

```

class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
# .....

class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function countSpecificNodes returns the number of nodes
# which have both, left and right, children,
# and which key is bigger than the sum of keys of its children.
def countSpecificNodes( self ):
    return self.countSpecificNodesRecursive ( self.root )

def countSpecificNodesRecursive (self, node ):
    if node == None: return 0
    leftCount  = self.countSpecificNodesRecursive( node.left )
    rightCount = self.countSpecificNodesRecursive( node.right )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
    # ...
    # ...
    return ...

# For example, in the following tree, where node keys are shown in square brackets,
# the function will count nodes [100], [20], [40].
#
#           _____[90]_____
#          [20]_____ [50]_____
# [10]    [9]    [40]_____ [30]_____
#                   [12]    [14]           [15]
#
# .....
#   M A I N   P R O G R A M
# .....

T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.countSpecificNodes()
print( "Number of specific nodes:", result )

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class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
# .....
class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function has40Path returns True if and only if
# there exists a path from the root to some of the leaves
#   in which all node keys are equal to 40.
#   Otherwise the function returns False.
#( Note: A path is sequence of nodes in which each node, except for the first one,
#        is a child of the previous node in the sequence. )
    def has40Path( self ):
        return self.has40PathRecursive ( self.root )

    def has40PathRecursive (self, node ):
        if node == None: return True
        hasLeft40Path  = self.has40PathRecursive( node.left )
        hasRight40Path = self.has40PathRecursive( node.right )
        # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
        # ...
        # ...
        return ...

# .....
#   M A I N       P R O G R A M

T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.has40Path()
print( result )
'''

Example
Tree scheme
      _____ 2 40 _____
     _____ 3 40 _____ 4 -10
    _____ 0 -5      1 40

(In the scheme, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
'''

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```

class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function rightIsAlwaysLeaf returns True if and only if
# the right child of each internal node (including the root) is a leaf.
# Otherwise the function returns False.
# Note that the values of node keys in this problem are not substantial
# and can be neglected.

def rightIsAlwaysLeaf( self ):
    return self.rightIsAlwaysLeafRecursive( self.root )

def rightIsAlwaysLeafRecursive (self, node ):
    if node == None: return True
    leftShapeOK = self.rightIsAlwaysLeafRecursive( node.left )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
    # ...
    # ...
    return ...

# .....#           M A I N   P R O G R A M

T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.rightIsAlwaysLeaf()
print( result )
''' Example Tree scheme
      _____ 2 10_____
     /         \
    / 3 20     \ 4 -10
   /  \       /  \
  0 -5  1 -5
(In the scheme, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
In general, the tree shape should look like follows:
      _____ 0 _____
     /         \
    / 0         \ 0
   /  \       /  \
  0   0     0   0
  ...   0
  ...
  _____ 0 _____
 / 0         \ 0
0             0
'''

```

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class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E

class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function parentHasDifferentKey returns True if and only if
# for each node in the tree (except for the root) it holds:
#   # The value of the key of the node
#   # is different from the value of the key of the parent of the node.
# Otherwise the function returns False.
# In other words, the function returns False if and only if
# there is a node (at least one) which key is the same as the key of its parent.

def parentHasDifferentKey( self ):
    return self.parentHasDifferentKeyRecursive( self.root )

def parentHasDifferentKeyRecursive (self, node ):
    if node == None: return True
    leftSubtreeCheck  = self.parentHasDifferentKeyRecursive( node.left )
    rightSubtreeCheck = self.parentHasDifferentKeyRecursive( node.right )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
    # ...
    return ...

# .....
#   M A I N   P R O G R A M
T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.parentHasDifferentKey()
print( result )
'''
Example Tree scheme
      _____ 2 10 _____
     _____ 3 20 _____         4 -10
    0 -5         1 -5

(In the scheme, in each node, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
The output should be True
'''

```

```

class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
# .....

class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function leavesNegative returns True if and only if
# the keys in all leaves are negative
# and the keys in all internal nodes are positive.
# Otherwise the function returns False.
def leavesNegative( self ):
    return self.leavesNegativeRecursive ( self.root )

def leavesNegativeRecursive (self, node ):
    if node == None: return True
    leftConditionHolds = self.leavesNegativeRecursive( node.left )
    rightConditionHolds = self.leavesNegativeRecursive( node.right )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
    # ...
    # ...
    return ...

# .....
#   M A I N       P R O G R A M

T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.leavesNegative()
print( result )
'''

Example Tree scheme
      _____ 2 10 _____
     /_____ 3 20 _____ \_____ 4 -10
    /_____ 0 -5 _____ \_____ 1 -5
(In the scheme, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
'''

```

```

class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
# .....

class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function leafParentPositive returns True if and only if
# each parent of a leaf in the tree
# contains a positive key value.
# Otherwise the function returns False.

def leafParentPositive( self ):
    return self.leafParentPositiveRecursive( self.root )

def leafParentPositiveRecursive (self, node ):
    if node == None: return True
    leftSubtreeCheck  = self.leafParentPositiveRecursive( node.left )
    rightSubtreeCheck = self.leafParentPositiveRecursive( node.right )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here
    # ...
    return ...

# .....
#   M A I N   P R O G R A M
T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.leafParentPositive()
print( result )
'''
Example Tree scheme :
      _____ 2 10_____
     _____ 3 20_____         4 -10
    0 -5         1 -5
(In the scheme, in each node, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
The output should be True
'''

```

```

class Node:
    def __init__(self, label, key):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.key = key
        self.label = label

# .....
#                               B I N A R Y   T R E E
# .....

class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self ):
        self.root = None

    # build the tree
    def readFromInput(self):
        # ...

# .....
#   A FUNCTION TO BE COMPLETED

# The function subtreesSameTotal returns True if and only if
# the sum of positive keys in the left subtree of the root
# is equal to the sum of positive keys in the right subtree of the root.
# Otherwise the function returns False.
def subtreesSameTotal( self ):
    left = self.recursiveTotal( self.root.left )
    right = self.recursiveTotal( self.root.right )

    # suggest how to complete the return statement
    return ...

def recursiveTotal (self, node ):
    if node == None:
        return .... # choose return value
    leftTotal = self.recursiveTotal( node.left )
    rightTotal = self.recursiveTotal( node.right )
    # ... suggest how to fill in the missing code here:
    # ...

# .....
#   M A I N   P R O G R A M
T = BinaryTree( )
T.readFromInput()
result = T.subtreesSameTotal()
print( result )
'''
Example Tree scheme
      _____ 2 -10 _____
     /_____ 3 20 _____ \_____ 4 30
    /_____ 0 -5 _____ \_____ 1 10
(In the scheme, first comes the node label, and then the node key)
'''

```