

DCGI

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND INTERACTION

WA2 | PRACTICE B

Windows Azure Platform Introduction

PRACTICE OUTLINE

- ▶ Test
- ▶ Windows Azure data management

WA | SESSION MANAGEMENT

▶ Table Storage

- + Low cost, - might be slow

▶ SQL Azure

- + Low cost, + Faster than table, - maintenance

▶ Hosting In-Role Cache on Dedicated Roles (Windows Azure Cache)

- dedicated or co-located
- + Fast, - Extra cost for dedicated

▶ Windows Azure Cache Service (Preview)

- - cost

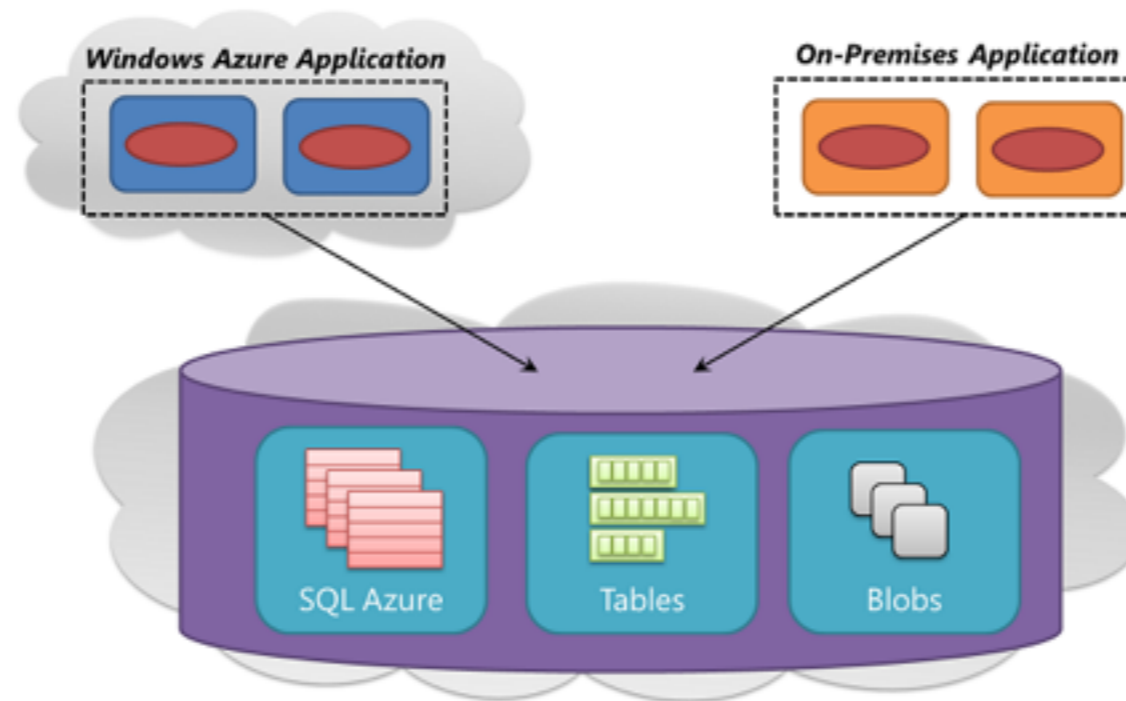
WA | VIRTUAL MACHINE SIZES

instance	CPU Cores	Memory
extra small	shared	768 MB
small	1	1.75 GB
medium	2	3.5 GB
large	4	7 GB
extra large	8	14 GB

WA | DATA MANAGEMENT

- ▶ instances are monitored and can be restarted
 - if crashed or unresponsive
 - for maintenance (e.g. OS upgrade)
 - restart deletes locally stored data
- ▶ persistent data must be stored out of instance
- ▶ solution: SQL Azure, tables, blobs

WA | DATA MANAGEMENT

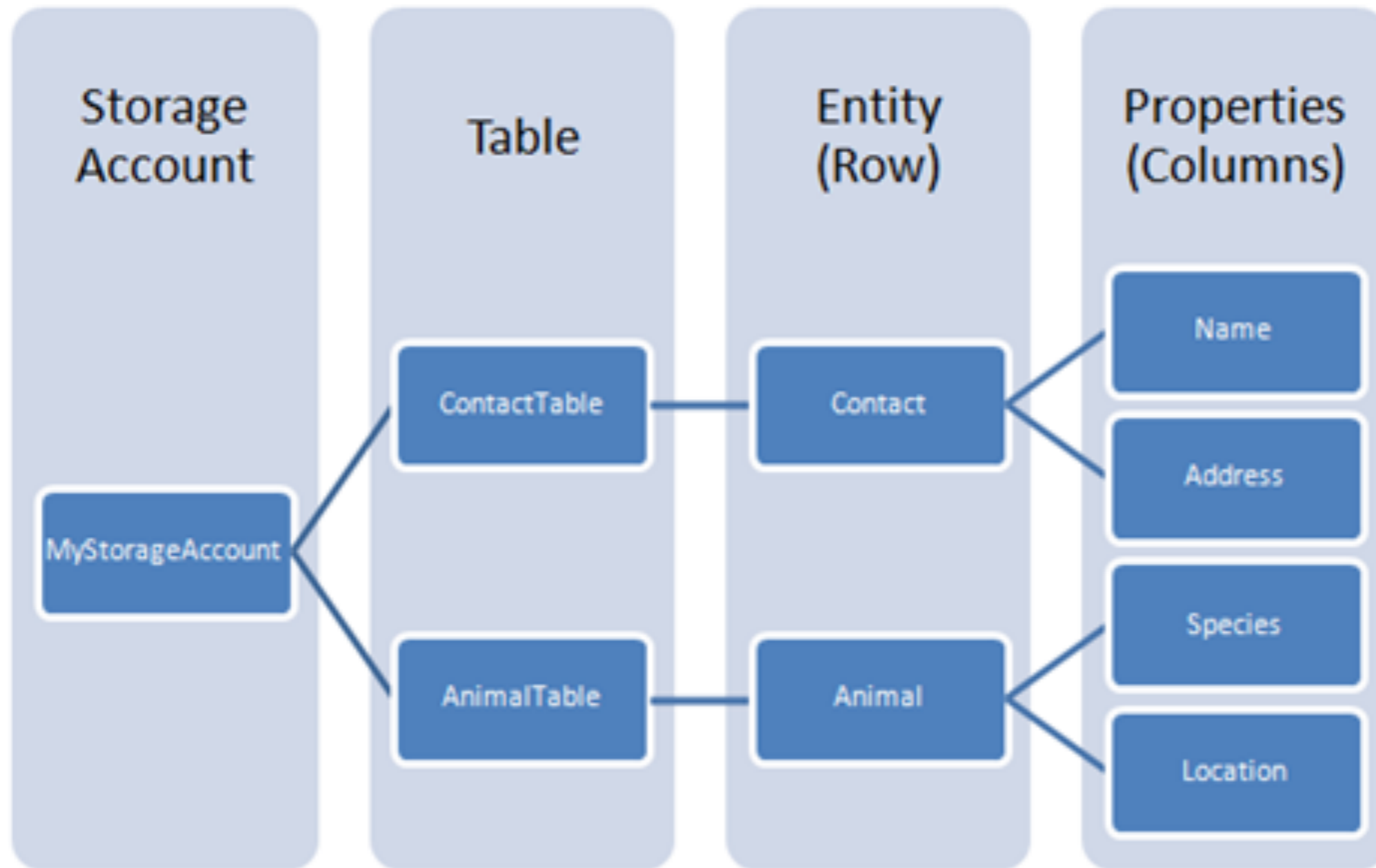


- ▶ data automatically replicated (3 comp.)
- ▶ access:
 - WA apps - .NET API
 - On-Premises apps - REST API

WA | DATA MANAGEMENT: TABLE STORAGE

- ▶ doesn't provide relational storage
- ▶ associative storage for objects
- ▶ simple but scalable
- ▶ less expensive than SQL Azure
- ▶ up to 1 TB

WA - DATA MANAGEMENT TABLES



WA | DATA MANAGEMENT: TABLE STORAGE TRANSACTIONS

- ▶ Only entities in same table and same partition group
- ▶ Both Rest and .NET CL API
- ▶ Requirements
 - Same PartitionKey Value
 - An entity can appear only once
 - up to 100 entities, up to 4MB

WA | DATA MANAGEMENT: BLOB STORAGE

- ▶ for unstructured binary data
- ▶ e.g. for storing video, images, data backup
- ▶ up to 1 TB
- ▶ Windows Azure Drives - use blobs for emulating persistent file system

WA - DATA MANAGEMENT | SQL AZURE

- ▶ cloud based analogy to SQL Server
- ▶ access
 - entity framework
 - ADO.NET
 - other familiar technologies
 - even from On-Premiss apps
- ▶ Only subset of data types
- ▶ XML-based format for data transfer

TASK 1 | BLOB STORAGE EXAMPLE

- ▶ Get solution from previous practice available on Edux
- ▶ Implement ISimpleStorage in order to save data into a file stored in Blob storage
 - Create CloudStorageAccount instance.
 - Implement getter Messages {get;}
 - Create instance of Cloud Blob Client
 - Get instance of particular CloudBlobContainer (if exists)
 - Get instance of particular CloudBlob (if exists);
 - Get content and convert it to List<string>, return.
 - Implement method AddMessage
 - Create instance of Cloud Blob Client
 - Get old content (using Messages {get;})
 - Create new content by adding actual message.
 - Get instance of particular CloudBlobContainer (if exists, if not create one)
 - Get instance of particular CloudBlob (if exists);
 - Upload new content into blob

TASK 2 | TABLE STORAGE EXAMPLE

- ▶ Implement `ISimpleStorage` in order to save data into a file stored in the Table Storage
- ▶ Implement getter Messages `{get;}`
 - ▶ Get collection of message entries using `Select()` method.
 - ▶ Prepare `List<string>` collection for output
- ▶ Implement method `AddMessage`
 - ▶ Use `AddMessage` method of data source

THANK YOU

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