

Statistical Data Analysis – a course map

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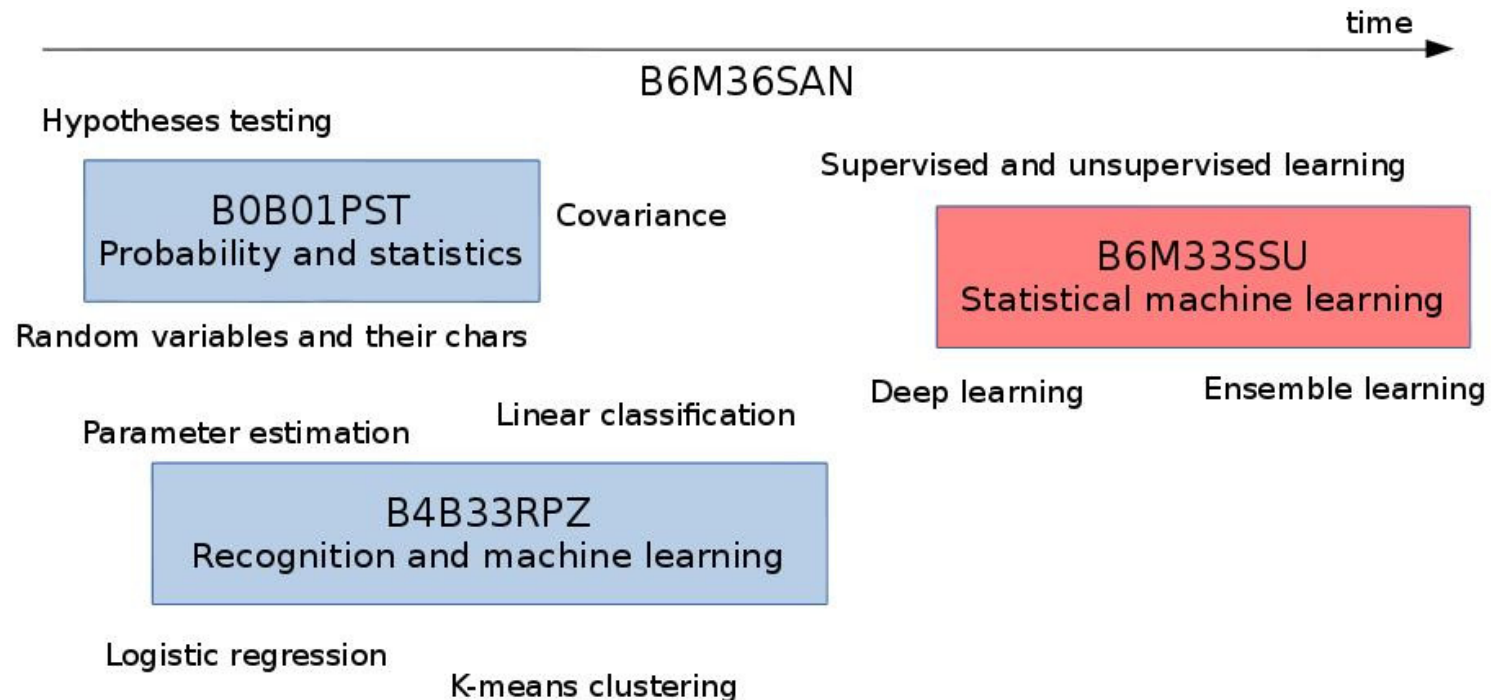
<http://cw.felk.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/b4m36san/start>

B4M36SAN

- Purpose

- This course mainly aims at the statistical methods that help to understand, interpret, visualize and model potentially high-dimensional data. It works with R environment.

- Interactions with other courses



Teachers



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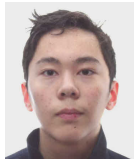
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IDA/JK Highlights

eBioMedicine

Part of THE LANCET *Discovery Science*

Volume 96, October 2023, 104782



Articles

Novel transcriptomic signatures associated with premature kidney allograft failure

Petra Hrubá^a, Jiri Klema^b, Anh Vu Le^b, Eva Girmanova^a, Petra Mrazova^a, Annick Massart^c, Dita Maixnerova^d, Ludek Voska^e, Gian Benedetto Piredda^f, Luigi Biancone^g, Ana Ramirez Puna^h



RESOURCE ARTICLE | [Full Access](#)

Improved recovery and annotation of genes in metagenomes through the prediction of fungal introns

Anh Vu Le, Tomáš Větrovský, Denis Barucic, Joao Pedro Saraiva, Priscilla Thiago Dobbler, Petr Kohout, Martin Pospíšek, Ulisses Nunes da Rocha, Jiří Kléma, Petr Baldrian

First published: 10 August 2023 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/1755-0998.13852>

Molecular Oncology

Research Article | [Open Access](#) | [CC BY](#)

Expression of circular RNAs in myelodysplastic neoplasms and their association with mutations in the splicing factor gene *SF3B1*

Iva Trsova, Andrea Hrustincova, Zdenek Krejčík, David Kundrat, Aleš Holoubek, Karolina Stařlova, Lucie Janstova, Sarka Vanikova, Katarina Szikszal, Jiri Klema, Petr Rysavy ... [See all authors](#)



BMC Bioinformatics

Research | [Open Access](#) | Published: 27 September 2022

circGPA: circRNA functional annotation based on probability-generating functions

Petr Ryšavý, Jiří Kléma & Michaela Dostálová Merkerová

BMC Bioinformatics 23, Article number: 392 (2022) | [Cite this article](#)



Leukemia

Article | [Open Access](#) | Published: 03 May 2022

MYELODYSPLASTIC NEOPLASM

RUNX1 mutations contribute to the progression of MDS due to disruption of antitumor cellular defense: a study on patients with lower-risk MDS

Monika Kaisrlikova, Jitka Vesela, David Kundrat, Hana Votavova, Michaela Dostalova Merkerova, Zdenek Krejčík, Vladimir Divoky, Marek Jedlicka, Jan Eric, Jiri Klema, Dana Mikulenkova, Marketa Stastna Markova, Marie Lauermannova, Inlana Mertova, Jacqueline Soukupova Maaloufova, Anna Ionascova

PLOS ONE

[OPEN ACCESS](#) | [PEER-REVIEWED](#)
RESEARCH ARTICLE

On transformative adaptive activation functions in neural networks for gene expression inference

Vladimir Kunc, Jiří Kléma

Published: January 14, 2021 | <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0243915>

[See the preprint](#)

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The key terms

■ Multivariate statistical analysis

- concerned with data that consists of **sets** of measurements on a number of individuals,
- statistical approach based on **stochastic data models**
 - * a certain model is assumed (a class of models),
 - * its parameters are learned based on data,
- more than independent testing of the individual variables (i.e., univariate tests known from introductory statistical courses),
- intertwined variables, **examined simultaneously**,
- not only the extensions of univariate and bivariate procedures,
- examples: multivariate analysis of variance,
multivariate discriminant analysis.

The key terms

- Applied statistics

- in general, rather a branch of study than a course,
- in here, the course could be understood as an opportunity to bring the (previously learned) methods to practice,
- in labs, stress on applications and their implementation in R.

- Statistical inference/learning

- close interaction with (statistical) machine learning,
- sometimes it is difficult to distinguish these two fields
 - * as their goals are interchangeable,
- the most striking distinctions
 - * different schools – statistics is a subfield of mathematics, machine learning is a subfield of computer science,
 - * different eras – for centuries versus modern,
 - * different degree of assumptions – larger versus smaller.



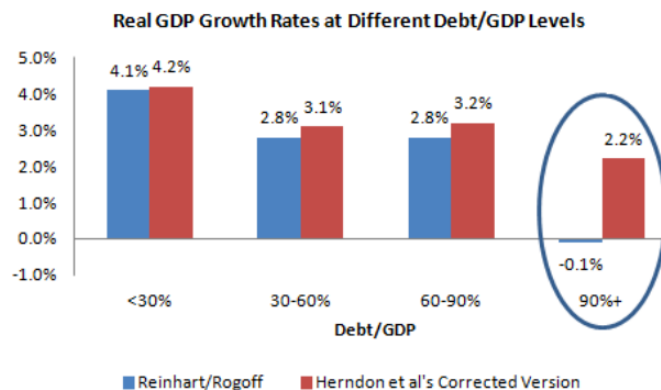
B4M36SAN – stories and jokes

- The Reinhart-Rogoff error – or how not to Excel at economics



Reinhart, C. M. and Rogoff, K. S. (2010a). Growth in a Time of Debt. *American Economic Review: Papers & Proceedings*, 100.

	B	C	I	J	K	L	M
2			Real GDP growth				
3			Debt/GDP				
4	Country	Coverage	30 or less	30 to 60	60 to 90	90 or above	30 or less
26			3.7	3.0	3.5	1.7	5.5
27	Minimum		1.6	0.3	1.3	-1.8	0.8
28	Maximum		5.4	4.9	10.2	3.6	13.3
29							
30	US	1946-2009	n.a.	3.4	3.3	-2.0	n.a.
31	UK	1946-2009	n.a.	2.4	2.5	2.4	n.a.
32	Sweden	1946-2009	3.6	2.9	2.7	n.a.	6.3
33	Spain	1946-2009	1.5	3.4	4.2	n.a.	9.9
34	Portugal	1952-2009	4.8	2.5	0.3	n.a.	7.9
35	New Zealand	1948-2009	2.5	2.9	3.9	-7.9	2.6
36	Netherlands	1956-2009	4.1	2.7	1.1	n.a.	6.4
37	Norway	1947-2009	3.4	5.1	n.a.	n.a.	5.4
38	Japan	1946-2009	7.0	4.0	1.0	0.7	7.0
39	Italy	1951-2009	5.4	2.1	1.8	1.0	5.6
40	Ireland	1948-2009	4.4	4.5	4.0	2.4	2.9
41	Greece	1970-2009	4.0	0.3	2.7	2.9	13.3
42	Germany	1946-2009	3.9	0.9	n.a.	n.a.	3.2
43	France	1949-2009	4.9	2.7	3.0	n.a.	5.2
44	Finland	1946-2009	3.8	2.4	5.5	n.a.	7.0
45	Denmark	1950-2009	3.5	1.7	2.4	n.a.	5.6
46	Canada	1951-2009	1.9	3.6	4.1	n.a.	2.2
47	Belgium	1947-2009	n.a.	4.2	3.1	2.6	n.a.
48	Austria	1948-2009	5.2	3.3	-3.8	n.a.	5.7
49	Australia	1951-2009	3.2	4.9	4.0	n.a.	5.9
50							
51			4.1	2.8	2.8	=AVERAGE(L30:L44)	



- What is the difference between statistics, ML, AI and data mining?

Changes in this and previous year

- Mainly as a reaction to feedback from students,
- changes in lectures
 - (generalized) linear models as an universal multivariate data analysis tool,
 - 1 less lectures due to the national holiday on 28th October,
- practical changes in labs
 - more stress on understanding of concepts, only then programming,
 - submissions in R as well as Python,
 - the course evaluation takes activity into account more significantly
 - * 5 times 1 activity points can be obtained on the lab day for submissions,
 - * other 5 bonus activity points for interaction during labs / optional submissions,
 - team project
 - * 2nd run, better timing this year, successful past projects available.

Syllabus

#	Lect	Content
1.	JK	Introduction, course map, review of the basic stat terms/methods.
2.	JK	Multivariate regression (continuous, linear regression, p-val).
3.	JK	Multivariate regression (overfitting, model shrinkage).
4.	JK	Multivariate regression (non-linear, polynomial and local regression).
5.	JK	Discriminant analysis (categorical, LDA, logistic regression).
6.	JK	Generalized linear models, special cases.
7.	JK	Dimension reduction (PCA and kernel PCA).
8.	JK	Dimension reduction (other non-linear methods).
9.	TP	Anomaly detection.
10.	TP	Robust statistics.
11.	ZM	Empirical studies, their design and evaluation. Power analysis.
12.	JK	Clustering (basic methods).
13.	JK	Clustering (advanced methods, spectral clustering).

R package

■ R – the platform selected for labs

- the leading tool for statistics,
- one of the main tools in data analysis and machine learning,
- it is free, open-source and platform independent,
- a large community of developers and users
 - a great variety of libraries, tutorials, mailing lists,
- easy to integrate with other languages (C, Java, Python),
- we actually use it,
- bottlenecks in memory management, speed, and efficiency,

■ alternatives

- **Python** with its data analysis libraries (more general use),
- **Matlab** (popular at FEL for its forte in control, Simulink etc.),
- **Julia** a compiled language, modern features (GPU, parallel computing), simple to learn.

The key prerequisites – a brief review

- probability, independence, conditional probability, Bayes theorem,
- random variables, random vector,
- their description, distribution function, quantile function,
- categorical and continuous random variables,
- characteristics of random variables,
- the most common probability distributions,
- random vector characteristics, covariance, correlation, central limit theorem,
- measures of central tendency and dispersion, sample mean and variance,
- point and interval estimates of population mean and variance,
- maximum likelihood estimation, EM algorithm,
- statistical hypotheses testing,
- parametric and non-parametric tests,
- multiple comparisons problem, family wise error rate and false discovery rate.

The main references

:: Resources (slides, scripts, tasks) and reading

- G. James, D. Witten, T. Hastie and R. Tibshirani: **An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R**. Springer, 2014.
- Klema, J.: **Statistical Data Analysis – solved problems**. A collection of tasks available on the course webpage.
- T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani and J. Friedman: **The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction**. Springer, 2009.
- A. C. Rencher, W. F. Christensen: **Methods of Multivariate Analysis**. 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2012.
- research papers referenced in the individual lectures ...