1 Virtualization – Motivation

Motivation

- Sharing of Computers
 - mainframes share powerful/expensive server hardware
 - network computing run cheap user machines
- Running Different OS required OS, multiple OSs
- Simulate Different HW no need to have specific hardware
- Simplify deployment unified environment!!!
- Clouds
 - give up skills to cloud provider, who haw the specialists, security certificates...

Types of Virtualization

- Hardware Virtualization
 - Snapshots
 - Migration
 - Failover
 - Licensing (e.g. Windows in VM requires license, Oracle licenses...)
- Native virtualization: z/VM (OS360, mainframes), KVM, VMWare ESXi, Xen
- Hosted: VMWare Server/Workstation(Player), VirtualBox
- User space (containers, zones, partitions, virtual environments, virtual kernels)
- OS containers: chroot (Linux) or jails (FreeBSD)
- Desktop virtualization: next slide

Key Problem Performance?

Desktop Virtualization

- Thin clients, network computing (Sun Microsystems, using ssh and X forward), diskless computers, booted from SFTP (my own reason to switch to Linux)
- Multiseat configuration (native in Unixes, Citrix, Win Server)
- Remote desktop (VNC, RDP)
- Recently 3D games streaming

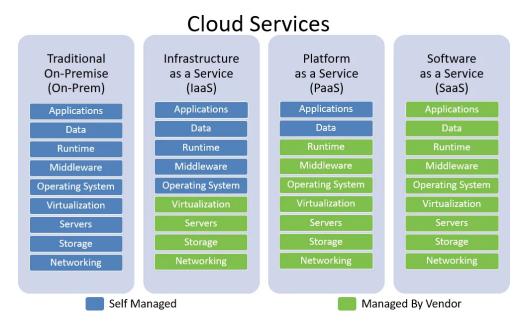


Figure 1: medium.com/swlh/iaas-vs-paas-vs-saas-dfece8fd6ca

Virtualization in Clouds

Cloud Services

- On-prem: software that is installed in the same building as your business.
- IaaS: cloud-based services, pay-as-you-go for services such as storage, networking, and virtualization.
- PaaS: hardware and software tools available over the internet.
- SaaS: software that is available via a third-party over the internet.
- Where is SpringBoot???
- SpringBoot between IaaS and PaaS, requires Operating system, provides Middleware (built-in Tomcat)

2 Docker

Containers

- Raise of containers
 - fast, very little overhead
 - safe enough, separates users/customers

- simple to configure
- Provide only fence between processes
 - share kernel
 - share memory
 - share CPU
 - process from inside doesn't see outside
 - virtualizes network, volumes (disk space)
- Docker became the most popular

Limits

- Memory limits
- CPU quotas
- Network isolation
- File system isolation (copy on write, disk quotas, I/O rate limits)
- Live migration
- Nested virtualization

2.1 WorkInProgress

2.2 Basics

Basics

- image read-only template
- container encapsulated environment based on
- layers transparent union filesystem
 - dependencies between images are layers (download independently)
 - line in Dockerfile is a layer (cache between rebuilds)
- registry keeps list of named images
- volume link to hosting filesystem

2.3 Make Your Own Docker

SpringBoot/Docker Guide

• https://spring.io/guides/topicals/spring-boot-docker/

Docker Your App

```
FROM eclipse-temurin:17-jdk-alpine
COPY target/*.jar app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java","-jar","/app.jar"]
```

- Dockerfile (default name of the image will be the directory name)
- COPY copies file into image
- ENTRYPOINT what is executed (container ends with this process)
- docker build -t kbss/e-shop .

Docker Your App

```
FROM eclipse-temurin:17-jdk-alpine
VOLUME /tmp
ARG JAR_FILE=target/*.jar
COPY ${JAR_FILE} app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["sh", "-c", "java ${JAVA_OPTS} -jar /app.jar"]
```

- Dockerfile (default name of the image will be the directory name)
- VOLUME makes persistent storage
- ARG specifies argument with default value
- COPY copies file into image
- ENTRYPOINT what is executed (container ends with this process)
- docker build --build-arg JAR_FILE=target/*.jar -t kbss/e-shop .

Build on a Clean Machine

- multi-stage build
- requires nothing on build machine, on front-end developer's machine
- copying data between containers

```
FROM maven:3.9.5-eclipse-temurin-17-alpine as build
WORKDIR /workspace/app
COPY pom.xml .
COPY src src

RUN mvn install

FROM eclipse-temurin:17-jdk-alpine
VOLUME /tmp
COPY --from=build /workspace/app/target/eshop-0.0.1.jar app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["sh", "-c", "java ${JAVA_OPTS} -jar /app.jar"]
```

Few More Options

- https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/
- Security
 - USER run as a different user
- why alpine
 - small
 - security small attack vector, few CVEs!!!
 - but no ping, traceroute...
- docker repositories (company-local)
- CI/CD, jenkins, automatic upload to nexus, docker repo

Docker - Beyond One App

- docker compose
 - run several docker images together
 - provide configuration for run
 - share network
 - "Infrastructure as a code"
 - docker-compose up
 - docker-compose up -d
 - docker-compose down

Docker-compose

```
version: '3'
services:
 spring:
  image: kbss/e-shop
  restart: unless-stopped
  depends_on:
    - db
  ports:
    - "8080:8080" # web
  image: postgres
  restart: always
  volumes:
    - db:/var/lib/postgresql/data
  environment:
    - POSTGRES_DB=ear
    - POSTGRES_USER=ear
    - POSTGRES_PASSWORD=ear
    - "8254:5432"
volumes:
   db:
```

Demo

- Build eshop
- Prepare Docker file
- multistage to build
- Prepare docker-compose with PG

Further Topics

- testcontainers
 - testing using Docker containers
 - perfect separation, complete environments
 - slower
- kubernetes
 - orchestarate many images on many nodes
 - yes, cloud

Real Deployment - Reverse Proxy

- Java application server is usually not publicly accessible
- Reverse proxy is used for performance and security

Forward Proxy Flow

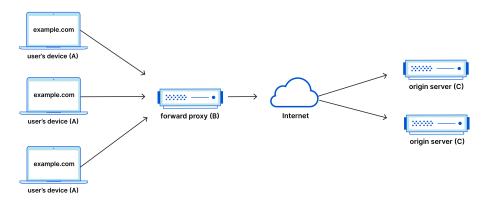


Figure 2: https://www.cloudflare.com/learning/cdn/glossary/reverse-proxy/

Forward Proxy

Reverse Proxy

Reverse Proxy

- Performance
 - web servers work faster than Java application server
 - perfect for static files (images, script)
 - faster SSL handling (ideally with HW support)
- nginx/apache either one
- **certificates** When separated computer, can have separate admin and customer's certificate.
- security simple servers have less vulnerabilities

The End

Thank You

Reverse Proxy Flow

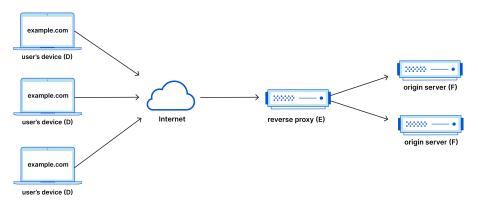


Figure 3: https://www.cloudflare.com/learning/cdn/glossary/reverse-proxy/

References

Dockerfile Documentation https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/

Spring Boot Docker https://spring.io/guides/topicals/spring-boot-docker/

Reverse Proxy https://www.cloudflare.com/learning/cdn/glossary/reverse-proxy/