

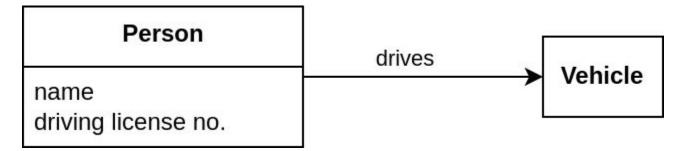
# UFO, OntoUML

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# Conceptualization learnt so far



```
# RDFS
:driving-license-no rdfs:domain :Person .
:name rdfs:domain :Person .
:drives rdfs:domain :Person ;
    rdfs:range :Vehicle .
```



## Conceptualization learnt so far

```
Person

1 drives 0..N

Name [1]

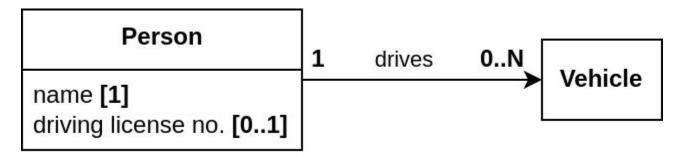
driving license no. [0..1]
```

```
# OWL
...
:Vehicle rdfs:subClassOf [ a owl:Restriction ;
  owl:onProperty [ owl:inverseOf :drives] ;
  owl:cardinality 1 .]

:Person rdfs:subClassOf
  [ a owl:Restriction ; owl:onProperty :driving-license-no ;
  owl:maxCardinality 1 .],
  [ a owl:Restriction ; owl:onProperty :name ; owl:cardinality 1 .]
```



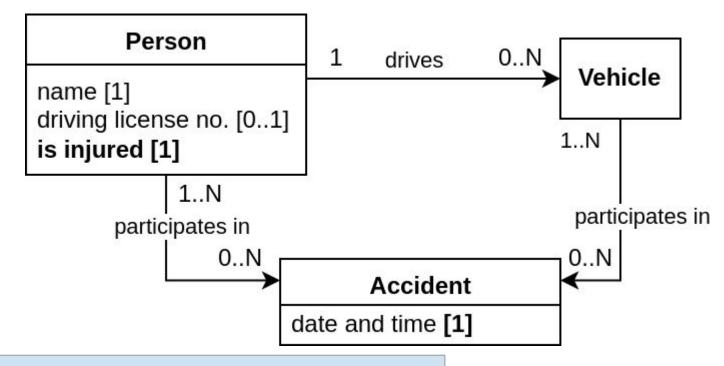
# Conceptualization so far



- Who is a person? A physical person? A legal person?
- How to capture, that some people do not have a driving licence, yet they drive a vehicle?
- How to capture, that some people have a driving licence, yet they do not drive a vehicle?



# Conceptualization so far



- What does this model imply?
- How to distinguish who is injured and who is not?



## Endurant vs. Perdurants

**Endurant** is a class, instances of which **change their state** (attributes/relationships) over time.

**Perdurant** is a class, instances of which **do not change their state** (attributes/relationships) over time.

#### Person

 John's driving license number might change

#### **Accident**

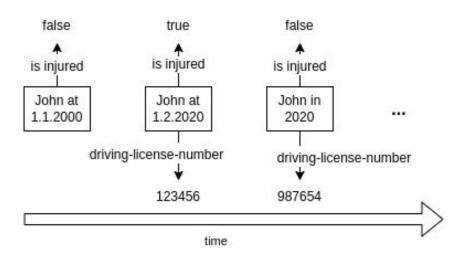
- a car crash happened at some time point (interval) and cannot change its time/place/participants any more.



## Endurant vs. Perdurants

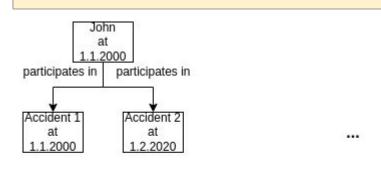
#### Person

 John's driving license number might change



#### **Accident**

- a car crash happened at some time point (interval) and cannot change its time/place/participants any more.



time



# Driving license holder vs. Vehicle Owner

A class is **sortal** if all its instances have the same **principle of identity**. A class is **non-sortal** if its instances can be partitioned according to **different principles of identity**.

**Driving license holder** can always identified by its DNA, because (s)he is a human









**Vehicle owner** can be identified by DNA (human) or by a business entity id (company).











# Person vs. Driving license holder

A class is **rigid** if all its instances exist iff they belong to the class.

A class is **anti-rigid** if all its instances sometimes belong to the class during their existence and sometimes do not belong to the class during their existence.

#### Person

John Doe was a Person the whole its life.



#### **Driving license holder**

- John was not a *Driving license holder* in 2000-2020
- John was a *Driving license holder* 2020+





# Unified Foundational Ontology (UFO)

How to guide modelers through conceptual model creation?

- a descriptive foundational ontology by Giancarlo Guizzardi et al.
  - Guizzardi, G. (2005). Ontological foundations for structural conceptual models.
     Telematica Instituut / CTIT.
- based on theories from Formal Ontology, Philosophical Logics,
   Philosophy of Language, Linguistics and Cognitive Psychology
- incorporates ideas from GFO, DOLCE and the Ontology of Universals
- underlying OntoClean

# Type/Class characteristics

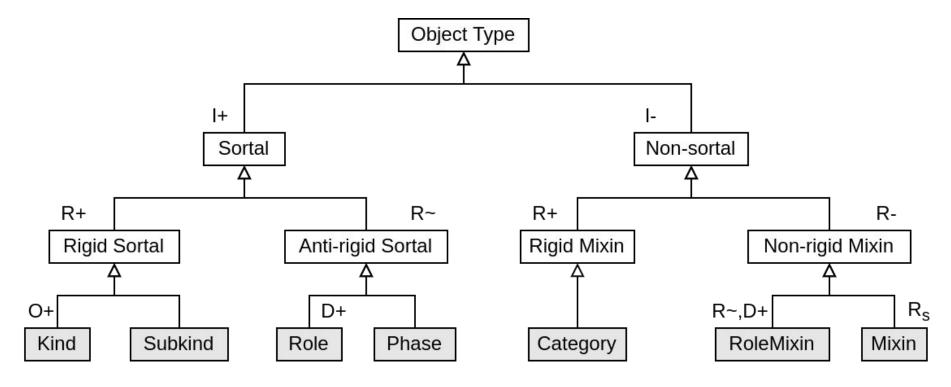
Let T be an endurant type.

- Identity
  - I<sup>+</sup>(T) carries identity
  - O<sup>+</sup>(T) supplies identity
- Rigidity

Relational Dependence



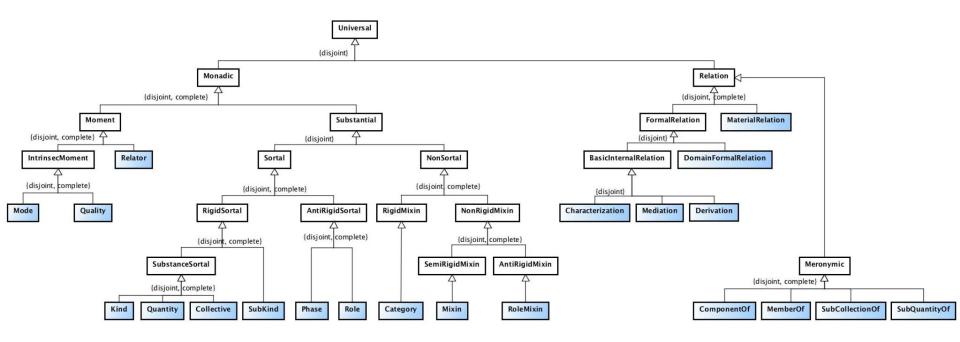
# UFO object types



See <a href="http://quizzardi.panrepa.org/PUE-2016-p3.pdf">http://quizzardi.panrepa.org/PUE-2016-p3.pdf</a>



# **UFO** Universal Hierarchy



Taken from <a href="https://ontouml.org/ontouml/metamodel-definitions/">https://ontouml.org/ontouml/metamodel-definitions/</a>



# UFO ecosystem



UFO-S (Services)

UFO-L (Legal Relations)

UFO-C (Social Reality)

UFO-A (Endurants)

**UFO-B** (Perdurants)



#### **UFO** modules

#### UFO-A

 an ontology of endurants dealing with aspects of structural conceptual modeling such types and taxonomic structures, part-whole relations, particularized intrinsic properties, attributes and attribute value spaces, particularized relational properties and relations, roles [guizzardi2005ontological]

#### UFO-B

 an ontology of perdurants (events, processes) including perdurant mereology, temporal ordering of perdurants, object participation in perdurants, causation, change and the connection between perdurans and endurants via dispositions [guizzardi2005ontological]

#### UFO-C

o an ontology of intentional and social entities addressing notions such as beliefs, desires, intentions, goals, actions, commitments and claims, social roles and social particularized relational complexes (social relators) [guizzardi2008grounding].

#### UFO-S

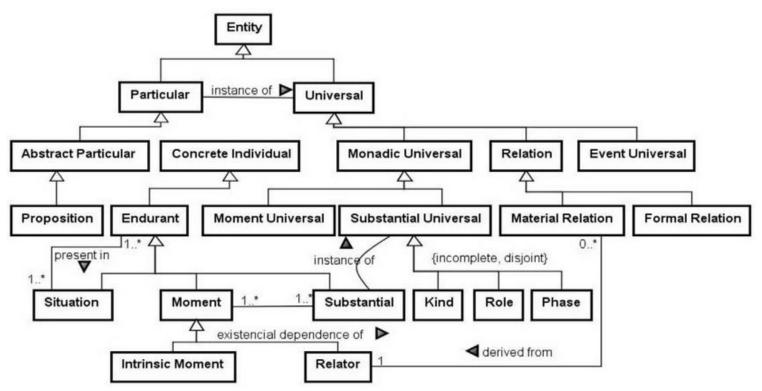
- on ontology for commitment-based services [nardi2013towards]
- UFO-L
  - an ontology for legal domain [[griffo2015towards].

#### UFO-MLT

multi-level theory modeling



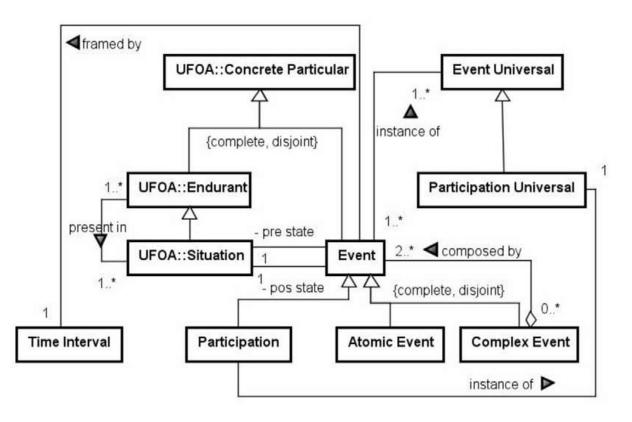
### **UFO-A Essentials**



From: Rodrigues, Cleyton & Bezerra, Camila & Freitas, Fred & Oliveira, Ítalo. (2020). Handling Crimes of Omission by reconciling a criminal core ontology with UFO. Applied Ontology. 15. 1-33. 10.3233/AO-200223.



## **UFO-B Essentials**

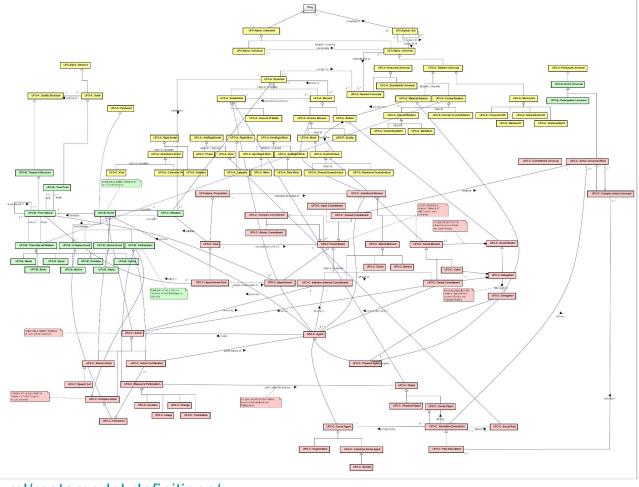


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# Excerpt of UFO model

- yellow UFO-A
- green UFO-B
- red UFO-C





## OntoUml basics

#### OntoUML is an extension of UML based on UFO.

#### **Class stereotypes**

- Kind
- Subkind
- Role
- Phase
- Category
- RoleMixin
- Mixin
- Relator
- Mode
- Quality
- Collective
- Quantity

#### **Association stereotypes**

- Formal
- Mediation
- MaterialDerivation
- Characterization
- Structuration
- Part-Whole Relations
- ComponentOf
- SubCollectionOf
- MemberOf
- Containment
- SubQuantityOf

Taken from https://ontouml.org/ontouml



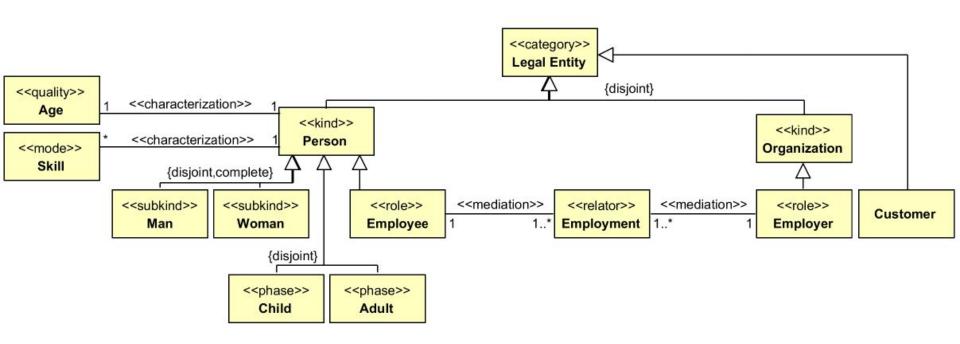
# OntoUml constraints examples

OntoUML stereotypes define constraints for conceptual models.

- Kind cannot specialize Kind, SubKind, Role, Phase
- Anti-rigid sortals must have a single Kind higher in the hieararchy
- Non-sortals cannot specialize Kinds
- Rigid types cannot specialize Anti-rigid types

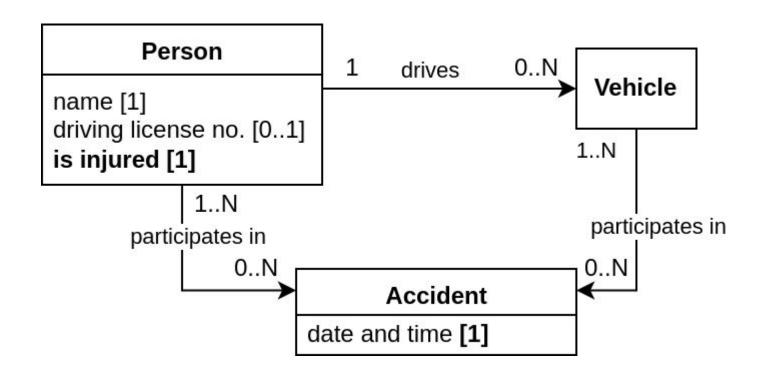


## OntoUml Example





# How to OntoUmlize this example?





#### Reference

- Guizzardi, Giancarlo. (2005). Ontological Foundations for Structural Conceptual Models. PhD Thesis.
- 2. Rodrigues, Cleyton & Bezerra, Camila & Freitas, Fred & Oliveira, Ítalo. (2020). Handling Crimes of Omission by reconciling a criminal core ontology with UFO. Applied Ontology. 15. 1-33. 10.3233/AO-200223.