

Computing lexicographic Gröbner basis

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Algorithm 1: Multivariate Polynomial Division Algorithm

Input: $f, F = (f_1, \dots, f_s), \geq$ (monomial ordering)
Output: $(q_1, \dots, q_s), r$ such that $f = \sum_{i=1}^s q_i f_i + r$, $\text{LT}_{\geq}(r)$ is not divisible by any of $\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_i)$ or $r = 0$

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1  $q_1 \leftarrow \dots \leftarrow q_s \leftarrow r \leftarrow 0$ 
2  $p \leftarrow f$ 
3 while  $p \neq 0$  do
4    $i \leftarrow 1$ 
5   divisionoccured  $\leftarrow FALSE$ 
6   while  $i \leq s$  and divisionoccured =  $FALSE$  do
7     if  $\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_i)$  divides  $\text{LT}_{\geq}(p)$  then
8        $q_i \leftarrow q_i + \frac{\text{LT}_{\geq}(p)}{\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_i)}$ 
9        $p \leftarrow p - \frac{\text{LT}_{\geq}(p)}{\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_i)} f_i$ 
10      divisionoccured  $\leftarrow TRUE$ 
11     else
12        $i \leftarrow i + 1$ 
13   if divisionoccured =  $FALSE$  then
14      $r \leftarrow r + \text{LT}_{\geq}(p)$ 
15      $p \leftarrow p - \text{LT}_{\geq}(p)$ 
16 return  $(q_1, \dots, q_s), r$ 
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Algorithm 2: Buchberger's Algorithm

Input: $F = (f_1, \dots, f_s), \geq$ (monomial ordering)
Output: Groebner basis G of F w.r.t. \geq monomial ordering

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1  $t \leftarrow s$ 
2  $G \leftarrow F$ 
3  $B \leftarrow \{(i, j) \mid 1 \leq i < j \leq s\}$ 
4 while  $B \neq \emptyset$  do
5   Select  $(i, j) \in B$ 
6    $r \leftarrow \overline{S_{\geq}(f_i, f_j)}^{(G, \geq)}$ 
7   if  $r \neq 0$  then
8      $t \leftarrow t + 1$ 
9      $f_t \leftarrow r$ 
10     $G \leftarrow (f_1, \dots, f_t)$ 
11     $B \leftarrow B \cup \{(i, t) \mid 1 \leq i \leq t - 1\}$ 
12     $B \leftarrow B \setminus \{(i, j)\}$ 
13 return  $G$ 
```

Remark. In the implementation of Buchberger's algorithm the notation $\overline{S_{\geq}(f_i, f_j)}^{(G, \geq)}$ for the monomial ordering \geq is used. It simply denotes the remainder of the division of the S -polynomial of f_i and f_j w.r.t. \geq

$$S_{\geq}(f_i, f_j) = \frac{\text{LCM}(\text{LM}_{\geq}(f_i), \text{LM}_{\geq}(f_j))}{\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_i)} \cdot f_i - \frac{\text{LCM}(\text{LM}_{\geq}(f_i), \text{LM}_{\geq}(f_j))}{\text{LT}_{\geq}(f_j)} \cdot f_j$$

by the ordered tuple of polynomials G w.r.t. \geq .

Task 1. Consider the polynomial system $F = (f_1, f_2) = (xy - 1, x^2 - y)$. Compute a lexicographic Gröbner basis G of F w.r.t. the variable ordering $x > y$ and retrieve the solutions to F from G .