## Logical reasoning and programming, task III

#### (December 11, 2017)

## Problem

Your task is to modify the following leantap Prolog program in such a way that it is able to produce a tableau proof tree (at the last additional 6th argument of original predicate prove/5) that exactly correspond to the original leantap computation.

```
% prove(+Fml,+UnExp,+Lits,+FreeV,+VarLim)
prove((A,B),UnExp,Lits,FreeV,VarLim) :- !,
   prove(A,[B|UnExp],Lits,FreeV,VarLim).
prove((A;B),UnExp,Lits,FreeV,VarLim) :- !,
    prove(A,UnExp,Lits,FreeV,VarLim),
    prove(B,UnExp,Lits,FreeV,VarLim).
prove(all(X,Fml),UnExp,Lits,FreeV,VarLim) :- !,
    \+ length(FreeV,VarLim),
    copy_term((X,Fml,FreeV),(X1,Fml1,FreeV)),
    append(UnExp,[all(X,Fml)],UnExp1),
    prove(Fml1,UnExp1,Lits,[X1|FreeV],VarLim).
prove(Lit,_,[L|Lits],_,_) :-
    ( Lit = -Neg; -Lit = Neg ) -> ( unify_with_occurs_check(Neg,L)
                                  ; prove(Lit,[],Lits,_,_) ).
prove(Lit,[Next|UnExp],Lits,FreeV,VarLim) :-
    prove(Next,UnExp,[Lit|Lits],FreeV,VarLim).
```

### **Tableau Proof Format**

The tableau proof tree format is a Prolog repesentation of Semantic Tableau tree. Every node in the tree has its unique *identifier* that can be Prolog integer or Prolog atom. Every tableau rule can add one (in case of add\_rule, all\_rule, and closed\_by) or two (in case of or\_rule) leaves to the current working node. Every node has the following format:

#### node (identifier, corresponding NNF formula, used rule, list of its sub-nodes/sons)

where *used rule* can be a term add\_rule, or\_rule, all\_rule, or closed\_by with arguments that contain identifiers as references to previous nodes that are needed by this rule to infer the current node. The root of the Semantic Tablueau tree has a node with top identifier. Our tableau proof tree does not have this node but you can refer top as identifier. The *corresponding NNF formula*, that is inferred by closed\_by rule, is false. The tableau proof tree starts with a list of sub-nodes of top. All substitutions, that are needed, are already applied on the resulting tableau proof tree.

## Program

You are supposed to upload a program leantap2.pl, in an archive, containing a predicate prove/6, where the last argument is the output tableau proof and the other arguments correspond one to one to the original leantap implementation. Of course, you can use additional predicates in your solution.

## Example 1

# Example 2

?- prove((all(X,p(X)) , (-p(c);-p(d))), [], [], [], 3, Proof).
Proof = [node(0, all(B, p(B)), and\_rule(top), [node(2, p(c), all\_rule(A), [
 node(3, (-p(c);-p(d)), and\_rule(top), [node(4, -p(c), or\_rule(D), [
 node(5, false, closed\_by(E, C), [])]), node(6, -p(d), or\_rule(D), [
 node(7, p(d), all\_rule(A), [node(8, false, closed\_by(H, G), [])
 ])])])])]

