Relations of AI, Robotics and Machine Learning

Petr Pošík

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Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence

Studies of *intelligence in general*:

- How do we *perceive* the world?
- How do we *understand* the world?
- How do we *reason* about the world?
- How do we *predict* the consequences of our actions?
- How do we act to *influence* the world?

Artificial Intelligence (AI) not only wants to understand the "intelligence", but also wants to

- create an intelligent entity (agent, robot)
- imitating or improving
- the human behavior and effects in the outer world, and/or
- the inner human mind processes and reasoning.

Robot vs. agent:

- very often interchangeable terms describing systems with varying degrees of autonomy able to predict the state of the world and effects of their own actions. Sometimes, however:
- agent: the software responsible for the "intelligence"
- **robot:** the hardware, often used as substitute for humans in dangerous situations, in poorly accessible places, or for routine repeating actions

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Requirements for an Ideal Agent

Knowledge representation:

how to store the model of the world, the relations between the entities in the world, the rules that are valid in the world, ...

Automated reasoning:

how to infer some conclusions from what is known or answer some questions

Planning:

how to find an action sequence that puts the world in the desired state

Pattern recognition:

how to decide about the state of the world based on observations

Machine learning:

how to adapt the model of the world using new observations

Multiagent systems:

how to coordinate and cooperate in a group of agents to reach the desired goal

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Natural language processing:

how to understand what people say and how to say something to them

Computer vision:

how to understand the observed scene, what is going on in a sequence of pictures

Robotics:

how to move, how to manipulate with objects, how to localize and navigate

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Course outline

- 1. The relations of AI, ML, and robotics. Pattern recognitions, Bayesian and non-Bayesian tasks. Learning.
- 2. Linear regression. Logistic regression. Basis expansion. Regularization.
- 3. Linear discriminant function, perceptron (rehearsal). Optimal separating hyperplane. Support vector machine. Biasvariance trade-off.
- 4. Decision trees. Adaboost.
- 5. Feature selection and extraction. Sequential pattern recognition, Wald's algorithm.
- 6. Computational learning theory. Consistency, capacity. Probably approximately correct learning.
- 7. Artificial life, principles, algorithms, applications.
- 8.-13. Planning and multiagent systems.

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