Seminar #4

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1 Goal

You will get experience with subset of Spring related to web applications development.

2 Getting Ready

- Ensure you have available the software stack installed during the first lab (Post-greSQL server, PgAdmin, Netbeans 8.2).¹
- Clone the GIT repo from https://gitlab.fel.cvut.cz/ear/reporting-tool-seminars, switch to the branch WS2017-seminar-4-problem².
- Open the project in Netbeans 8.2 and resolve any warnings/errors in configuration reported by Netbeans.³

At the end of the current week, the branch WS2017-seminar-4-solution becomes available where you can check your solutions.

3 Familiarization with the Project

The project is a small and JPA-ized excerpt of a bigger one developed for safety management in the czech aviation industry. The system allows to create safety reports and classify them. The system is based on JPA, Spring, and ReactJS. First, clean and build the project.

Before proceeding, go through the structure of pom.xml, Java sources at src/main/java and resources at src/main/resource.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Due}$ to compatibility issues JDK 9 cannot be used to run reporting tool project.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Run}$ git checkout WS2017-seminar-3-problem

³In case you are using Intellij Idea, you can install Lombok Plugin from https://plugins.jetbrains.com/plugin/6317-lombok-plugin to resolve errors due to missing getters and setters within the model package. Note, that getters and setters should be generated automatically due to Lombok annotations @Getter and @Setter.

4 (0.5pt) Task 1: Initialize Application With Default Tags

The goal of this task is to implement system initialization service which populates application's database with default tags such as "partial", "outdated", "needs-double-check", "double-checked". Due to database integrity constraints related to author of a tag it is necessary to create and persist a system user as well (pick an username, a password, a first name etc.). Default tags should be entered into database on deploy of the application into a web server⁴. Run all tests⁵ to find out failing ones. Fix failing tests by implementing the system initialization service.

5 (0.5pt) Task 2: Create User Preferences Service

Implement user preferences service that stores user's selection of a time zone (see class UserPreferencesService)⁶. Note usage of this service within the rest controller class UserPreferencesController⁷.

6 (optional) Task 3: Migrate Spring Annotations into XML

Spring's XML Schema-based configuration⁸ is an alternative to Spring's annotation programming model. The goal of this task is to migrate some parts of Spring's configuration within the application from the annotation programming model into XML configuration⁹.

⁴Hint: there are multiple ways how to listen to a deploy event. We suggest to use <code>@javax.annotation.PostConstruct</code> annotation of a method within a singleton service bean. Such method is executed when spring bean is registered within an application context, which should be sufficient for the purpose. In case you need to use transactions within the "post-construct method", programmatic transaction management must be utilized as explained in https://stackoverflow.com/questions/17346679/transactional-on-postconstruct-method.

⁵Hint: Your IDE most-likely has option to run all JUnit tests within the project. Use it instead of execution of maven command manually (e.g. by 'mvn test') as it usually provides easier way to find failing tests and execute them again.

⁶Hint: Possible issues are discussed at http://ankursinghal86.blogspot.cz/2014/07/injecting-prototypesession-bean-into.html

⁷Examples of valid time zone ids are "Europe/Prague", "Etc/GMT+2", "US/Pacific", "HST"

Shttps://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/5.0.0.RELEASE/spring-framework-reference/appendix. html#xsd-configuration

⁹Hint: You can find an application that is configured through XML in GIT repo https://gitlab.fel.cvut.cz/ear/spring-example. Search for application-config.xml file within the project.