

PKR Test-03 EN

1. Find all rotation matrices that transform vectors

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ to vectors } \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Let us assume a motion understood as a mapping of a general point X into a point Y given by

$$\vec{y}_\beta = \mathbf{R} \vec{x}_\beta + \vec{o}'_\beta,$$

where \vec{x}_β , resp. \vec{y}_β , are coordinates of the vector, that represents point X , resp. point Y , in the coordinate system with orthonormal basis β . Matrix \mathbf{R} and vector \vec{o}' are given as follows

$$\mathbf{R} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{o}'_\beta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Write down the matricidal equation that determines the points on the axis of motion.
(b) Find all points of the axis of motion.
3. Consider two rotations. The first rotation $\vec{y} = \mathbf{R}_1(\vec{x})$ is given by matrix

$$\mathbf{R}_1 = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The second rotation $\vec{y} = \mathbf{R}_2(\vec{x})$ is given by angle-axis parameterization

$$\theta_2 = \frac{\pi}{3}, \quad \vec{v}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

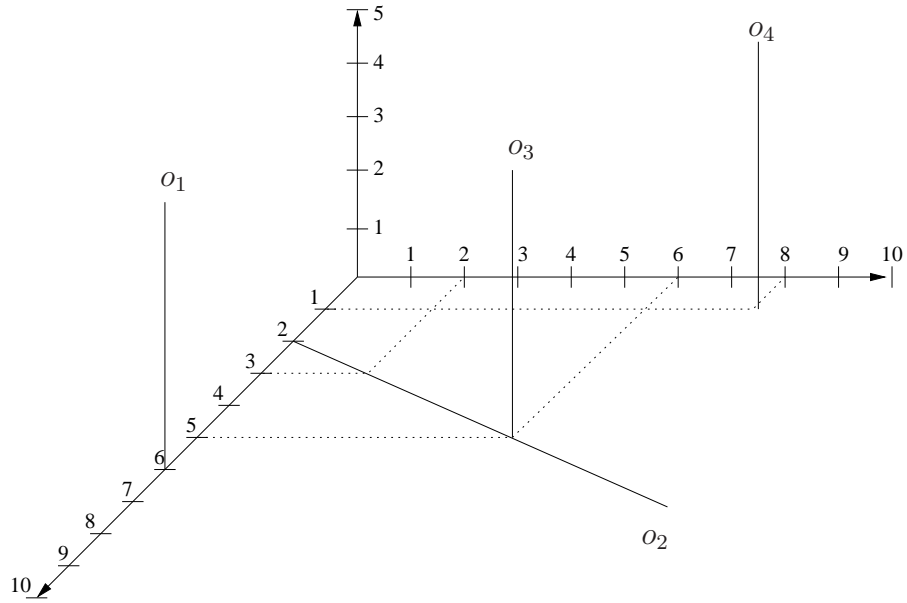
Find a unit quaternion representing the composite rotation

$$\mathbf{R}_2(\mathbf{R}_1(\vec{x}))$$

4. Construct a lexicographic Groebner basis w.r.t. the variable ordering $x > y$ of the following polynomial system and find all its complex solutions

$$\begin{aligned} xy + x + 1 &= 0 \\ xy + y + 1 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

5. Let us have a manipulator with four axes of motion as shown in the figure.



- Draw the coordinates system of the links as defined by the Denavit-Hartenberg convention into the figure;
- Compute the Denavit-Hartenberg parameters of the manipulator.

6. Let us have a manipulator whose forward kinematics is defined by the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f_1(\theta_1, d_2) \\ f_2(\theta_1, d_2) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l \cos \theta_1 \\ d_2 - l \sin \theta_1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad l > 0$$

Determine the sets of singular configurations and singular poses for this manipulator.