

Classifiers 2

Z. Straka, P. Švarný, J. Kostlivá

Today two examples:

1. Covid-19 testing example
2. Overfitting and underfitting

Covid-19 testing example

Covid-19 testing example

The screenshot shows the homepage of Seznam Zprávy. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the 'SZ' logo, the text 'Seznam Zprávy', a search input field containing 'Hledat...', and a magnifying glass icon. Below the navigation bar, there is a large graphic of a coronavirus cell. To the right of the graphic, the word 'Koronavirus' is written in large letters. Next to it is a red button with the letter 'R' and the number '0,9'. To the right of the button is a question mark icon. Further to the right, it says 'ČR: Testů 348,849' and 'Nakaže'. Below the main title, there is a horizontal menu with categories: ONLINE, ČESKO, SVĚT, MAPA, ZÁCHRANA BYZNYSU, and NEWSLETTER. Below the menu, there is a breadcrumb trail: 'Zprávy » Koronavirus » Testy ». Přesné testy odhalily, že v Česku už měl koronavirus každý dvacátý'. The main headline below the breadcrumb trail reads: 'Přesné testy odhalily, že v Česku už měl koronavirus každý dvacátý'.

Source: [Seznam zprávy](#)

For details see a post from [Jakub Steiner](#) on Facebook.

Covid-19 testing example

Let's suppose that 0.5% of a population has already been infected by covid-19. Someone else bought covid-19 tests with specificity=0.9 (specificity = $\frac{TN}{TN+FP}$) and wants to test 2000 people from the population. How many of the tests will be false positive?

- A: 10
- B: 99
- C: 199
- D: 399

Covid-19 testing example

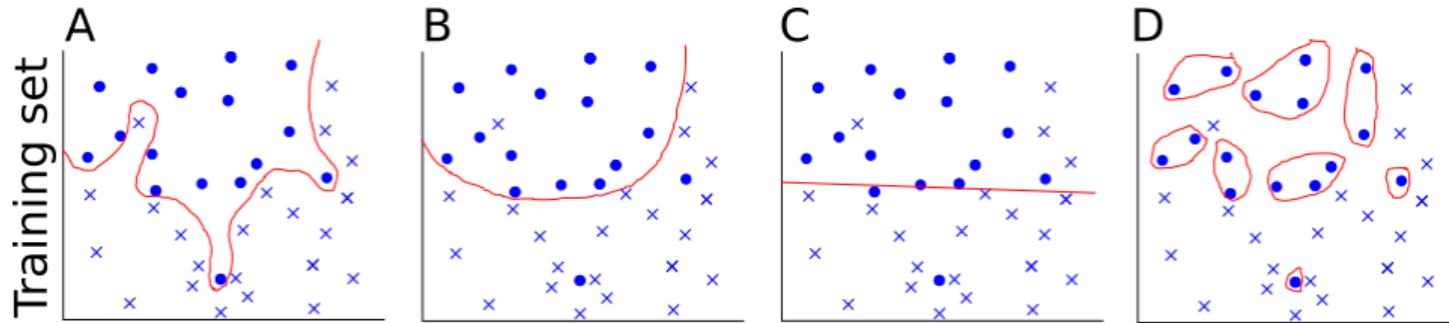
Let's suppose that 0.5% of a population has already been infected by covid-19. Someone else bought covid-19 tests with specificity=0.9 (specificity = $\frac{TN}{TN+FP}$) and wants to test 2000 people from the population. How many of the tests will be false positive?

C: $199 = (0.995 * 2000) * 0.1$

- ▶ $0.995 * 2000 = 1990$ people have not been infected
- ▶ As specificity is 0.9, ten percent of all negative samples (i.e., $TN+FP$) are determined as false positive.

Overfitting and underfitting

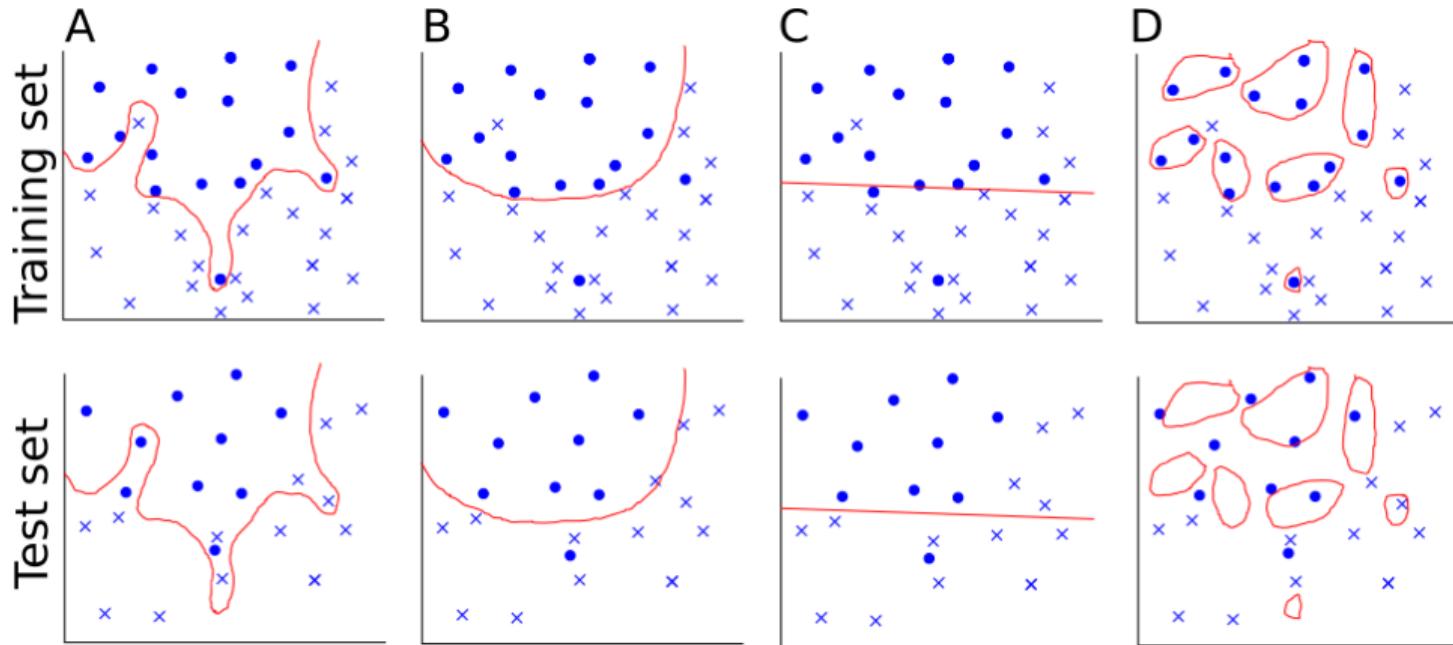
Overfitting and underfitting



Which classifier (A,B,C,D) is the best? Why?

Break-out rooms discussion..

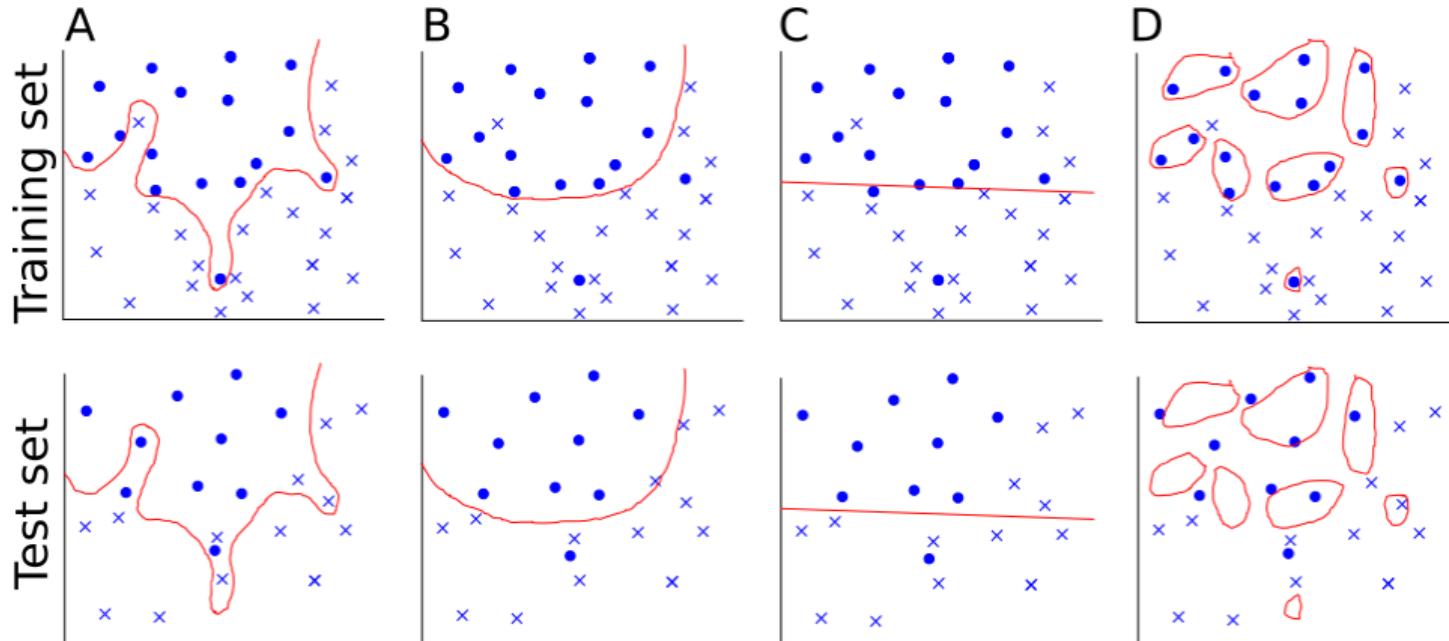
Overfitting and underfitting



Which classifier (A,B,C,D) is the best? Why?

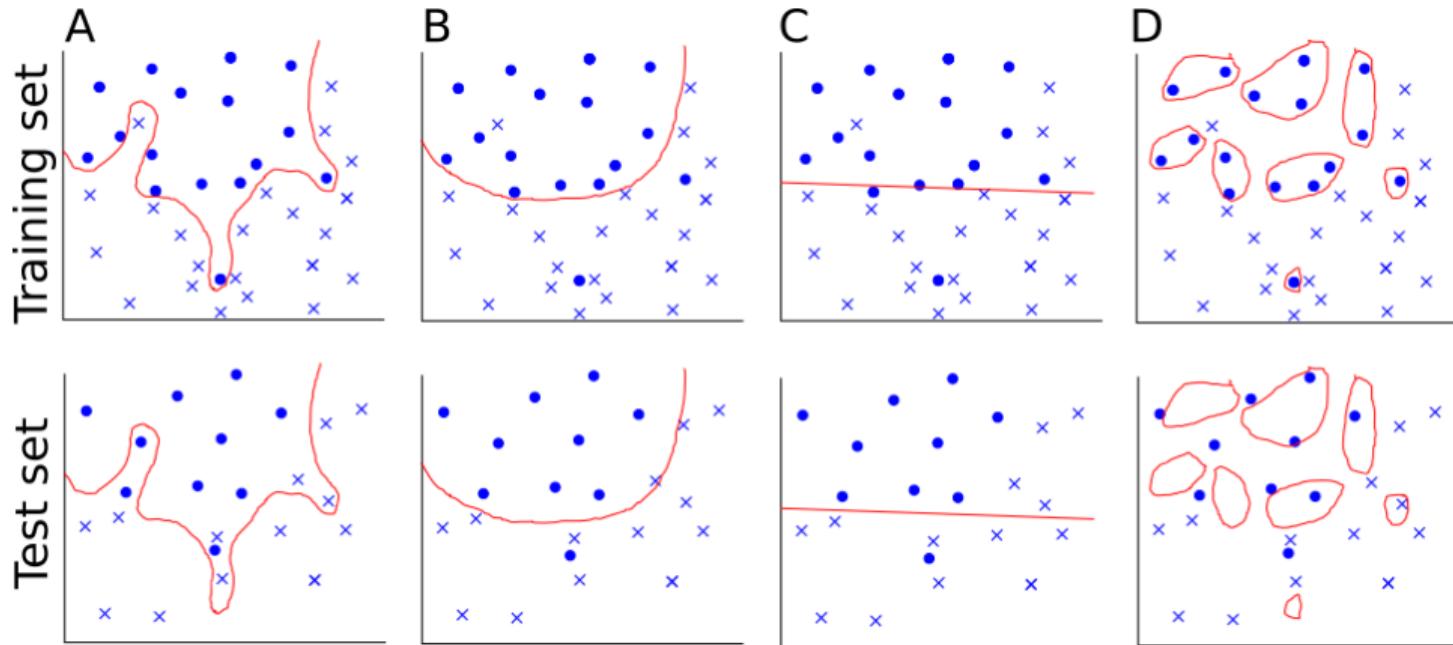
B

Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is underfitted.

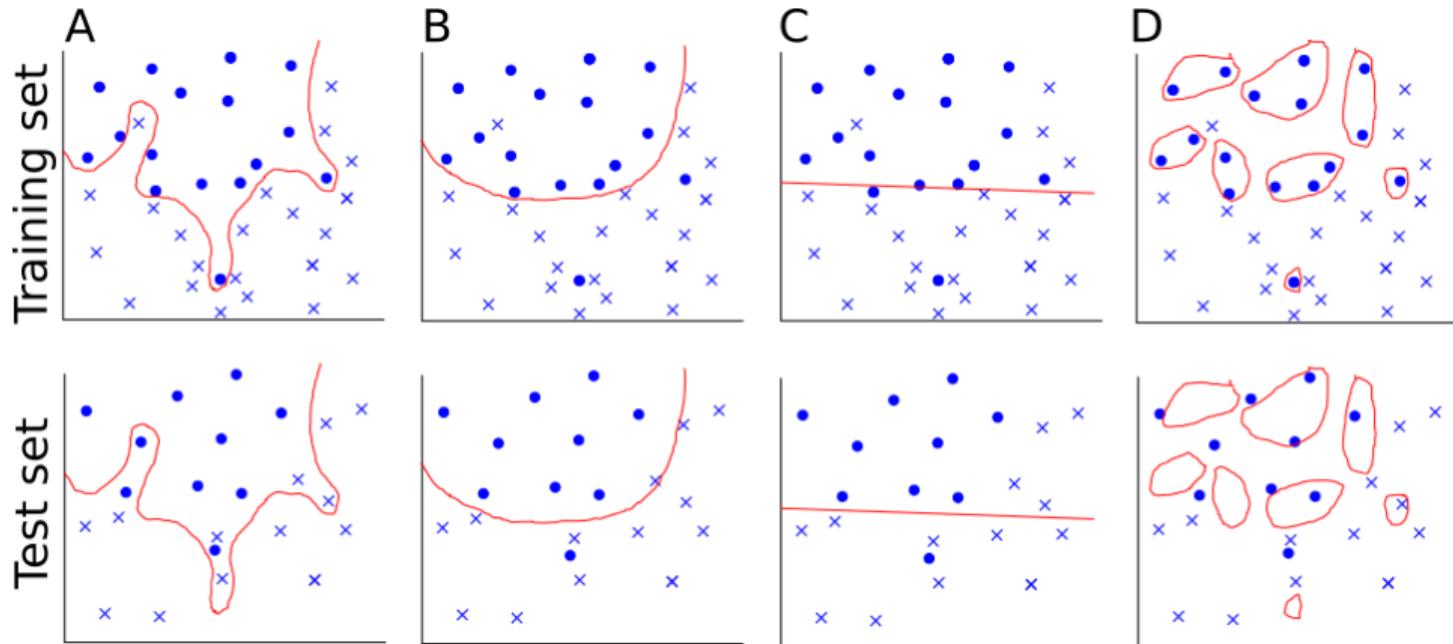
Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is underfitted.

C

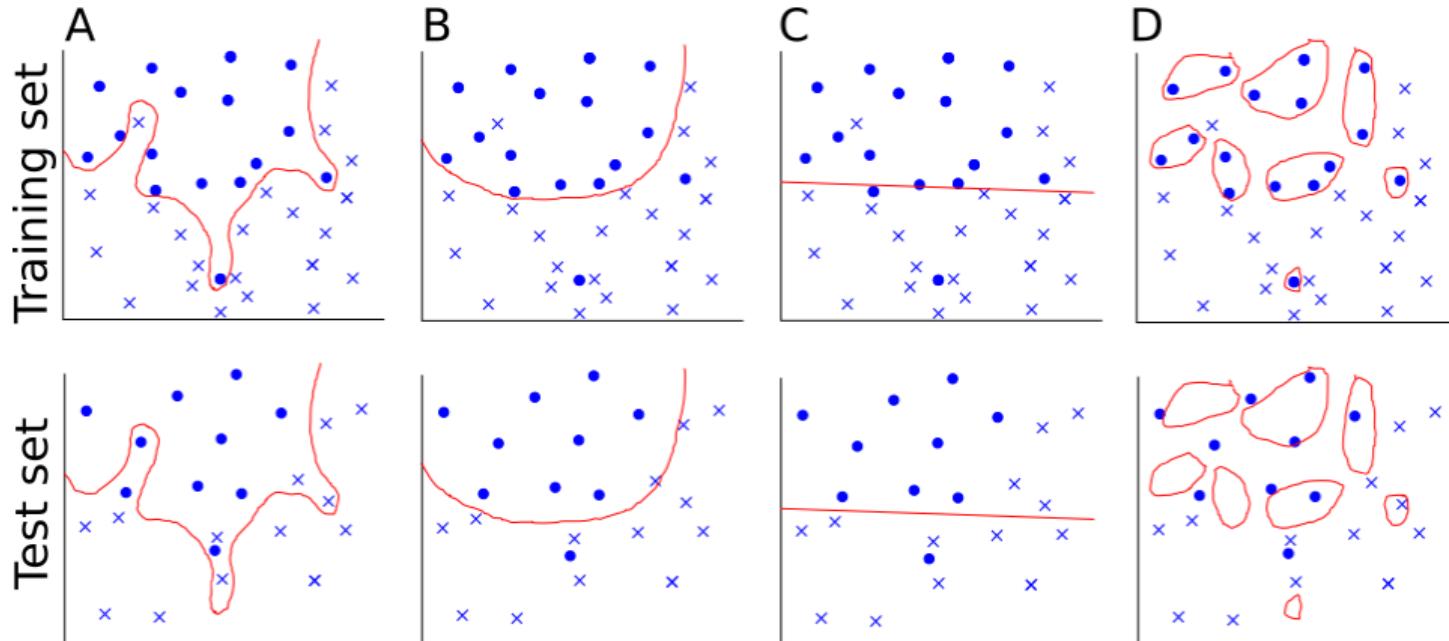
Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is underfitted.

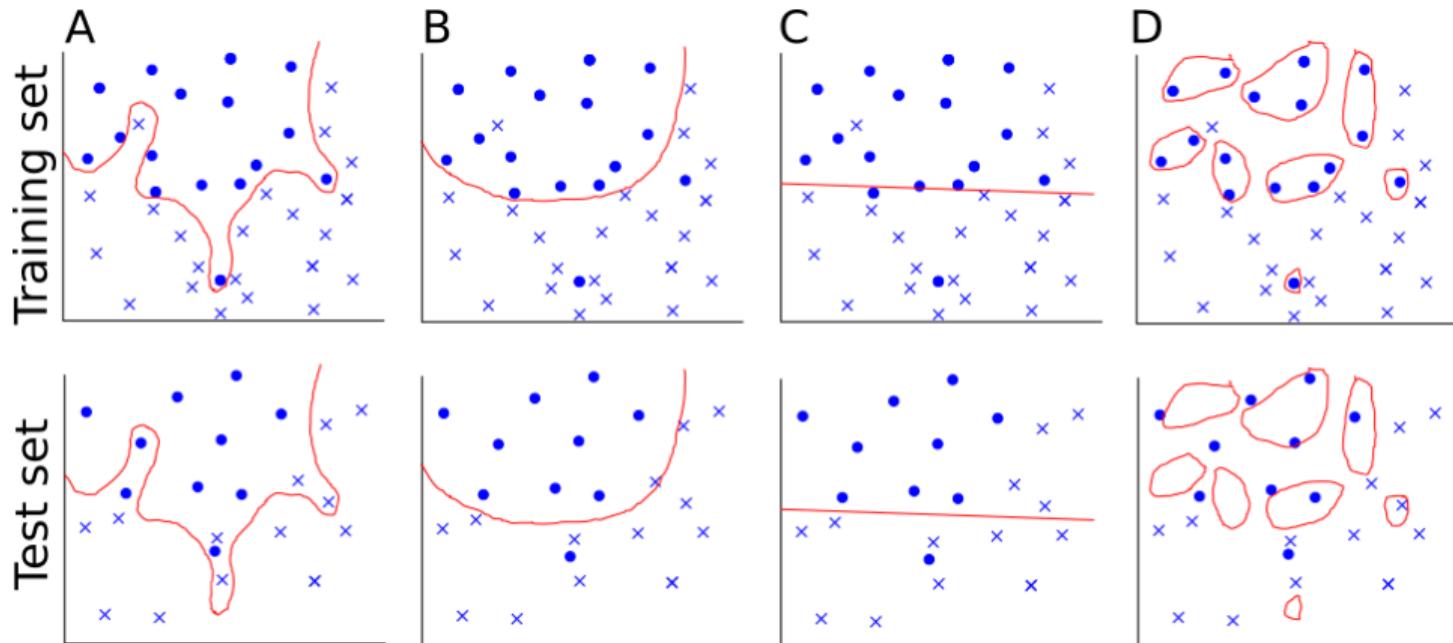
Discuss how you recognize underfitting from training error.

Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is overfitted.

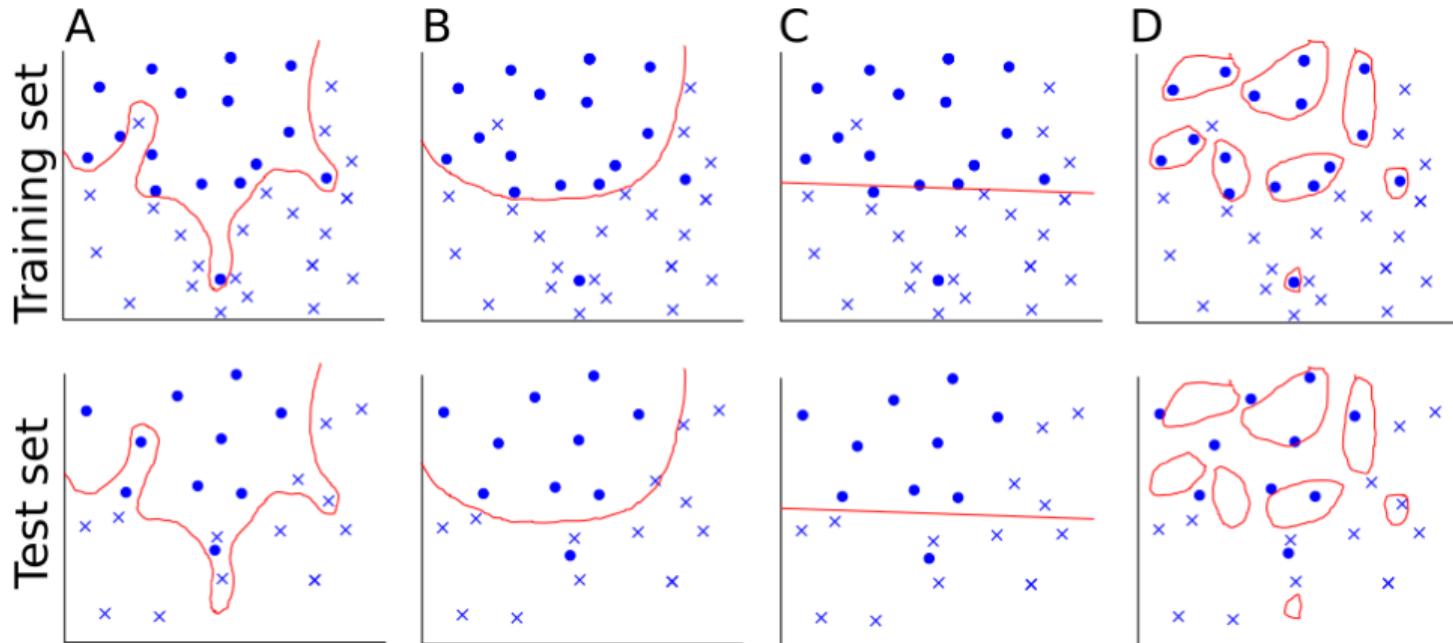
Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is overfitted.

A and **D**

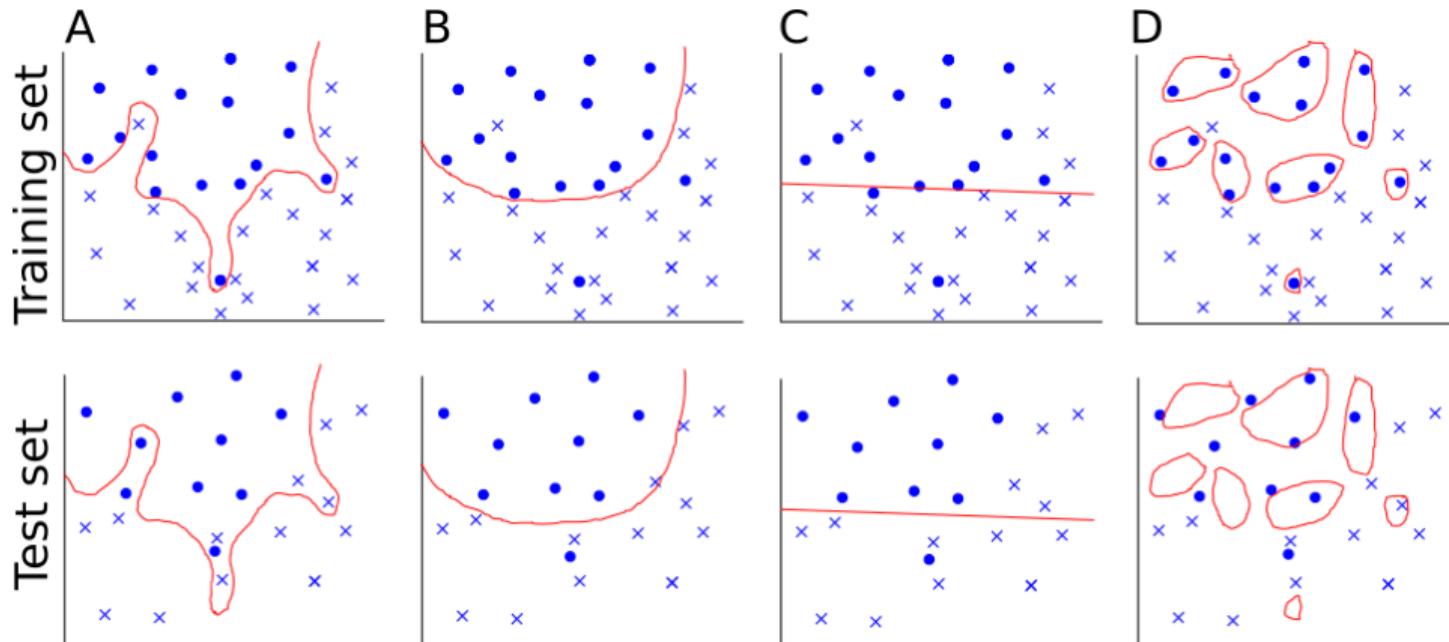
Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier which is overfitted.

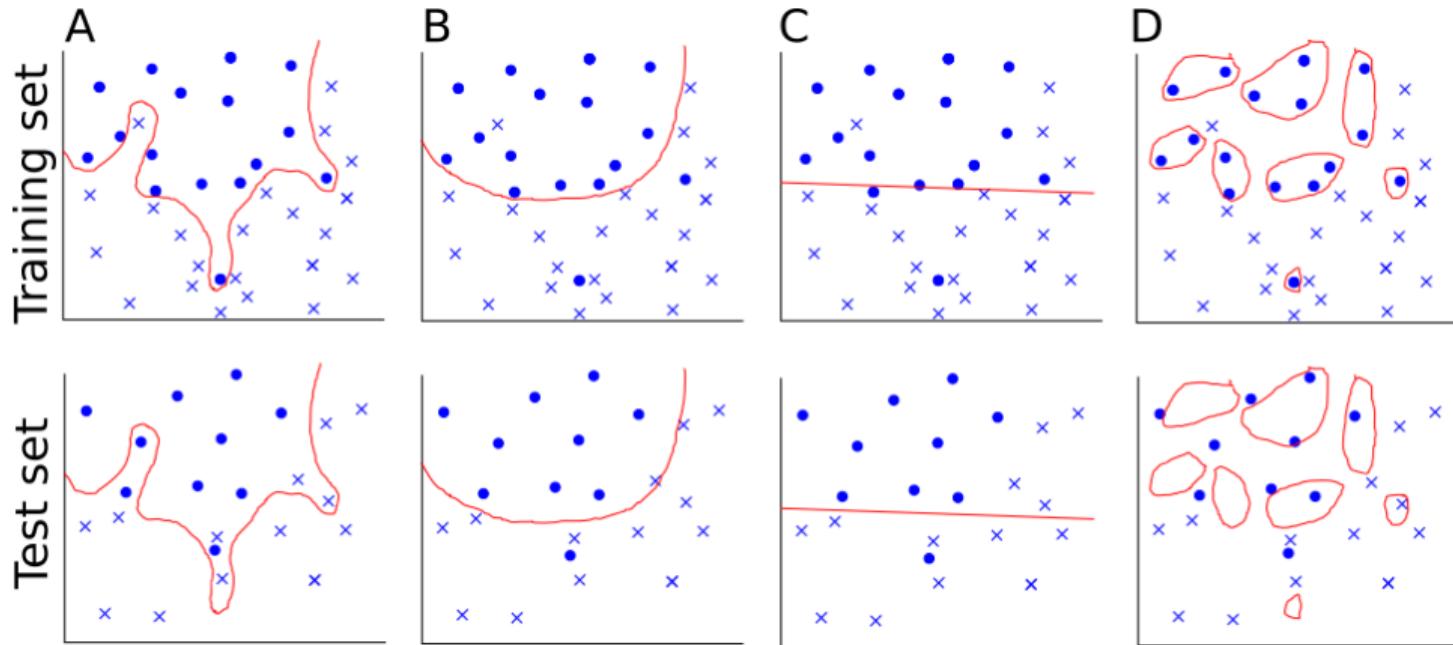
Discuss how you recognize overfitting from training and validation error.

Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier with the worst generalization.

Overfitting and underfitting



Select a classifier with the worst generalization.

D

Overfitting and underfitting

What is most common relationship between training and validation error?

- A: validation error < training error
- B: validation error > training error
- C: validation error = training error

Overfitting and underfitting

What is most common relationship between training and validation error?

B: validation error > training error