STATISTICAL MACHINE LEARNING (SML2019) 5. COMPUTER LAB Ensembling

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1 Overview

The goal of this laboratory lab is to experiment with ensemble methods. Given an implementation of regression tree, your task will be to implement Random Forest and Gradient Boosted Trees algorithms. In both cases you will fit regression models to a) a simple one-dimensional sin dataset (see Figure 1), b) more intricate Boston housing data¹.

2 Download

The Python 3 sources and data can be downloaded from this link:

https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/_media/courses/be4m33ssu/ensembling_src.zip

The zip file contains a single commented source file ensembling.py and Boston housing dataset stored in housing.csv. Your task is to fill in or modify the code. You are free to modify any parts of the source with an exception of methods generating/importing the datasets. Unless otherwise stated, run the methods with default parameters as indicated in the corresponding class constructors.

3 Task assignment

Assignment 1 (1 points)

- 1. Plot train and test RMSEs for regression trees of maximum depth $d \in \{0, 1, ..., 15\}$ fitting them on the sin dataset.
- 2. Plot the same for the Boston housing data.
- 3. Discuss results in both cases.

Hint: Functions experiment_tree_sin and experiment_tree_housing should get you started. You can employ the generate_plot for all assignments.

Assignment 2 (3 points)

1. Implement Random Forest by completing the RandomForest class.

¹The dataset is described here: https://www.kaggle.com/c/boston-housing. We use only the *train* part here.

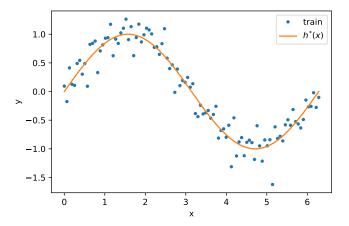


Figure 1: **Sin dataset.** The training set consists of 100 samples $(x_i, y_i) \in \mathcal{T}^{100}$, i = 1, ..., 20, where $x_i \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 2\pi)$ and $y_i \sim \sin(x_i) + \mathcal{N}(\mu = 0, \sigma = 0.2)$. The test set contains 1000 samples generated in exactly the same way. Note that $h^*(x) = \sin(x)$ is the optimal predictor.

- 2. Plot train and test RMSEs for the Random Forests of $K \in \{1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200\}$ trees trained on the sin dataset. Do not limit tree depths.
- 3. Plot the same for the Boston housing data.
- 4. Plot train and test RMSEs for Random Forests of K = 200 trees comparing results when a) two, b) half or c) all attributes² are considered when splitting a node in RegressionTree.build_tree(). Run for Boston housing dataset, only.
- 5. Discuss results in all cases.

Assignment 3 (4 points)

- 1. Implement Gradient Boosted Trees algorithm by completing the GradientBoostedTrees class. Use squared loss and a fixed learning rate β (see lecture slides).
- 2. Plot train and test RMSEs for the GBTs of $K \in \{1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000\}$ trees trained on the sin dataset. Set maximum depth of trees to d = 1 (decision stumps). Give four figures for the following values of the learning rate $\beta \in \{0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0\}$.
- 3. Plot the same for the Boston housing data.
- 4. Discuss results in all cases.

Hint: You can use a regression tree with maximum depth d = 0 as an initial model $f_0(x)$.

Assignment 4 (2 bonus points)

- 1. Parallelize your implementation of the Random Forest from Assignment 2.
- 2. Measure speedup on Boston housing for K = 1000 trees.

²This is the default setting, see max_features in both RegressionTree and RandomForest constructors.