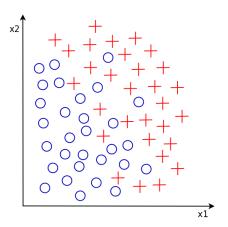
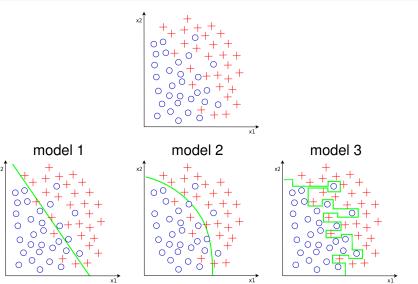
Cross-validation

Classification task

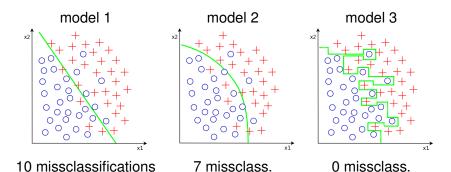


- task: classify future independent observations drawn from the same distribution
- how to choose a (classification) model?

Model selection (1)



Model selection (2)



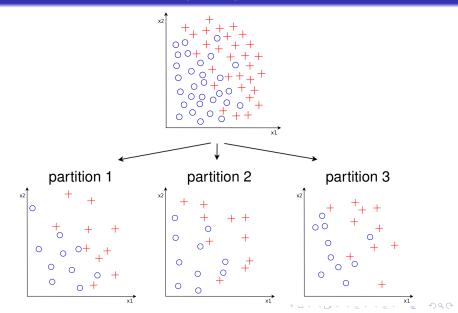
4 parameters

which model is the best?

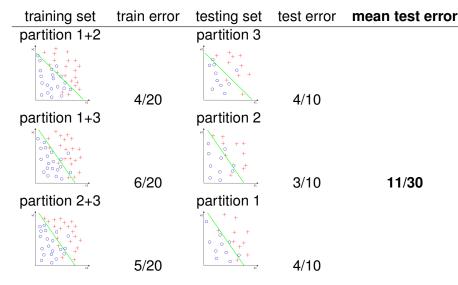
2 parameters

72 parameters

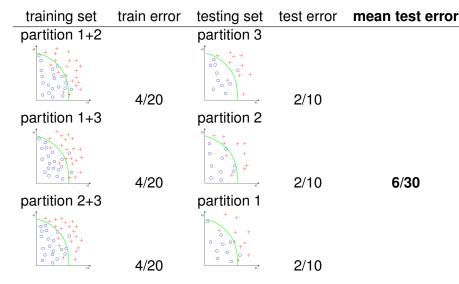
Cross-validation: data splitting



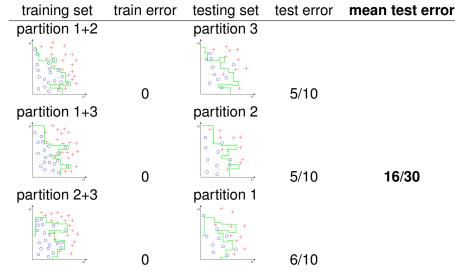
Cross-validating model 1



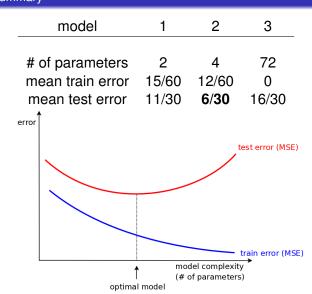
Cross-validating model 2



Cross-validating model 3

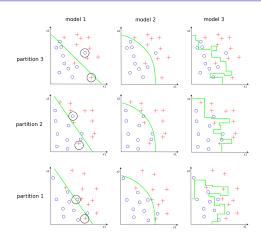


Cross-validating models Summary



Model comparison

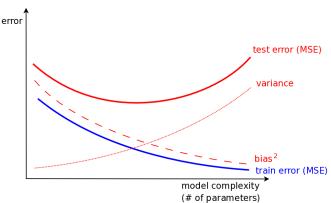
Test set performance



- model 1 is biased
- model 3 is highly variable and overfits the data

Cross-validation: summary

• MSE = bias² + variance



- high bias for low-complexity models
- high variance for high-complexity models

Cross-validation: conclusion

- CV can be seen as regularization technique
 - helps to overcome overfitting
 - note some models regularize naturally
 - e.g. nonparametric Bayesian models see Maneesh's lectures
- CV can be seen as model selection technique