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https://sites.google.com/site/matejhof

https://cyber.felk.cvut.cz/research/groups-teams/humanoids/

### **Overview**

- Subject description:
  - B3M33HRO Humanoidní roboti / BE3M33HRO Humanoid robots
- Course website and rules of the game:
  - https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/hro/start
- Literature and resources:
  - lectures and lecture slides
  - https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/hro/literature
- Timetable:
  - https://fel.cvut.cz/cz/education/rozvrhy-ng/public/html/predmety/66/52/p6652106.html
  - https://fel.cvut.cz/en/education/rozvrhy-ng/public/html/predmety/66/53/p6653806.html

### **Team**

### Lectures

Matěj Hoffmann





https://cyber.felk.cvut.cz/research/groups-teams/humanoids/

### Labs

Lukáš Rustler



Shubhan Patni



Jason Khoury



Jakub Rozlivek



### What is a robot?

any **automatically** operated machine that **replaces human effort**, though it **may not resemble human beings** in
appearance or perform functions in a humanlike manner.
<a href="https://www.britannica.com/technology/robot-technology">https://www.britannica.com/technology/robot-technology</a>

a machine that **resembles a living creature** in being capable of moving independently (as by walking or rolling on wheels) and performing complex actions (such as grasping and moving objects)

often: such a machine built to resemble a human being or animal in appearance and behavior

<a href="https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/robot">https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/robot</a>

# What Is a Robot?\* By Rodney Brooks

Shall I compare thee to creatures of God?
Thou art more simple and yet more remote.
You move about, but still today, a clod,
You sense and act but don't see or emote.

You make fast maps with laser light all spread, Then compare shapes to object libraries, And quickly plan a path, to move ahead, Then roll and touch and grasp so clumsily.

You learn just the tiniest little bit, And start to show some low intelligence, But we, your makers, Gods not, we admit, All pledge to quest for genuine sentience.

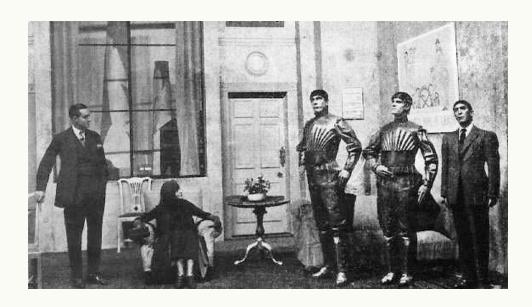
So long as mortals breathe, or eyes can see, We shall endeavor to give life to thee.

<sup>\*</sup> With thanks to William Shakespeare

### **History and etymology**

The concept of artificial humans predates recorded history (see <u>automaton</u>), but the modern term *robot* derives from the Czech word *robota* ("forced labour" or "serf"), used in <u>Karel Čapek</u>'s play <u>R.U.R.</u> (1920). The play's robots were manufactured humans, heartlessly exploited by factory owners until they revolted and ultimately destroyed humanity.

https://www.britannica.com/technology/robot-technology



# **Automata in history**

Year	Invention
1000BC	Talos
100AD	Early automata
1500s	Leonardo da Vinci's Mechanical Lion
1580s	Rabbi Loew's Golem
1700s	Pierre Jaquet-Droz' Writing automaton
1738	Jacques de Vaucanson Mechanical Duck
1816	Mary Shelley
1833	Babbage's difference engines
1926	Metropolis: Maria
1961	George Devol's Unimate



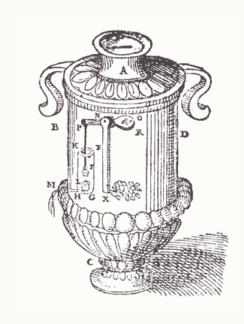


Talos (Τάλως)

From Greek mythology - a giant automaton made of bronze to protect Europa in Crete from pirates and invaders. He circled the island's shores three times daily.

# **Automata in history**

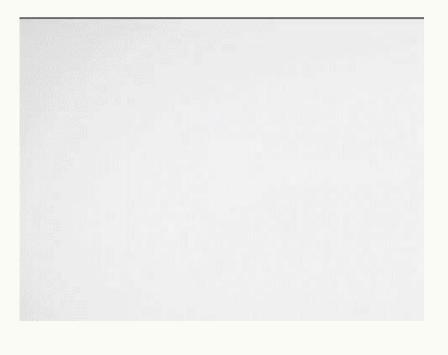
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Heron of Alexandria: the world's first vending machine dispensed holy water. Temple visitors would insert a coin into Heron's machine that would fall onto a lever which would open a valve and let water flow out

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# "Robots" in History

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# The First Commercial Robot (Unimate, 1961)



# Why humanoid robots?

Humans are so good...
"Moreover, humans are generalists with the ability to perform a wide variety of distinct tasks. Roboticists would like to create robots with comparable versatility and skill.... Exactly what to borrow from the human example is controversial."

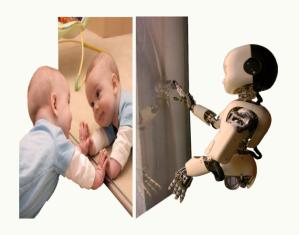
"The pleasing mirror. Humans are humanity's favorite subject." "People are highly attuned to human characteristics."

Human interaction.
Communication...



**Fig. 56.1** The humanoid robot HRP-1S driving a backhoe (Courtesy of Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Tokyu Construction and AIST). The robot can be teleoperated by a human operator to control the backhoe remotely. The same robot could potentially interface with many different unmodified machines

Human
environments.
Stairs, doors, tables,
human tools...
Humanoids vs.
specialized machines
and drive-by-wire....



Test-bed for theories from psychology and neuroscience.
Understanding (human) intelligence by building.

### **Robots and humans**

#### **Robots and Humans**

#### Front Matter

Pages 1789-1789

#### Humanoids

Paul Fitzpatrick, Kensuke Harada, Charles C. Kemp, Yoshio Matsumoto, Kazuhito Yokoi, Eiichi Yoshida Pages 1789-1818

#### **Human Motion Reconstruction**

Katsu Yamane, Wataru Takano Pages 1819-1834

#### Physical Human-Robot Interaction

Sami Haddadin, Elizabeth Croft Pages 1835-1874

#### Human-Robot Augmentation

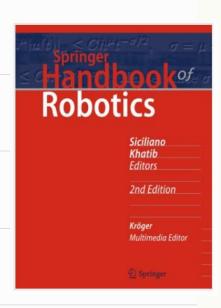
Massimo Bergamasco, Hugh Herr Pages 1875-1906

#### Cognitive Human-Robot Interaction

Bilge Mutlu, Nicholas Roy, Selma Šabanović Pages 1907-1934

#### Social Robotics

Cynthia Breazeal, Kerstin Dautenhahn, Takayuki Kanda Pages 1935-1972



#### Socially Assistive Robotics

Maja J. Matarić, Brian Scassellati Pages 1973-1994

#### Learning from Humans

Aude G. Billard, Sylvain Calinon, Rüdiger Dillmann Pages 1995-2014

#### **Biologically Inspired Robotics**

Fumiya Iida, Auke Jan Ijspeert Pages 2015-2034

#### **Evolutionary Robotics**

Stefano Nolfi, Josh Bongard, Phil Husbands, Dario Floreano Pages 2035-2068

#### Neurorobotics: From Vision to Action

Patrick van der Smagt, Michael A. Arbib, Giorgio Metta Pages 2069-2094

#### Perceptual Robotics

Heinrich Bülthoff, Christian Wallraven, Martin A. Giese Pages 2095-2114

#### Robotics for Education

David P. Miller, Illah Nourbakhsh Pages 2115-2134

#### Roboethics: Social and Ethical Implications

Gianmarco Veruggio, Fiorella Operto, George Bekey Pages 2135-2160

### From robots replacing people...

D<sup>3</sup> = Dull, Dirty, and Dangerous tasks [Gill Pratt]

Increase of automation leads to increase of productivity



### ...to people helping robots...



D<sup>3</sup> = Dull, Dirty, and Dangerous tasks [Gill Pratt]

Increase of collaboration leads to increase of productivity





# ...or robots helping people



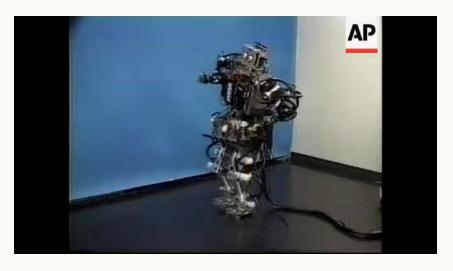


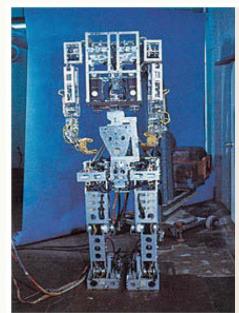


# **Humanoid robots – history – WABOT**

• 1973 – WABOT-1 - Ichiro Kato et al. @ Waseda University

"The WABOT robots integrated functions that have been under constant elaboration since: visual object recognition, speech generation, speech recognition, bimanual object manipulation, and bipedal walking."







**Fig. 67.8 (a)** WABOT-1 (1973) and **(b)** WABOT-2 (1984; courtesy Humanoid Robotics Institute, Waseda University)

check also <a href="https://robots.ieee.org/robots/">https://robots.ieee.org/robots/</a>

https://youtu.be/E9PyANzjeoY

### **Humanoid robots - history - Honda ASIMO**

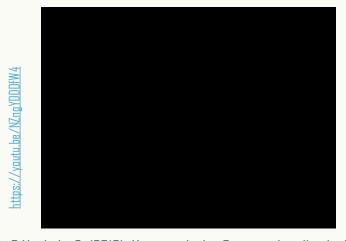
- Honda project, i.e. not a university project
- Started in 1986 as a confidential project to create a humanoid biped.
- In 1996, Honda unveiled the Honda Humanoid P2
  - first full-scale humanoid capable of stable bipedal walking with onboard power and processing
- leap forward in sturdiness, using specially cast lightweight high-rigidity mechanical links, and harmonic drives with high torque capacity.







**Fig. 67.9 (a)** Honda P2 (180 cm tall, 210 kg), **(b)** P3 (160 cm, 130 kg), and **(c)** advanced step in innovative mobility (glossnoidx-ASIMOadvanced step in innovative mobility) (120 cm, 43 kg) (after [67.31]; courtesy Honda)



Note: anthropomorphization

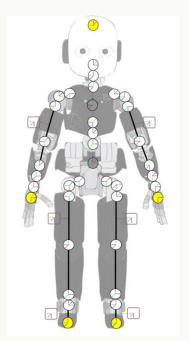
### The iCub humanoid (2004 - now)

- Size of a 4 year old child
- Motor / proprioception (joint angles)
  - 53 DOF



- cca 4000 pressuresensitive tactile elements (taxels) on the whole body
- Vision
  - 2 standard cameras in biomimetic DOF setup (pan, tilt, vergence)
- Force/torque sensors
- Inertial sensors
- Microphones...



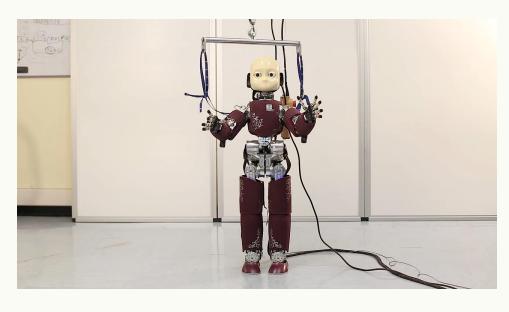


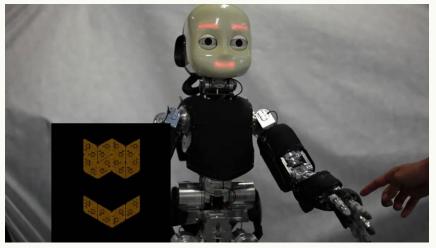


# iCub (videos)

iCub youtube channel: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCXBFWo4IQFkSJBfqdNrE1cA">https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCXBFWo4IQFkSJBfqdNrE1cA</a>

https://youtu.be/UPOLcElvwAO





https://youtu.be/pfse424t5mQ

Roncone, A.; Hoffmann, M.; Pattacini, U. & Metta, G. (2014), Automatic kinematic chain calibration using artificial skin: self-touch in the iCub humanoid robot, in 'Robotics and Automation (ICRA), 2014 IEEE International Conference on', pp. 2305-2312.

### iCub at the center of this course

# Why?

- it is a universal versatile platform we can study kinematics, dynamics, reaching, grasping, walking, balancing, ...
- it is a standard research platform with 50 exemplars around the world (see <a href="https://robot-bazaar.iit.it/robots">https://robot-bazaar.iit.it/robots</a>)
- it is open source; large collection of modules and training materials available (<a href="https://github.com/robotology">https://github.com/robotology</a>, <a href="https://github.com/vvv-school">https://github.com/vvv-school</a>, <a href="https://github.com/icub-training">https://github.com/icub-training</a>)
- it is available in our lab!

# Nao robot (2008 - now)

- 2008, Aldebaran/Softbank
- Currently in V6
  Used as a unified platform for research, social HRI in particular
  Used also for robot football Robocup
  Allows easy control via Choregraphe



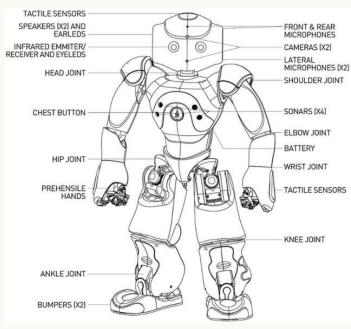


image courtesy of Softbank robotics

# Pepper robot (2014 - now)

- Spiritual successor to Nao, 2014
  Humanoid robot aimed at social interaction
- More widely used in practice (e.g., stores) Similar basic design, equipment, and software

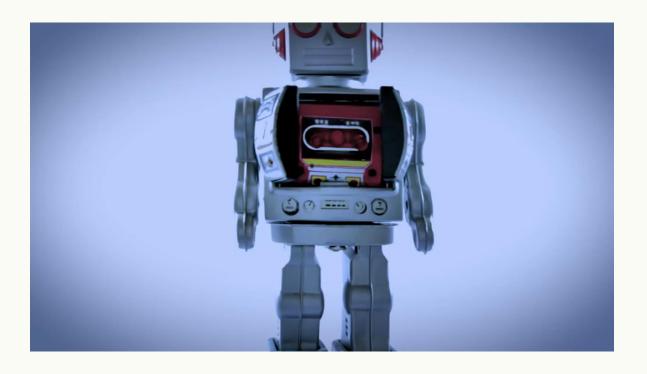




image courtesy of IEEE robots

### DARPA Robotics Challenge (DRC) (2012-2015)

- aimed to develop semi-autonomous ground robots that could do "complex tasks in dangerous, degraded, human-engineered environments"
- 7/18 teams with Atlas (Boston Dynamics)



https://youtu.be/g0TaYhjpOfo

### **Alternative designs**



Winner: KAIST – DRC Hubo https://youtu.be/H3PptkxA5CU

3rd - CHIMP CMU Tartan Rescue https://youtu.be/Wi2WsPUYDoY

### **DARPA Robotics Challenge**





Pls: Tony Stentz, Alonzo Kelly, Herman Herman, Eric Meyhofer Systems Lead: David Stager

**DARPA PM: Dr. Gill Pratt** 

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### Resources

- Nenchev, D. N., Konno, A., & Tsujita, T. (2018). Humanoid robots: Modeling and control. Butterworth-Heinemann. [LINK]
- Fitzpatrick, P., Harada, K., Kemp, C. C., Matsumoto, Y., Yokoi, K., & Yoshida, E. (2016). Humanoids. In Springer handbook of robotics (pp. 1789-1818). Springer, Cham.
- Slides from Alessandro Roncone @
   University of Colorado Boulder (Introduction to Robotics and Physical Human-Robot Interaction).