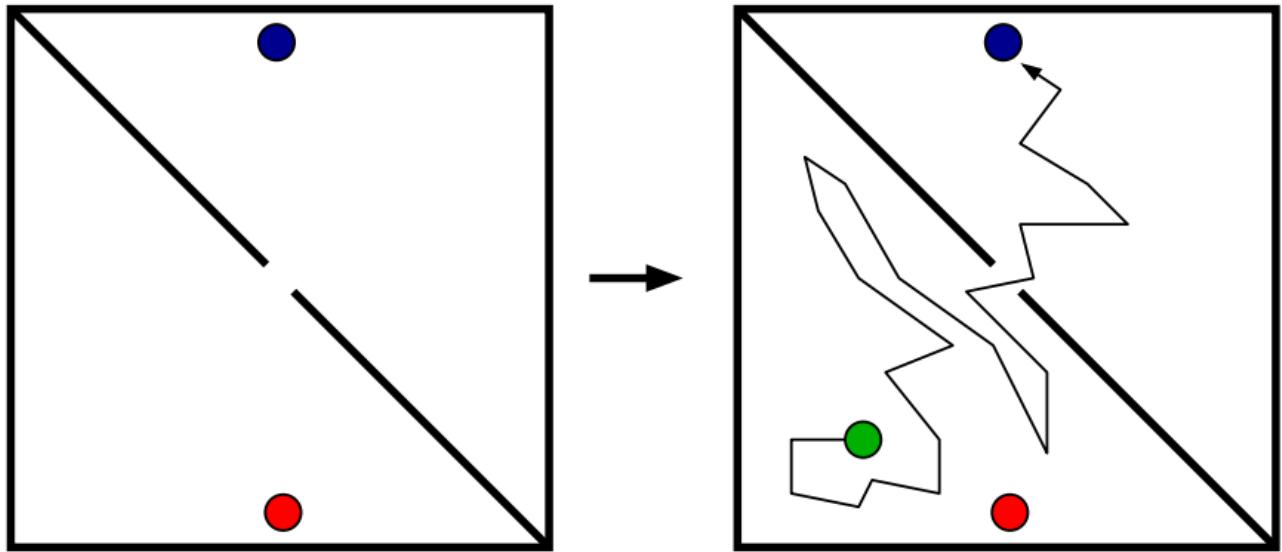
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 -1 & 0.2 & & 0.5 \\
 0.2 & -1 & 0.3 & & 0.5 \\
 & 0.7 & -1 & & 0.3 \\
 & & -1 & 0.2 & & 0.2 \\
 0.1 & & 0.2 & -1 & 0.3 & & 0.4 \\
 & 0.2 & & 0.6 & -1 & 0.1 & & 0.1 \\
 & & 0.2 & & 0.5 & -1 & & 0.3
 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} * 0.3 - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} * 0.6$$

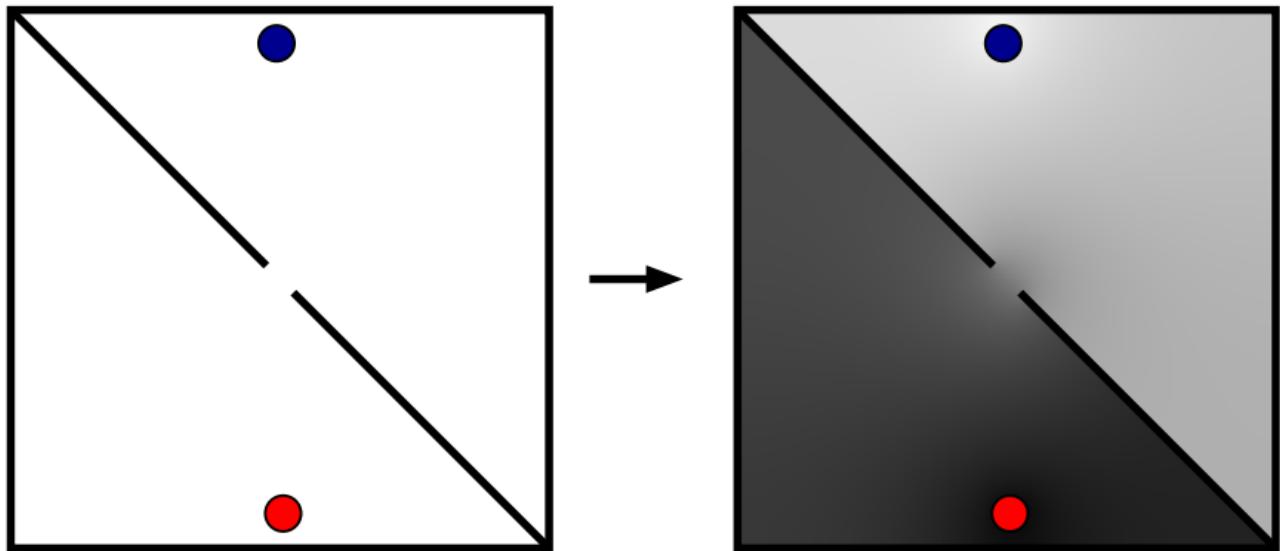
What is the probability that random walker reaches blue seed first?



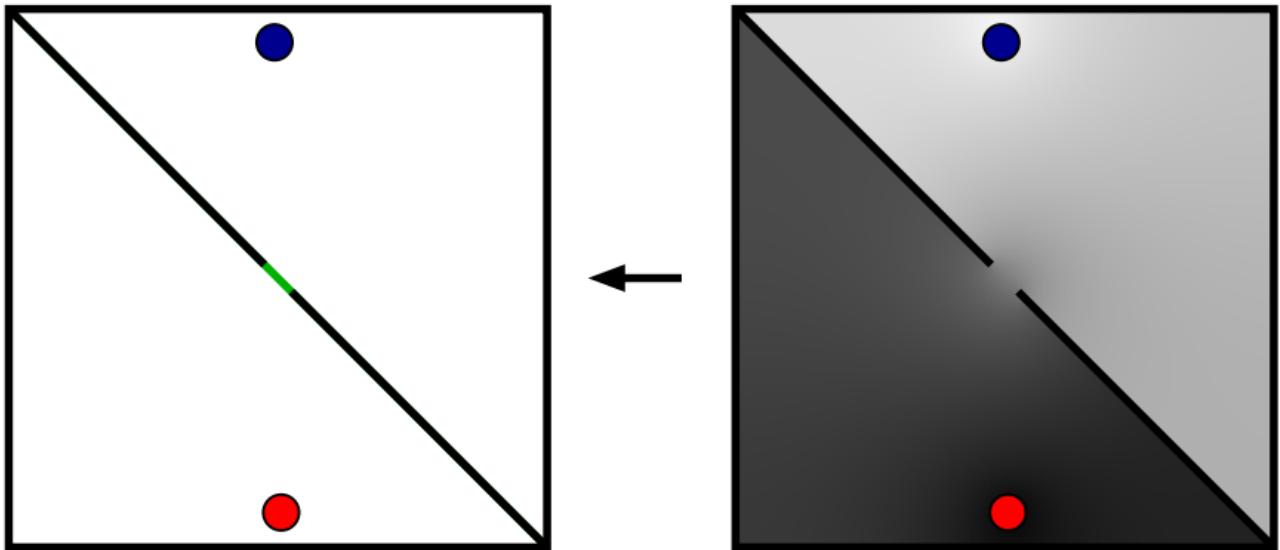
What is the probability that random walker reaches blue seed first?



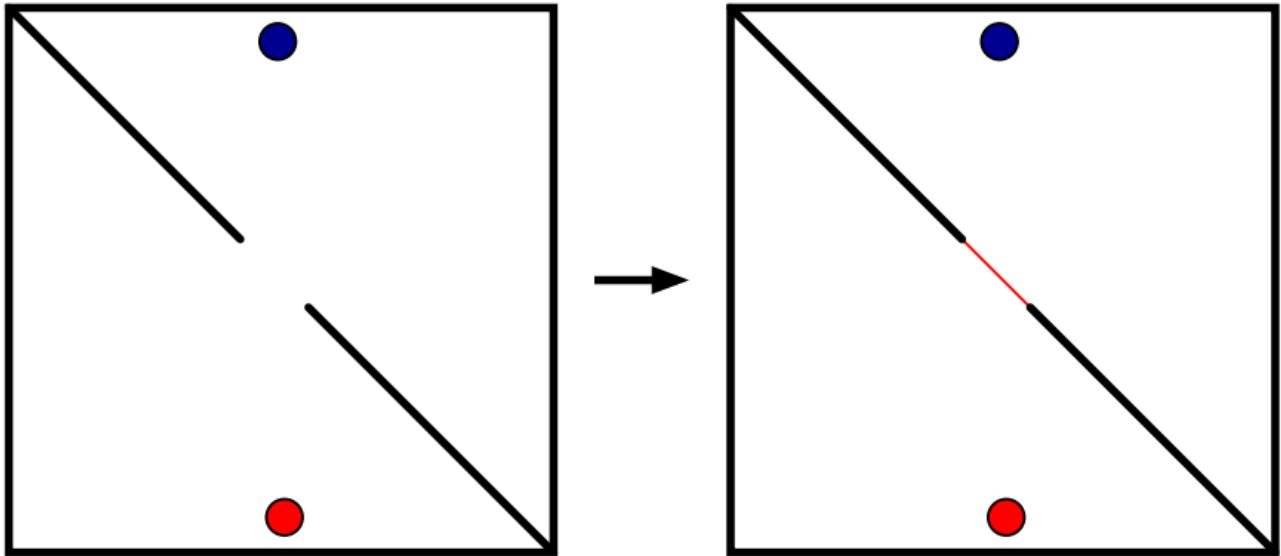
What is the probability that random walker reaches blue seed first?



The boundary between segments has probability = $\frac{1}{2}$:



Better closure ($\alpha = 2$):



Proximity bias ($\alpha = 2$):

